The Jewish Chronicle

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AGENCY REJECTS PLAN

'Rights Denied in 85 Per Cent of Country'

The Jewish Agency Executive, which is meeting in Paris, has rejected the British-sponsored plan of the Anglo-American experts for the "Federalisation" of Palestine.

A statement has been issued setting forth the following reasons for the rejection of the plan:

The plan offers no independence, either to Jews or Arabs. Self-government in the province is illusory;

While depriving the Jewish people of their rights under the Mandate in 85 per cent of the country, the plan denies them the right to decide immigration policy;

The area of the alleged autonomous Jewish province is even smaller than the Jewish State proposed by the Royal Commission of 1937.

There is no finality in the plan, although it denies Jewish rights in 85 per cent of the country, while maintaining arbitrary British rule.

The first formal meeting of the Executive was held on Thursday of last week, under the Chairmanship of Mr. David Ben-Gurion.

The Executive discussed the desirability of convening, at the earliest possible moment, a larger body representing the Palestine Movement, which would have to consider the situation that had arisen during recent weeks. There was general agreement that such a step was essential, and the Executive had before it numerous requests from various Zionist bodies throughout the world, calling for the convocation of the Zionist Congress, or at least a plenary meeting of the Zionist General Council.

Early World Zionist Conference

After examining the technical details involved, the Executive found that the convocation of Congress would take considerable time and was, therefore, not practicable as decisions might have to be taken quickly. On the other hand, it was felt that a larger body than the General Council should be consulted, and that it would be better to organise a World Zionist Conference on the pattern of the London Conference last summer. It was decided to convene such a conference in Paris within two or three weeks.

In view of the grave situation, it was decided, in principle, to provide an opportunity for Zionist parties not represented on the present Executive to state their views. This does not mean that these parties will be invited to join the Executive, only that their representatives will be heard at the plenary Executive meeting. It is understood that this is intended primarily to permit full discussion with such parties as Aliyah Chadashah and Hashomer Hatzair, which have always opposed the Biltmore programme.

Members from America and Great Britain were deeply moved when they met their colleagues from Palestine, especially Rabbi Fishman, who, only a fortnight ago, was still in the Latrun detention camp.

The Executive met three times on Sunday and discussed five motions regarding immediate political steps that have to be taken. One of the decisions made, reports the J.T.A., was to convene a special meeting of the Zionist General Council at the end of August somewhere in Europe. The meeting, which most likely will take place in France, is expected to be attended by only about half the number of the members of the Council, as in view of the grave situation it is considered undesirable by the Executive that Palestine and other Jewish centres should be left without Jewish leaders at the present time.

Dr. Moshe Sneh, when asked to comment on the British White Paper of July 24, in which his name is mentioned, said that he had nothing to add to the statement issued by the Jewish Agency Executive on that British document.

Hagana Not Crushed

In reply to further questions, Dr. Sneh, emphasising that he was not speaking in any special capacity but simply as a Jew who had just come from Palestine, said he did not believe that the recent operations had crushed the Hagana.

Dr. Sneh said that he was unaware that he was wanted by the Palestine authorities as had been alleged in British newspapers.

Immediately after the Jewish Agency had announced its decision to reject the British plan, Dr. Nahum Goldmann, a member of the Executive, left by air for Washington.

A NEW YORK TIMES report from Paris that some members of the Jewish Agency Executive were inclined to accept the federalisation scheme proposed by the British and American experts, on the understanding that the British left Palestine within a year or two, have been denied by the Jewish Agency. The report caused some dismay among American Zionist leaders, who considered it was undermining their efforts in Washington.

POLISH JEWRY'S FIRST NEED

Farmers Want to Stay—But with Security

[*From our Correspondent*—PIOTROLESIE]

Over a million farmers have been transported from Eastern Poland to the new areas in the West since the Curzon Line became the new frontier with Soviet Russia. Among them were a number of Jews.

Some of the Jews had taken to farming during the depression and boycott of the early thirties. Others are the sons of Jewish soldiers who had served in the army of Tsar Nicholas the First, and were, as a reward, given land around Vilno, Pinsk, and other districts.

Here in Piotrolesie, near Rychbach, Polish Lower Silesia, there are a number of them. They have occupied some of the most modern German farms.

I visited a number of these farms, and I must admit that I never saw any better or more modern ones. The cows are milked by electrical machines, and most manual work, such as threshing and cutting, is done by machinery.

The farm houses are spacious, well arranged, and well furnished. There are well-laid-out gardens and orchards around almost every farm, the land is fertile and well-cultivated. Much of the labour is still done by Germans.

I asked these Jewish farmers directly whether they were happy and were determined to stay; or whether, as most Jews do, they plan to leave.

Liba Rajchman is the son of a Jewish farmer from near Vilno. He comes of a family of Jewish peasants. In Piotrolesie, he was given by the Government a farm of about 50 acres, which he is cultivating jointly with another Jewish family, relatives of his.

He owns four cows, two horses, a pleasant house, and well-kept modern farming machinery.

He is short of almost nothing to make life, as far as material things go, satisfactory. But he is not going to stay. Why?

In the farmyard I found his wife busy with some German women carrying the milk from the cow-shed. She had only one arm. I soon discovered the reason. She was travelling recently by bus when it was stopped by terrorists.

There were some policemen in the bus. A battle took place in which she was wounded and lost her arm. Now her husband has received a threatening letter telling him to clear out or "be shot."

They would very much like to remain, they declared. But her experience with the terrorists, the threats to her husband, and the general panicky

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TRUMAN AND THE PLAN

Awaiting a Decision

President Truman has not yet reached a decision on the plan of the British and American experts for the federalisation of Palestine, said Mr. Dean Acheson, Acting Secretary of State, at his press conference in Washington on Wednesday.

According to other information from the White House, the President will first deal with legislative business before turning his attention to the Palestine plan, which, it is emphasised, he has not already decided to reject.

At the President's request, the six American members of the Anglo-American Committee of Inquiry are in Washington for consultations, as are the three alternates of the Cabinet Committee who were recalled from London.

It is reported that at a meeting of both groups held on Wednesday, under the chairmanship of Mr. Dean Acheson, the U.S. representatives at the London conference undertook to prepare a plan to submit to the Cabinet Committee on Palestine this week.

The British Cabinet met on Wednesday, and it is believed that Palestine was discussed, but that no decision on policy was arrived at, pending a statement from President Truman.

1,800 WANT TO BE JEWS AGAIN

Some 1,800 Jews, converts to other religions under Nazism, have applied for readmission to the Jewish faith. About half will be successful, says Rabbi Alexander Rosenberg, religious liaison representative between the U.S. Army and the Jews in the American zone of Germany.

Medical facilities in some displaced persons' centres and Jewish Communities in the American zone are inadequate to care for both the displaced Jews and the newly-arriving "infiltrees," according to Dr. William Schmidt, a Joint Distribution Committee medical officer who has just concluded a tour of the American zone.

The Victims of Fascism Committee is conducting a medical survey among the Jews of Berlin.

CHRISTIANS & JEWS' NEW COUNCIL

To Promote Good Relations and Fight Racism

[*From our Correspondent*—OXFORD].

Representations to the Peace Conference in Paris on the safeguarding of human rights and fundamental freedoms, the creation of an International Council for the promotion of good relations between Christians and Jews, and the setting up of emergency machinery to combat the growing wave of anti-Semitism, especially in Europe, were among the decisions reached at the International Conference of Christians and Jews which met at Oxford last week.

The Conference was conducted in a spirit of measured optimism. Among all delegates there was the most cordial co-operation and appreciation of each other's position. It has proved an excellent opportunity for representatives of many countries to meet together and to compare methods of combating anti-Semitism.

The Conference was deeply concerned by the manner in which group tensions were aggravated to-day by the general feeling of insecurity and by fears of attack from totalitarianism in its various forms. Each of the religious communities represented—Roman Catholic, Jewish, Protestant, and Orthodox—were suffering persecution or restriction of rights in varying degrees in various parts of the world. Each group, it was felt, must unswervingly oppose attacks on any other group.

The Conference put on record its adherence to the principles of the Charter of the United Nations directed towards "the promotion and encouragement of respect for human rights and fundamental freedoms for all, without distinction of race, sex, language, or religion."

Elimination of Antagonisms

The International Council to be created will seek the co-operation of Christians and Jews throughout the world in social and cultural work and will aim at the elimination of religious and racial antagonisms. Its objects will include the encouragement of research into racial and religious problems.

The Conference fully recognised the existence of many other group tensions, but realised that the worst and the most urgent was anti-Semitism. That is why it is to set up a Committee to deal with the acute anti-Semitic position in Europe and the best means of combating it.

It was pointed out that among the chief reasons for regarding anti-Semitism as a race tension was the fact that history showed that attacks on Jewry were an attack on the fundamental principles of Judaism and Christianity on which ordered human society was based.

Moreover, it was made clear that anti-Semitism had been responsible for the death of almost six million Jews during the last decade. The Jew had been accepted too long as the traditional scapegoat. Furthermore, anti-Semitism had been used, and was still being used, by dictators everywhere as the spearhead of an attack on democracy.

The Conference also agreed on a resolution which drew attention to the tragedy of the displaced persons to whom humanity owed a responsibility which had not yet been discharged. It urged that every effort should be made to enable them to find new homes in which they could rebuild their lives in freedom, dignity, and security.

The meetings were fully representative and international in character. There were large delegations from Great Britain and the U.S.A. Other countries included Australia, South Africa, Canada, Switzerland, Sweden, Holland, France, Denmark, and

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"SWORD INTO PLOUGHSHARE"

New Settlement in Yishuv

A new Jewish ex-Servicemen's settlement was established last week in the Sharon plain near Raanana by a group of the Mechanical Company, Royal Engineers, who have adopted "Sword Into Ploughshare" as the name of the settlement, reports Palcor.

Many guests were present at the inaugural ceremony, including several American Jewish visitors now in Palestine, and the Assistant District Commissioner.

It was emphasised that the foundation of this new settlement was laid during a grave period for the Yishuv, and that the Jewish people were determined to achieve their goal no matter what the circumstances.

To the singing of Hatikvah, the ceremony concluded with the planting of the first trees and first ploughing by tractors.

JEWS EVICTED IN JERUSALEM

Homes and Offices Requisitioned

A fresh hardship was inflicted on the Jews of Jerusalem last week when Jewish premises were requisitioned for "security reasons."

After requisitioning nearly 50 Jewish shops opposite the police headquarters and offices on the first floor of the building which houses the offices of the District Commissioner, the authorities ordered the building of the Assicurazioni Generali, which faces the Russian compound, to be cleared at once. The new order means that about 100 Jewish lawyers and merchants may have to liquidate their offices and businesses as it is impossible to find new premises.

The Anglo-Palestine Bank has also received a requisitioning order and must vacate its building, which is equipped with the most modern apparatus including specially designed safes and concrete chambers.

Private homes situated near the residences of senior British officials or military commanders have been ordered to be cleared immediately.

The High Commissioner told a deputation of Jewish lawyers, who complained on Tuesday, that their practices had been seriously affected by the evictions, that the order could not be rescinded since the requisitioning was "essential as a minimum security measure deriving directly from the crime committed at the King David Hotel."

He regretted that the measure had caused inconvenience to law-abiding citizens and said he expected "Jewish institutions and funds to play their due part in the reaccommodation of those affected."

POLISH CATHOLIC BISHOP VAGUE ON BLOOD LIBEL

Priest Sacked for Condemning Pogrom

[*From our Correspondent*—WARSAW]

The voice of one more Polish Catholic Bishop is added to the number designed to swell and not calm anti-Jewish feelings.

The Bishop of Lublin, Wyszynski, told representatives of the local Jewish Committee that the Kielce pogrom was due to "the general dislike of Jews who have taken an active part in political affairs." He said that he had "nothing to add or to condemn."

Asked to comment on the false accusation that charges Jews with using Christian blood, the Bishop made the startling reply that not even the historic Beilis trial "failed to solve finally" this question. It is not clear what he meant by "solve finally."

Father Henryk Werynski, of Cracow, who had denounced the Kielce pogrom, was relieved of his post and barred from exercising ecclesiastical duties, according to a report published in the GAZETTA LUDOWA, organ of the Polish Peasant Party.

Father Werynski had delivered a sermon on the evils of anti-Semitism, branding the Kielce pogrom as an un-Christian outrage. He also pleaded for co-operation between the Church and the Government.

The edict stripping him of his duties was read from the pulpit in all churches by order of the Cracow Archbishop, Cardinal Adam Sapieha.

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HOTELS, BOARDING HOUSES, Etc.

BOGNOR REGIS. Argyle Hotel, Norfolk Square ('phone, 621). High standard of cuisine maintained, own chicken farm, early booking advised; under the supervision of Kashrus Commission.—Prop., Mrs. P. Simons.

BOGNOR REGIS. Romley, Albert Road ('phone, Bognor 1078). Private guest house, opposite sea front; home produce, eggs; chef cuisine; h. & c. bedrooms; all year bookings; kosher.—Mrs. R. Levy.

EASTBOURNE. Compton Court Hotel ('phones: Visitors, Eastbourne 4286; Management, 1733). Strictly Orthodox; lift, home comforts.—Under personal supervision, C. Panto and S. Tencer.

HOTEL ROYAL, Westgate-on-Sea, Kent ('phone, 170). Facing sea and gardens.—R. Smith.

MANCHESTER. Fulda's Hotel and Restaurant, strictly kosher, is now open at "Emscote," 84, Bury Old Rd. (nr. Halfway House), Manchester, 7 ('phone, CHE. 3841). All conveniences; h. & c. water, fires in every bedroom. Closed to non-residents on Shabbát.

NEWPORT, Fife, Scotland. St. Fort House Hotel (Newport-Fife 2359). Strictly kosher; our own dairy farm and garden produce; special diets catered for; nr. St. Andrews and Dundee.—Props., Mr. & Mrs. J. M. Lazarus.

THE ALEXANDRA CONTINENTAL HOTEL, 60 & 62, High Street, Shanklin, Isle of Wight. Now reopened under new management; bookings can now be accepted; spend your holidays in England's lovely garden Isle.

BLACKPOOL

AVON PRIVATE HOTEL, 418, North Prom., Gynn Square, Blackpool ('phone, N. Shore 512151; 'grams, Avon Gynn, B'pool). Blackpool's Jewish hotel on sea front; h. & c. all rms.; ex. cuisine; now booking.—S. Black.

BAYLE PRIVATE HOTEL, 322, North Promenade, Blackpool ('phone, 376). New and enlarged premises; billiards, smoking, and dining-rooms; facing sea; strictly Orthodox.—Mrs. R. Eisenberg.

BLOOMFIELD'S PRIVATE HOTEL, 16, General Street, Blackpool, N. ('phone, 3202). Now booking for the New Year. Excellent cuisine; h. & c. in all rooms.

BRERETON, 186, Promenade, Blackpool ('phones: 3095 and 183). Blackpool's largest and most up-to-date hotel.—Proprietor, M. Bowman.

19, BRIGHT STREET, Blackpool. Near South Pier; every comfort, the best of food and personal attention; terms moderate.—Reece.

CLIFF DENE, 3, Carshalton Road, Blackpool, N.S. ('phone, 1108). Strictly kosher; h. and c. water all bedrooms; 1 minute sea; just homely.—Mrs. D. Vincent.

GYNN PRIVATE HOTEL, Gynn Square, Blackpool ('phone, 52179). Key position overlooking sea; superior ultra-modern appointments; strictly Orthodox; Blackpool's best.—Mesdames F. Lagerman and V. Shevloff.

KINGSLAND HOTEL, North Promenade, Blackpool ('phone, North Shore 514221). Blackpool's most luxurious hotel; finest position on sea front; strictly Orthodox.—Lillian Lever.

NORWOOD, 21, Dean Street, Blackpool, S.S., opposite S. Pier ('phone, South Shore 41698). H. & c., cent. heat.; under personal supervision; ex. cuisine; own farm produce; accom. for 40; moderate charges.—Miss Rubins.

RANDOLPH HOUSE, 66, Reads Avenue, Blackpool Central ('phone, Blackpool 2843). Personally supervised by Mrs. M. Hyman (née Sammeroff, of Glasgow). Now booking for season.

SEACLIFFE PRIVATE HOTEL, 188, Promenade, Blackpool ('phone, 3029). Strictly kosher; facing Metropole Hotel; finest position on the sea front; now booking.—Proprietress, Mrs. A. L. Creme.

SHOWMAN'S PRIVATE HOTEL, 20, Gynn Avenue, Blackpool, N. ('phone, N.S. 52285). One minute sea; Orthodox; h. & c.; first-class food and every comfort assured; now booking.—Mr. and Mrs. H. Showman.

THE MOORINGS, 13, Gynn Avenue, Blackpool, N.S. H. & c. all bedrooms; home comforts; excellent cuisine; Orthodox; 1 min. sea; now booking.—Mr. and Mrs. R. Marcus, of Manchester.

BOURNEMOUTH

ALEXANDER, 21, Christchurch Road, Bournemouth ('phone, B'mouth 1392). Excellent Orthodox cuisine; dancing weekly; all conveniences; well positioned; close to sea, shopping centre, entertainments; now booking for the season.—Res. Man.: J. H. Sumroy.

AMBASSADOR, Bournemouth ('phone, Bournemouth 5454). Orthodox; East Cliff, facing sea; air conditioned; central heating; resident dance orchestra; lifts to all floors; few vacancies from last week of August.—Reservations Manager.

9, ASCHAM ROAD, Bournemouth ('phone, Bournemouth 2760). Bed and breakfast with evening meal; also furnished apartments with cooking facilities; vacancies for all dates.—Mrs. A. Haimovich.

AVON ROYAL HOTEL, 45, Christchurch Road, Bournemouth ('phone, Bournemouth 5203). 2 min. sea; h. & c. water; cent. heat.; dancing to Lou Simmons Orchestra.—Personal supervision of Mrs. Finch.

BROWNSWOOD HALL HOTEL, Southcliff Road, Bournemouth ('phone: Management 5050; Visitors 5661). The only kosher hotel on the sea front. A house of high standard; excellent cuisine and service; dancing to Sim Grossman's Music.

CARMEL HOTEL, St. John's Road, Boscombe, Bournemouth ('phone, Boscombe 2666). H. & c., central heating; 'phones all bedrooms; garages; strictly kosher.—Mr. and Mrs. I. M. Cymerman.

CHINE COURT, Boscombe Spa Road, Bournemouth ('phones: Management, Boscombe 615; Visitors, Boscombe 1320). Orthodox hotel close to pier and town centre; sunbathing balconies, tennis courts, private gardens.—Direction, Mr. and Mrs. M. Acker.

DEBONNAIRE PRIVATE HOTEL, 39, Sea Road, Boscombe, Bournemouth ('phone, Boscombe 328). Immediate bookings; every comfort; Orthodox; 2 minutes to sea.

EAST CLIFF MANOR HOTEL, Manor Road, Bournemouth ('phone, 5810; Bos. 1827). All bedrooms central heating, h. & c.; electric lift, night service; Orthodox; facing sea; sea-water now reinstalled on all floors.—Ada Cohen.

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FOR a good rest, good food, and homely atmosphere come to "Lewbess Guest House," 7, York Road, Bournemouth ('phone 4326). Strictly kosher; near sea and shops; h. & c. in all rooms.

GREEN PARK, Bournemouth ('phone, Boscombe 2280, 3 lines).—Under the direction of Mr. and Mrs. R. Marriott and Miss Helen Richman.

GROSVENOR COURT, St. Michael's Road, Bournemouth ('phones: Management, 2545; Visitors, 4913 and 4916). Excellent cuisine and service; strictly kosher.—Direction: Mrs. Betty Retter.

HOTEL MAJESTIC, Bournemouth ('phone, Bournemouth 5827). Under Beth Din; ultra-modern; ideally situated on East Cliff; excellent cuisine, resident band, swimming pool, tennis, etc.; 'phones in all rooms; modern ladies' hairdressing salon; vacancies latter part September; booking for High Festivals; terms on application.

LEBONVILLE, 48, Frances Road, Bournemouth ('phone, Bournemouth 11). Close sea, station, buses; h. & c.; homely atmosphere; excellent cuisine by experienced chef.—Prop., J. Schutan.

MADEIRA HALL, 3, Madeira Road, Bournemouth ('phone, Bournemouth 383). Orthodox; running h. & c. water all bedrooms; few minutes sea, Pavilion, all amusements, and shopping centre.—Miriam Lefcovitch.

MARIN COURT, 5, The Marina, Sea Road, Boscombe, Bournemouth ('phone, Boscombe 364). Facing sea; h. & c. water, central heating.—Under the personal supervision of Mrs. I. I. Moisa.

OXFORD GUEST HOUSE, 6, Frances Road, Bournemouth ('phone 3273). Ideally situated near sea, shops, station, shows; renowned for excellence of cuisine (strictly kosher); h. & c. and gas fires in all rooms; vacancies.—Dot and Benson Stieber.

PALM BAY HOTEL, Sea Road, Boscombe ('phones: Bos. 2170, 2 lines; Visitors, 2172). Some rooms with private bath and sea views; dancing weekly; children's play-room; moderate terms.

SPA HOTEL, Boscombe Spa Road, Bournemouth ('phones: Visitors, Boscombe 1415; Reception, Boscombe 1147). Excellent cuisine; electric lift; strictly Orthodox.—Personal direction of Mr. and Mrs. Maurice Guild.

THE MAYFAIR GUEST HOUSE, 26, Westby Road, Boscombe ('phone, 384). Kosher food, excellent service; h. & c.; every comfort; families catered for; five minutes sea.—Mrs. S. Russell.

TROUVILLE HOTEL ('phone, Bournemouth 7150, 2 lines). Large dining lounges and smoke rooms; lift, roof garden, radio, h. & c. in all rooms; garage; dancing in luxurious ballroom.—Under resident Jewish supervisor.

BRIGHTON

16, BELGRAVE PLACE, Brighton ('phone, Brighton 2875). 2 doors from sea front; homely but exclusive with excellent kosher cuisine; young people welcomed.—Under personal supervision, Mr. and Mrs. M. Hirschberg.

BRUNSWICK HOUSE HOTEL, 45, Brunswick Sq., Hove ('phone, Hove 2874). Modern and luxurious establishment; h. & c. all rooms; strictly Orthodox; night service.—Prop., Finns Hotel Ltd. Manager, S. Feldman.

COURT HOUSE, 3, Cavendish Place, Brighton ('phones: Visitors, Brighton 4016; Management, Brighton 4184). High-class Orthodox hotel; facing West Pier.—Manager, R. R. Sinclair.

FOURTH AVENUE, Hove ('phone, Hove 7313). Holiday accommodation in superior guest house; excellent food; minute sea.—27, Fourth Avenue, Hove.

18, LAWRENCE ROAD, Hove ('phone, Hove 5302). Kosher guest house; close sea; h. & c.; excellent cuisine; all home comforts.—Ray Moss.

JUST OPENED. New Imperial Hotel, First Avenue, Hove ('phone, Hove 1121, four lines). The largest strictly kosher hotel in Brighton and Hove; spacious public rooms; lift; h. & c. in all rooms; private suites; 'phones in all bedrooms; billiards room; large car park; restaurant open to non-residents.

KOSHER guest house near sea front in Brighton has very comfortable double room vacant for permanent boarders; excellent cuisine.—Address, 1,204, Jewish Chronicle.

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NEW LORRAINE (previously Hershman's), 11/13, Brunswick Terrace, Hove ('phone, Secretary, Hove 3141). This exquisite hotel is now under the management of Mrs. Dora Skolnik (formerly Young). Strictly kosher.

NORTHUMBERLAND HALL HOTEL, 62/64, Marine Parade, Brighton ('phone, Brighton 5398). Most select and up to date in Brighton; few yards Palace Pier; kosher; spacious lounges and dining rooms facing sea; open to non-residents; few vacancies available August and September.—Mr. and Mrs. H. E. Simons.

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SELBORNE HALL, 51, Selborne Road, Hove, 3 (facing 1st Avenue). ('Phone, Hove 1505.) Newly decorated; h. & c. water & electric fires all rooms; few minutes sea; bookings available; Orthodox.—Props. Mr. & Mrs. S. Gales.

STANMORE HOTEL, 16/17, Regency Square, Brighton ('phone, 199411). Orthodox; newly redecorated and refurnished; now open; caterers for all functions.—Proprietors, Mr. and Mrs. Ben Myers.

TALBOT HOTEL, 5/6, Regency Square, Brighton ('phone Brighton 5374). Kosher cuisine completely redecorated and modernised; bookings available; caterers for all functions; facing West Pier.—Under resident personal supervision of J. and F. Davis.

THE MANHATTAN GUEST HOUSE, 14, Cannon Place, Brighton ('phone, Brighton 2979), have a few vacancies for the younger generation only; excellent food, personal attention; hot and cold water in every bedroom.—Direction, Harold H. Bubley.

33, WESTBOURNE VILLAS, Hove, 3 ('phone, Hove 8145). Modern guest house, well furnished and appointed; excellent cuisine; every comfort, central heating; h. & c. w. all bedrooms.—Mrs. Dix.

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ACE of cuisine and comfort. The Grove, Lancaster Road, Harrogate ('phone, 434211). Strictly Orthodox, h. & c. and central heating throughout; beautiful gardens; home produce, eggs, poultry.—Mrs. Jack Mendel.

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SUNNY DAWN HOTEL, Promenade (opposite pier), Llandudno ('phone, Llandudno 7575). Excellent cuisine; Orthodox; all conveniences; now booking.—Mr. and Mrs. Clarrie Lee.

MARGATE

CUMBERLAND COURT, 24, Ethelbert Crescent, Cliftonville, Margate (Margate 1021). Facing sea; h. & c. water in all bedrooms; open all year; strictly kosher; now booking for summer holidays.—L. Spelsinger and S. Cohen.

ELLESMERE HOTEL, Dalby Square, Cliftonville, Margate. Well-appointed Orthodox establishment; constant hot and cold water; dining-room seating over 150.—Under the supervision of Mrs. P. Lefcovitch.

EMBASSY HOTEL, Surrey Road, Cliftonville, Margate ('phone, Margate 1127). Gas fires in bedrooms; central heating; now booking for Holy-Days.—Proprietors, Mr. and Mrs. S. M. Jacobs.

GREENVILLE HALL, 39, Harold Road, Cliftonville, Margate (Margate 1898). H. & c.; 1 minute sea; good cuisine; Orthodox.—Personal supervision of Mrs. B. J. Taylor.

SHAVINGTON GUEST HOUSE, 22, Norfolk Road, Cliftonville, Margate. Strictly kosher.—Proprietors: Mr. and Mrs. W. Mutzke.

STRATHSIDE, 23/25, Eastern Esplanade, Cliftonville, Margate, Kent ('phone, Margate 935). Now open; first-class private hotel in best position on sea front; open all the year round; non-Orthodox; book early to avoid disappointment.—Terms on application to Manager.

THE VALE HOTEL, Edgar Road, Cliftonville ('phone, Margate 1459). Small comfortable hotel, happy atmosphere; 40 bedrooms, h. & c.; weekly dances; two dining rooms; billiards; attractive lounge; kosher.

SOUTHEND AND WESTCLIFF

A HOLIDAY at the Westover, Cobham Road, Westcliff ('phone, Southend 45020), for comfort, rest, excellent cuisine, and enjoyment; now booking; two min. from sea and station; Orthodox.—Manager: L. Horne.

AVONDALE, 18, Palmeira Avenue, Westcliff-on-Sea ('phone, 446431). Strictly Orthodox; excellent cuisine; on sea front; 1 minute station; bookings now taken for September and the Holy-days.—Prop., R. Neufeld.

BERNICE, 14, Milton Avenue, Westcliff-on-Sea ('phone: Southend 46454). H. & c. in bedrooms; open all the year; now booking for September; reduced prices from October.—Proprietress: Mrs. E. Klein.

BLAKIES GUEST HOUSE, 31 & 33, Holland Road, Westcliff ('phone, Southend 45758). Facing sea; 1 minute from station; h. & c. w. in bedrooms; spacious lounge.—Props., A. and R. Blackman.

CHILLON, 35, Chadwick Road, Westcliff-on-Sea ('phone, Southend 49956). Exclusive guest house for people of taste; corner King's Road, situated on Chalkwell Pk. Estate; strictly kosher; h. & c. in all rooms; central heat.; spacious gardens; "Slumberland" mattresses; sea views; mod. terms.

CLOVELLY GUEST HOUSE, Palmeira Avenue, Westcliff-on-Sea ('phone, Southend 49344). Sea view; h. & c. in all bedrooms; open all year; now booking.—Proprietress, Mrs. M. Platman.

DORMARLEN GUEST HOUSE, 4, Manor Road, Westcliff-on-Sea ('phone, Southend 448841). One minute from station and overlooking sea; hot and cold water in bedrooms; strictly kosher.—Props., M. and S. Cooper.

ELM COURT PRIVATE HOTEL, 24, The Leas. Strictly kosher; excellent cuisine; h. & c. water and central heating all rooms; on sea front, close to station.—Personal supervision, Mrs. Kaye (proprietress).

GLEN HOTEL, Station Road, Westcliff ('phone, Southend 458071). Overlooking sea; Orthodox; 30 bedrooms; h. & c. water; dining-room accom. for 100; spacious lounges; weekly dancing; personal supervision Mr. and Mrs. Masters, formerly 10/12, Manor Road. Booking now.

MAZELDENE, 29, Cobham Rd., Westcliff-on-Sea ('phone, Southend 46656). Strictly kosher; under personal supervision of Mrs. Honickman (late of Cazenove Road); h. & c. water all bed.; 1 min. sea and stn.—Prop., J. Nelkin.

SPEND your holiday at "The Willow House." Two minutes from sea and station; bookings accepted for summer; excellent cuisine.—Proprietress: Mrs. D. Kleinman, 24, Britannia Road, Westcliff ('phone, Southend 45836). Weddings and Barmitzvahs catered for.

SUNNYSIDE, 9, Cobham Road, Westcliff-on-Sea. 2 mins. sea and station; h. & c. water in bedrooms; home comforts and good food; strictly kosher.—Mrs. F. Kay.

YORK HOUSE, 8, Seaforth Road, Westcliff-on-Sea. Kosher board residence, facing sea, 1 minute station; h. & c. in bedrooms, every comfort for happy holidays.—Mr. and Mrs. Steinberg.

SOUTHPORT

ARUNDEL PRIVATE HOTEL, 50/51, Promenade, Southport ('phone, 425611). Orthodox.—Crystal and Kaye.

FINKS PRIVATE HOTEL, 20, Bank Square, Promenade, Southport ('phone, 55156). Facing beautiful floral and rose gardens; excellent cuisine and service; Orthodox.

KEDASSIA HOUSE, 110, Leyland Road, Southport ('phone, 56250). 2 minutes prom.; strictly kosher; exclusive cuisine; h. & c. in all rooms; home comforts; vacancies from September onwards.—Management, Mrs. Y. Gevirz.

MIZPAH PRIVATE HOTEL, Victoria Street, Promenade ('phone, 551731). Orthodox.—Proprietress, Mrs. E. Small.

NEW BADEN HOTEL, 46, Promenade, Southport ('phone, 55116). Completely modernised and decorated; excellent cuisine; Orthodox.—Mrs. Stobler.

PALACE HOTEL, Birkdale ('phone, Birkdale 67901). Now open; reservations can be accepted if applied for immediately.

46, SOUTHBANK ROAD, Southport. Permanent and non-permanent guests welcome; Orthodox; private house; home comforts; reasonable charges.—Laddin.

SEABANK HOUSE, 6, Seabank Road, Southport, off Promenade, and Lord Street ('phone, 325411). From home to home; every comfort; Orthodox; personal supervision by Mesdames Harris and Canter.

SUN SPA, 13, Bath Street. Now open for full board or bed and breakfast; kosher establishment; h. & c.; 1 minute from sea, station, and Lord Street.—Props., Mr. and Mrs. Leon Lewis.

THE CLIFFORD HOTEL, 35/7, Bath Street, Southport ('phone, 341011). Early applications for season will oblige; Orthodox.—Mrs. Sophie Ollberg.

THE TARSHISH HOTEL, 10, Bank Square, Promenade, Southport ('phone, 551141). The oldest-established high-class Orthodox Jewish hotel in Southport; centrally heated throughout.—Proprietress, Mrs. S. Pressburg.

ST. ANNES-ON-SEA

AISHEL COURT, North Promenade ('phone, 1387). אשל Largest hotel in North; renowned cuisine and service; strictly Orthodox.

BENCLIFFE, 336, Clifton Drive North, St. Annes-on-Sea ('phone 1810). High-class kosher guest house; now accepting bookings; min. pier and centre of town; h. & c. all bedrooms; excellent cuisine.—Props., Mr. & Mrs. Levinson.

CHASELEY HOTEL (opposite Majestic) ('phone, 348). Book now for summer and autumn holidays; delightful cuisine.—Max Black, prop. (late of Blackpool). Strictly Orthodox.

ROSLYN PRIVATE HOTEL, 111, South Promenade, St. Annes-on-Sea ('phone, St. Annes 1488). Strictly Orthodox; sea views; h. & c. all bedrooms; "Haimische."—Prop., Mrs. H. Mendelson (late of Blackpool).

SEFTON COURT, North Prom. ('phone, 1162). High-class private hotel, facing sea; h. & c. in all rooms; excellent cuisine; car park.—Proprietors: Mr. and Mrs. H. E. Freedman.

TORQUAY

ARGYLL HALL HOTEL, Torquay (Torquay 2268). One of the finest positions with views of sea front; under supervision of Kashrus Commission.—Management: Mr. and Mrs. N. Cowen.

ROBIN HILL HOTEL, Torquay ('phone, Torquay 4247). Facing south; charming sea views; h. & c. and central heating throughout; farm produce; under supervision of Kashrus Commission.—F. Nagel, Manager.

SANDRINGHAM HOTEL, Torquay ('phone, Management 2379; Visitors, 333011). Leading Jewish hotel on English Riviera; ex. cuisine; under Kashrus Commission and Kedassia.—Prop., F. Hofmann; Manager, A. Leitner.

ABROAD

RESTAURANT JOHNNY MODERNE, Hotel Elisabeth, 4, Place du Centenaries, Knocke, Belgium ('phone, 610.91). Full board at moderate prices; first-class kosher cuisine; excellent service; h. & c. bathrooms; every comfort; advance booking essential.

SPA, BELGIUM. Hotel Tel-Aviv, Villa Clementine, Avenue Reine Astrid 55 ('phone, 418). Kosher; first-class restaurant; large garden; good cuisine; garage; open throughout the year.—Prop., Schiff-Zimet.

OSTENDE. Formerly Hotel Haim, now Hotel des Familles, 31 Rue Royale, Ostende, Belgium. Same proprietors as pre-war, Sara Finof and Freda Sarna; every comfort.

BOARD, ETC., WANTED

WILL any Orthodox family in London offer home with board for working girl (refugee), aged 16, for moderate remuneration.—Address, 1,195, Jewish Chronicle.

BOARD AND RESIDENCE

ACCOMMODATION in well-furnished modern house, meals optional; near bus and tube; terms moderate.—SPEedwell 5921, 42, Ridge Hill, Golders Green.

ACCOMMODATION, with board as required, for students, business, and professional people; all rooms hot and cold water and gas fires.—Mrs. G. Lipson, 10, Park Ave., Willesden Green, N.W.2. ('Phone: WILesden 3343).

ACCOMMODATION for business gentleman, bed and breakfast, with private family in large flat; open Maida Vale; all conveniences.—Address, 1,183, Jewish Chronicle.

COMFORTABLE bed-sitting room offered to business gentleman in modern house with conveniences; Willesden district, near bus stop and station; garage for use.—'Phone WILesden 3102.

SINGLE furnished bedroom, with full or partial board, in kosher house (near Hendon Central Station).—'Phone, HENdon 9628.

TWICKENHAM, Middlesex. 45, Lebanon Park. Large room (separate beds), suit two gentlemen out all day; breakfast, evening meal, and full week-end board; close to river and buses.

BUSINESS PREMISES, SHOPS, PROPERTY, ETC., TO LET OR FOR SALE

CLOSE Turnpike Lane Tube Station. Block of 5 superior bay-windowed villas, each containing 3 bedrooms, bathroom, 2 sitting, kitchen, and scullery, and let to one responsible tenant; gross rents £365 (outgoings £12); leases 39 years; price £1,850; high yield from reliable property in excellent position.—Richard Powell & Partners, 23, Coleman Street, E.C.2. ('Phone, MONarch 5575.)

COMPENSATION claims prepared, surveys and valuations made, estate management and rent collections undertaken by surveyor just released from Lands Branch, War Office.—J. Franklin, 20, Staverton Road, Brondesbury Park, N.W.2.

£4,000 for well-managed estate of 12 bay-windowed villas, Tottenham, each containing 6-7 rooms; gross rents £793; excellent tenants; outgoings £89; leases over 30 years; high-yielding investment.—Richard Powell & Partners, 23, Coleman Street, E.C.2. ('Phone, MONarch 5575.)

BUSINESSES WANTED

URGENTLY required businesses of all descriptions; write, representative will call.—Russell Gunton Ltd., 4, Broad Street Place, London, E.C.2. Also at Nottingham, Huddersfield, Kettering, and Colchester.

BUSINESSES FOR SALE

FOR SALE. Good long-established Jewish grocery and provisions, sweets, and tobacco business; fittings include National cash register, Berkel Auto-scale, etc.; good house attached, low rental; North-West coast.—Address, 1,212, Jewish Chronicle.

PRACTICE FOR SALE

SMALL long-established accountancy practice for disposal, and small insurance connection.—Address, 1,212, Jewish Chronicle.

INVESTMENTS, FINANCIAL AND PARTNERSHIPS

CAPABLE business woman seeks active partnership in genuine established business; must bear full investigation; strictly confidential; capital available, or would be prepared to purchase genuine business.—Address, 8,106, Jewish Chronicle.

PARTNERSHIP required in established manufacturing business (blouses or similar) by cutter just demobilised; capital available for any sound proposition.—Address, 1,161, Jewish Chronicle.

PARTNERSHIP or position required in hosiery manufacture; full Nottingham University diploma; pre-war contacts with machine and yarn suppliers; willing to invest.—Address, 1,229, Jewish Chronicle.

MOTORS, Etc.

LONG chassis cars urgently required for overseas transport; age unimportant, provided mileage low; typical example: a Rolls Royce dating from 1930, £750, one Austin from 1935, £500.—Write Mobile Units (Ambulance & Utility Conversions), Saltdean, Sussex. War Ambulancon, Rottingdean. 'Phone: Rottingdean 9686.

3½ Litre Rolls Bentley (ride control) saloon; stored long period; recently certified 99 per cent condition; £1,600; no offers; no agents; limousine considered in exchange.—Dr. M. (Rottingdean 9686), or Box 9,515, Jewish Chronicle.

EXCHANGE HOUSES AND/OR FLATS

DETACHED house; 3 bedrooms, large garden, N.W. district, for sale, in exchange for 2 bedroom flat in N.W. area, £3,000 or near offer.—Address, 1,233, Jewish Chronicle.

HOUSE exchange for flat; 3 bedrooms, 2 reception rooms, parquet flooring, usual offices, garage, large garden, freehold, £3,500, in Hendon, exchange for 4-room flat.—'Phone, FINchley 1996.

MISCELLANEOUS

DELICIOUS vintage cider and perry wine supplied in returnable 6, 10, 15, and 30 gallon casks; delivered anywhere; stamped addressed envelope for price list.—The Cotswold Cider Company, 11, Clarence Street, Gloucester.

MADAM JANE (late of Edgware) will be pleased to welcome her clients at "Guerney," Hair Stylist, (HAMpstead 3941.)

PLASTIC sheeting in stock, plain or beautiful patterns.—Write, 'phone, or call A. D. Wallis (Plasticians) Ltd., 214, High Road, N.W.10. (WILlesden 1902.)

THE Marika Agency, at 24, Notting Hill Gate, reopened; foreign girls for domestic service from abroad now available; country districts and children priority.

OTHER CLASSIFIED ADVERTISEMENTS WILL BE FOUND ON PAGE 4

THE
Jewish Chronicle
105th Year Established 1841

POST: INLAND 1½d. ABROAD ½d.

FOR ANNOUNCEMENTS OF
BIRTHS, MARRIAGES, DEATHS, PERSONAL, Etc.
The PREPAID Charge
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Forthcoming Events, 5/- a line.

All announcements must be authenticated by the name and address of the sender and should be addressed to THE MANAGER.

Advertisements cannot be accepted by telephone.

Family announcements intended for the current week's issue must reach the Office not later than first post on **Tuesday** (births and deaths only, by first post Wednesday), except holiday weeks, when special times are announced.

Only recognised quotations are accepted for inclusion in family announcements.

THE JEWISH CHRONICLE reserves the right to refuse to insert any advertisement, even though accepted and paid for, and to make any alterations which may be necessary in order to maintain the standards of this newspaper.

Cheques, Postal Orders, etc., should be made payable to THE JEWISH CHRONICLE, and crossed "Westminster Bank."

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Owing to continuing war conditions no increase can be permitted in the number of copies reserved for subscribers. Applications accompanied by payment will be filed, and as subscribers drop out applicants will take their place in rotation.

All communications should be addressed to:
THE JEWISH CHRONICLE,
30, HIGH STREET, HIGH WYCOMBE, BUCKS.
Telephone No.: High Wycombe 900.

THE LONDON OFFICES are at
88, CHANCERY LANE, W.C.2.
Telephone No.: CHAncery 6381/2.
Telegraphic Address: JAECHRON HOLB., LONDON.
MANCHESTER Office: Northern Assurance Building, Albert Square, Manchester, 2 (BLAckfriars 7567).

In view of the paper shortage, announcements of family events, etc., will be, until further notice, limited to **three separate announcements** in any one issue of the paper.

BIRTHS

ABRAHAMS.—A darling daughter (Marcia Avril) was born on Saturday, July 27, 1946, at Royal Free Hospital, to Jenny (née Glukstein), wife of Isaac Abrahams, 42, Millman Street, W.C.1.

ANDERSON.—On August 4, 1946, to Rita (née Signy), wife of Dr. Manuel Anderson, of 41, Coldwell Park Drive, Felling, Gateshead, 10, a daughter (Marian).

BLACKSTON.—On August 5, 1946, at Rosemary Ednam, Dudley, a son (Maximilian Maurice), to Olive (Rene) (née Rothe), wife of Monty Blackston, of 16, Woodstock Road, Moseley, Birmingham.

BLOOMENTHAL.—A darling daughter (Rosalind) was born to Shirley (née Sandler) and Ralph Bloomenthal, at St. Mary's Hospital on July 24, 1946. Great-grandchild for Mr. Berger, 4, Bury Old Road, Prestwich.

COHEN.—A son (Andrew Ian) was born on July 31, 1946, to Molly (née Zaidman), wife of Stanley Cohen, of 60, Windsor Road, Forest Gate, London, E.7 (first grandchild for Mr. and Mrs. B. Zaidman).

COLEMAN.—On July 24, 1946, a son was born to Mr. and Mrs. Coleman, of 52, Nightingale Road, Clapton, E.5.

ERNST.—On July 23, 1946, a daughter (Eva Jochebed) to Shifra (née Natanson), wife of Menahem M. Ernst, of 827, Sidcup Road, New Eltham, S.E.9.

GOLDWATER.—On August 4, 1946, at the Hayes Crescent Nursing Home, N.W.11, to Mimi (née Rose), wife of Barnet Goldwater, the gift of a darling daughter (Jennifer). (A sister for Suzanne.)

JACOBS.—On July 31, 1946, at Queen Charlotte's Hospital, London, W.6, to Peggy (née Renton), wife of Bernard Jacobs, of 77, Holland Park, W.11, a daughter.

KLEEREKOPER.—On Sunday, August 4, 1946 (Av 7), at St. Vincent's Nursing Home, Headstone Lane, North Harrow, to Lily (née Biber), wife of Joseph Kleerekoper, of 56, Manor Way, North Harrow, a daughter (a sister for Victor Samuel and Michael).

KLEIN.—A darling son (Barry Allen) (a brother for Michael) was born on Saturday, August 3, 1946, at the London Hospital, to Kitty (née Novgrod), dear wife of Max Isidore Klein, of 31, South Park Road, Ilford, Essex.

MICHAELS.—On July 30, 1946, to Evelyn (née Greek), wife of Sidney B. Michaels, 5, Gledhow Park Grove, Leeds, 7 (formerly of London), a son (Richard Andrew).

ROSS.—On August 2, 1946, at St. Mary's Hospital, Manchester, to Mr. and Mrs. A. Ross (Sophie Copeland), a son (a brother for Barry and ninth grandson for Mrs. I. Rosenthal).—9, Humphrey Street, Manchester, 8.

SCOTT (Oskotsky).—A darling daughter שרה רבקה (Susan Rebecca) was born on August 4, 1946, to Sadie (née Dula), wife of Moishe Scott, 36, Portland Avenue, N.16. First grandchild for Mr. and Mrs. Dula and Mrs. Oskotsky.

STIFFELMAN.—On Friday, August 2, 1946, to Pauline (née Kardonski), wife of Israel Siffelman, a daughter (פיינע פנינה) (a sister for David).

THIRER.—On August 3, 1946, a daughter (Beverley Greer Louise) was born to Jay, wife of Leonard Thirer, at Chelsea Hospital for Women, S.W.3.

VICTOR.—On July 27, 1946, a son was born to Ruth (née Simons), wife of Harry Victor, 78, Tanfield Avenue, N.W.2.

BARMITZVAH

GOLDSTEIN.—Harvey, son of Mr. and Mrs. J. Goldstein, of 142, Sheaveshill Avenue, Colindale, will read Maftir and Haftara on Saturday, August 10, 1946, at Eden Lodge, Kingsbury Green, Kingsbury, N.W.9.

GORODKIN.—Leonard Malcolm, only son of Mr. and Mrs. H. Gorodkin, of 31, Brookfield, Prestwich, will read Maftir and Haftara on August 10, 1946, at the Hilton Park (Shrubbery) Synagogue, Bury New Road.

Barmitzvah—(*Continued*)

INERFIELD.—Cyril Geoffrey, son of Mr. and Mrs. J. Inerfield, of "Hettyfield," Wilmslow Road, Didsbury, will read Maftir and Haftara on August 10, 1946, at the South Manchester Hebrew Congregation, Fallowfield. Kiddush after service at the Synagogue Rooms. American papers, please copy.

JOSEPH.—Lennard, younger son of Mr. and Mrs. David Joseph, of 15, Stanley Road, Salford, 7, will read Maftir and Haftata at the Higher Crumpsall Synagogue, on Saturday, August 17, 1946. A reception will be held on Sunday, August 18, 1946, at the Woodlands Hotel, Woodlands Road, Crumpsall, from 3 p.m. to 6 p.m. Individual invitations are not being issued.

ROTHFLEISCH.—Erich, youngest son of Mr. and Mrs. I. Rothfleisch, will read Maftir and Haftara on Saturday, August 10, 1946, at the Kinloss Gardens Synagogue. Kiddush at home after the service.—I. Rothfleisch, "Cloverside," Fitzalan Road, London, N.3.

SILVERMAN.—Maurice, younger son of Mr. and Mrs. D. B. Silverman, of 39, College Avenue, Maidenhead, will read Maftir and Haftara on Saturday, August 10, 1946, at the New Synagogue, Egerton Road, N.16.

SILVERMAN.—Harvey Sidney, only son of Mr. and Mrs. M. Silverman and eldest grandson of Mr. and Mrs. A. Cansevick, of 40, Glover Street, Leeds, and Mr. and Mrs. J. L. Silverman, of 8, Balmoral Road, Liverpool, will read a portion of the Law on Saturday, August 17, 1946 פ"ש עקב at the Talmudical Synagogue, Crimbles Street, Leeds.

ENGAGEMENTS

BIBER : MANELES.—The engagement is announced of Marian, only daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Solomon Biber, of 10, Edward Road, North Harrow, Middlesex, and 173, Brick Lane, E.2, to Henry, only child of Mr. and Mrs. Gustav Manceles, of 10, North Green, Sealand, Queensferry, Chester.

JOELSON : KAUFMANN.—The engagement is announced of Miriam, eldest daughter of Mr. and Mrs. A. Joelson, to Yizchok Karl Kaufmann, eldest son of Mr. and Mrs. Hugo Kaufmann (formerly Karlsruhe). Recc. on from 3 to 5.30 p.m. on Sunday, August 11, 1946, at 7a, Basing Hill, Golders Green, N.W.11.

ROSEN : BLOOM.—The engagement is announced of Montague, youngest son of Mrs. E. Rosen and the late Mr. S. Rosen, of 81, Meanwood Road, Leeds, to Minnie, elder daughter of the late Mr. and Mrs. I. Bloom, of 14, Louis Street, Leeds.

ROSS : SALOMON.—The engagement is announced of Irene, youngest daughter of Mr. and Mrs. H. Ross (Rosenberg), of 663, Chester Road, Sutton Coldfield, Birmingham, 23 (late of Swansea), to Gerald, elder son of Mrs. R. Salomon (née Cave), of 30, Willows Crescent, Birmingham, 12, and Mr. S. Salomon, of Elizabethville, Belgian Congo.

SYMONDS : WARTSKI.—The engagement is announced of Major Lewis David Symonds, son of Mr. and Mrs. D. L. Symonds, of Wembley Park, to Sheila, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. V. J. Wartski, and granddaughter of Mr. P. Wartski, of Durban, South Africa.

ZIMBLER-BLAIR : PINKUS.—The engagement is announced of Trudie, only daughter of Mr. and Mrs. A. Zimbler-Blair, of 54, Brent Street, Hendon, to Nat, only son of Mr. and Mrs. M. Pinkus, of Jerusalem, Palestinian papers, please copy.

FORTHCOMING MARRIAGES

FEIGENBLATT : NEWMAN.—The marriage will be solemnised on Sunday, August 11, 1946, at the West Ham District Synagogue, Forest Gate, E.7, of David, youngest son of Mr. and Mrs. I. Feigenblatt, of 6, St. Anne's Court, Wardour Street, W.1, to Sophia, daughter of Mr. W. Newman and the late Mrs. R. Newman, of 54a, Plashet Road, E.13.

HILTON : JACKSON.—The marriage of Dr. Julian M. Hilton to Dinah, younger daughter of Mr. and Mrs. C. Jackson, will be solemnised on Sunday, August 11, 1946, at Cricklewood Synagogue, Walm Lane, N.W.2, at 1.45 p.m.

SILVER WEDDINGS

HOPTON : BLACK.—On August 16, 1921, at North Manchester Synagogue, Jack Hopton to Beth Black.—Present address: "Rosemeade," 12, Bankend Lane, Huddersfield.

GOLDEN WEDDINGS

Mr. and Mrs. A. Abrahams, of 56, Princelet Street, E.1, have great pleasure in announcing their Golden Wedding, which will take place on August 11, 1946.

DEATHS

ASCHER.—On July 14, 1946, my dearly beloved husband, Max Ascher, aged 47, passed away with tragic suddenness. Sadly mourned by all relatives and friends.—Liesel Ascher, 143, Dartmouth Road, London, N.W.2.

BERGER.—On August 1, 1946, Rebecca, the beloved wife of David Berger, passed away. Deeply mourned by her heartbroken husband and children, Bess, Bernard, Joseph, Sidney, and Peter, brothers, sisters, sister-in-law, brothers-in-law, nephews, and nieces. May her dear soul rest in peace.—20, Apsley Crescent, Manningham, Bradford.

COHEN.—On August 1, 1946, at 46, Ormonde Street, Sunderland, Lasser Cohen, aged 82, formerly of 69, Harehills Avenue, Leeds. Deeply mourned by his sons, Hyman, Sam, and Eli Cohen, David, Leon, and Ralph Collins, daughters, Bertha Heilpern, Minnie Weiner (Southsea), Rachel Reuben (Bradford), sister, Hannah Barrett (Leeds), sons-in-law, daughters-in-law, grandchildren, brother-in-law, nephews, and nieces.

COHEN.—On July 31, 1946, Rebecca Cohen, aged 86, passed peacefully away. Deeply mourned by her son, Adolph, and daughter-in-law, Lily.—101, Whitechapel Road, E.1, and 187, Anson Road, Cricklewood, N.W.2.

COHEN.—On July 31, 1946, Rebecca Cohen, dearly beloved mother, passed peacefully away. Deeply mourned by her son, Harry Cohen, and daughter-in-law, Esther, of 41, Bullescroft Road, Edgware, and Jules, 6, Bank Parade, High Street, Edgware.

COHEN.—On Monday, August 5, 1946, Woolf Cohen, the dearly beloved husband of Leah and devoted father of Jack, Isaac (Ike), Annie (Mrs. Berbilleek), and Fay. Deeply mourned by his sorrowing wife, sons, daughters, son-in-law, grandson, relations, and a large circle of friends. May his dear soul rest in everlasting peace.—"Leawol," 29, Ashbourne Grove, Salford, 7.

COHEN.—On August 5, 1946, Woolf Cohen. Deeply mourned by his daughter, Annie, son-in-law, Bert, and grandson, Ronnie. May his dear soul rest in everlasting peace.—8, Castlemoor Avenue, Kersal, Salford, 7.

DENNY.—On Wednesday, July 31, 1946, Andrew Peter, aged 5 months, darling baby son and only child of Cyril and Phyllis (née Spector). Deeply mourned by his distracted parents, grandparents, aunts, uncles, relatives, and friends. Too sweet for this world, God took our treasure from us.—38, Highfield Gardens, N.W.11.

DUBOWSKI.—On July 27, 1946, Isaac Dubowski. Deeply mourned by his sister, Fanny, and children.—Mrs. Smelovitch, 228, Commercial Road, E.1.

GOLD.—On Tuesday, August 6, 1946, Nathan Gold, of 33, Westbourne Road, Luton, peacefully passed away. Deeply mourned by his sons, daughters, brother, sons-in-law, daughters-in-law, grandchildren, and great-grandson. Shiva at 5, Longfield Road, Ealing, W.5.

Deaths—(*Continued*)

JACOBS.—On Friday, August 2, 1946, at her home, 21, Queen's Court, Clifton, Bristol, after a long and painful illness bravely borne, Annie Jacobs (née Sacofs), the beloved wife of Simeon and darling mother of Pearl and Dennis. May our "Mummie" rest peacefully. For ever in our hearts.

JAFFE.—On July 30, 1946, after many months of suffering, Golda, beloved wife of Wolfe Jaffe. Deeply mourned by her Mechutanim, Mr. and Mrs. Rosenthal.—58, Wellington Street East, Salford.

JAFFE.—On Tuesday, July 30, 1946, Mrs. Golda Jaffe, dearly beloved Mechutenista of Mr. L. Mann and family. A dear, sweet soul. Deeply mourned and sadly missed by all.—20, Craigwell Road, Prestwich.

KOPPEL.—On Thursday, July 25, 1946, Joachim Koppel, aged 54, of 30, Church Mount, N.2. Deeply missed by his wife, children, mother, brother, sisters, relatives, and friends.

KORKLIN.—On July 25, 1946, Benedict, dearly loved son of Mr. and Mrs. Laz. Korklin, of 29, Beverley Road, Hull. Deeply mourned and sadly missed by mother, father, brothers, sister, sisters-in-law, relatives, and friends. May his dear soul rest in peace.

LANDSBERG.—On August 2, 1946, suddenly, Jack, the darling husband of Priscilla Landsberg. Deeply mourned by his heartbroken wife, daughter, sons, daughters-in-law, grandchildren, relatives, and numerous friends. His memory will ever remain.—Shiva at 28, Grand Avenue, Hassocks, Sussex.

LEFCOVITCH.—On Wednesday, July 31, 1946 (Av 3, 5706), Reuben (Rube), dearly Beloved son of Nathan and Miriam Lefcovitch, Madeira Hall, Bournemouth. Deeply mourned by his grief-stricken parents, brother, Louis, sister, Fae, brother-in-law, Jack, sister-in-law, Lily, relatives, and a wide circle of friends. His indomitable courage and unflagging spirit will ever be an imperishable memory enshrined in the hearts of all who knew and loved him.

LEVINE.—On August 1, 1946, Kate Levine, beloved mother of Ethel, Jennie, and Ann. Sadly missed by daughters, son-in-law, grandchildren, brothers, sisters, relatives, and friends.—15, Vernon Road, Edgbaston, Birmingham.

LEVY.—On July 28, 1946, Samuel Levy, dearly beloved husband of Rose and darling "Daddy" of Louise. Deeply mourned.—13, Oakfield Gardens, Newcastle-on-Tyne.

LEVY.—On July 28, 1946, Samuel Levy, dearly loved brother of Florrie, Joe, and Julius, brother-in-law of Sam Tavroges and Abe Monaet. Deeply mourned also by his nephew and nieces.—14, Bemersyde Drive, Newcastle-on-Tyne, 2.

PATERSON.—On Wednesday, July 31, 1946, at "Ellerslie," Station Road, Broxbourne, Bessie Paterson, beloved mother of Ada, Sophie, and Dorothy. Deeply mourned by her heartbroken and devoted daughters, sons-in-law, and grandchildren. May her dear soul rest in everlasting peace.

PESTON.—On July 21, 1946, Yetta, wife of Abraham Peston, passed peacefully away. Deeply mourned by her husband, sons, daughters, mother, sister, relatives, and friends.—23, Bayston Road, N.16.

PHILLIPS.—On Wednesday, July 24, 1946, in Leeds, after a long illness bravely borne, Philip Barnett Phillips (late of Durham), beloved husband of Olga Phillips. Deeply mourned by his wife, son, daughters, and grandchildren.

REID.—On Sunday, August 4, 1946, at 22, Tyrone Road, Thorpe Bay, Essex, Maurice Sydney Reid, dearest beloved husband of Phyllis (née Marsden) passed away suddenly. Deeply mourned by his broken-hearted wife and darling sons, dear parents, sisters, brothers, and relatives-in-law.

ROCHMAN.—On July 24, 1946, at 24, Torbay Mansions, Willesden Lane, N.W.6, Simeon Benem Rochman, beloved husband of Eugenie, passed peacefully away. Deeply mourned and sadly missed by his wife, sons, sisters, relatives, and friends. May God rest his dear soul.

SCHWARTZ.—On August 4, 1946, Lily Schwartz, beloved wife of Solomon. Deeply mourned by her husband, sons, daughter, daughters-in-law, son-in-law, and grandchildren.—80, Cambridge Road, Kilburn, N.W.6.

SCOTT.—On August 1, 1946, suddenly, Hyam Scott, adored husband of Jennie and beloved father of Sydney and Harold.—Hendon Hall Hotel, London, N.W.4. Australian papers, please copy.

SMITH.—On Tuesday, August 6, 1946, with tragic suddenness, Ben, Smith, aged 66, dearly beloved husband of Lily. Deeply mourned by his wife, sons, David and Harold, daughter, Betty, daughter-in-law, son-in-law, and grandchildren. May his dear soul rest in peace.—15, Clifton Court, Maida Vale, N.W.8.

SMOLENSKI.—On Wednesday, July 31, 1946 (Av 3, 5706), Colman Smolenski passed peacefully away. Sadly missed by his heartbroken wife, Fanny, sons, daughters, sons-in-law, daughters-in-law, grandchildren, sisters, brother, relatives, and friends. He will always be remembered. May his dear soul rest in everlasting peace.—152, Bury New Road, Manchester, 8, Lancs. American papers, please copy.

SOVINSKY (Sovin).—On August 6, 1946 (Av 9, 5706), Jacob, dearly beloved husband of Fanny. Deeply mourned by his wife, sons, Joseph, Isaac, and Benjamin, daughters, Leah and Eda, daughter-in-law, sons-in-law, grandchildren, relatives, and friends. May his dear soul rest in everlasting peace. Shiva at 47, Preston Road, Westcliff-on-Sea.

WEINGOTT.—On July 25, 1946, Alice Weingott, dearly beloved wife of Michael and darling mother of Freda, Bilah, and Harry. Shiva ended August 1, 1946, at 58, Sidney Street, London, E.1.

IN MEMORIAM

BAKER.—Fondest remembrance of my dear mother, Yetta Baker, who died August 2, 1944 (Av 13, 5704). Sadly missed by her daughter, Gertie.—106, Albert Avenue, Prestwich, Manchester.

BAKER.—In unfading and loving memory of our dear mother, Yetta Baker, who passed away Av 13, 5704 (August 2, 1944). Ever remembered by her son, John, and daughter-in-law, Freda.—64, Brooklands Road, Prestwich, Lancs.

CRAMER.—In affectionate remembrance of Herman Isaac Cramer, who entered into eternal rest Av 9, 1907. Ever deeply mourned by his wife, Rebecca Amelia, daughter, Jennie (Mrs. Harry Hyman), and his posthumous son, Herman Isaac Cramer.

DEFRIES.—In loving memory of Henry, late of 10, Sackville Road, Hove, who passed away August 8, 1944. Greatly missed by his sorrowing wife and daughter, Betty.

DEFRIES.—Loving memories of "Dad" (late of Hove), who passed away August 8, 1944. Always remembered by his daughter, Anne, son-in-law, Joe, and grandchildren.—Moss, 154, Deans Lane, Edgware.

DICKSON.—In ever loving memory of Woolf Dickson, who passed away Av 14, 5689 (August 20, 1929). Deeply mourned by his sorrowing sister, Sarah.—20, Widegate Street, E.1.

FREEMAN.—On July 18, suddenly while on holiday, Philip Freeman, of 4, Castle Par, Belfast (late of Glasgow). Deeply mourned by his wife, son, brother, sisters, and all the family.

In Memoriam—(*Continued*)

HANDEL.—Loving memories of Maurice Handel, who died August 8, 1941, dearest husband of Rose, and darling "Daddy" of Hazel and Harold. For ever in our hearts.

HARRIS.—In loving memory of our dear husband and father, Henry Harris, who passed away July 29, 1944. Sadly mourned by his wife, Mildred, sons, daughters, sons-in-law, daughters-in-law, grandchildren, relatives, and friends. May his dear soul rest in peace.

HAYMAN.—In loving memory of our dear parents, Ethel, who passed away August 9, 1943, and Max (Michael) Hayman, of Dublin, September 12, 1943. Always remembered by their children, daughters-in-law, sons-in-law, and grandchildren.

ISAACS.—Treasured memories of our adored husband and father, Joseph Isaacs, who died July 28, 1929.—Ray Isaacs, sons, and daughters.

KANARECK.—In loving memory of Mrs. Sarah (Sally) Kanareck, who passed away on August 6, 1935. Always in the memory of her husband, children, relatives, and friends.—Dr. and Mrs. H. Yarrow, Hemel Hempstead.

KASTELIAN.—In constant remembrance of our beloved only son, Dr. Julian Kastelian, M.B., B.S., M.R.C.S. (Eng.), L.R.C.P. (London), on this his birthday, August 11, who died on December 29, 1938, at the age of 23.—Parents and sister, Patricia.

LEVER.—In loving memory of Leonard Lever, who passed away August 7, 1945. Sadly missed by his sorrowing wife, daughter, Dorothy, sons, Jack, Stanley, and David, and granddaughter, Linda.

LEVIN.—In loving memory of our beloved husband and father, Julius Levin, who passed away August 6, 1936 יב' לחש' אב. Deeply mourned by his sorrowing wife, Dinah, daughters, Ethel and Bek, sons-in-law, and grandchildren. May his dear soul rest in peace.—97, Amhurst Road, E.8.

ROCHLIN.—In memory of our dear wife and mother, Celia Rochlin, who passed away Av 13, 5702 (July 26, 1942). Always in our thoughts. Israel and sons, daughters, sons-in-law, daughter-in-law, and granddaughter.—137, Conduit Road, Bedford.

SHOOTER.—In loving memory of Esther, who passed away August 2, 1944. Sadly missed by her husband, Mark, daughter, Lily, sons, Hubert and Sam, son-in-law, Sam, daughter-in-law, Sonia, grandson, Derek. Always in our thoughts.—85, Balfour Road, Ilford.

SHOOTER.—In everlasting memory of our darling daughter, Lily Shooter (née Bernbera), who passed away Av 11, 5702. Always in our hearts. Sadly missed by her parents, only child, Barbara, sisters, and brothers-in-law.—74, Ingleby Road, Ilford.

WINTER.—In ever grateful and affectionate memory of "Uncle Jack."—From Jenny, Ida, Joe, and Harry.

ZIGMOND.—In proud and treasured memory of our dear husband and father, John Zigmond, who passed away August 12, 1945. Loved and respected by all.—"Brancombe," Hollybush Road, Cyncoed, Cardiff.

MEMORIAL STONES

SUNDAY, AUGUST 11

CAZIN.—The memorial stone in memory of the late Leah Cazin will be consecrated at Marlow Road Cemetery, East Ham, on August 11, 1946, at 2.30 p.m.

GILBERT.—A tablet in memory of Sydney Gilbert, **killed in action** February 10, 1945, will be unveiled at Rainsough Cemetery, on Sunday, August 11, 1946, at 4 p.m.—12, Jesmond Avenue, Prestwich.

PHILLIPS.—The memorial stone in loving memory of our dear father, Eleazer Phillips, will be consecrated at Marlow Road Cemetery, East Ham, on Sunday, August 11, 1946, at 4 p.m. Will relatives and friends kindly accept this as the only intimation.—210, Manor Place, Walworth, S.E.17.

STOLERVITSKY.—The consecration of the memorial stone in loving memory of Samuel Mordechai Stolervitsky, our beloved husband and father, late Warden of the Artillery Lane Synagogue, will take place at Edmonton Cemetery, on Sunday, August 11, 1946, at 3.30 p.m.—41, Artillery Lane, Bishopsgate, E.1.

THORPE.—The memorial stone in loving memory of Miriam Thorpe will be unveiled at Blackley Cemetery on Sunday, August 11, 1946, at 12 noon.—101, Halliwell Lane, Manchester, 8. This is the only intimation.

SUNDAY, AUGUST 18

GOLDAPPLE.—The tombstone in loving memory of the late Mrs. Julia (Golda) Goldapple will be consecrated on Sunday, August 18, 1946, at 4.30 p.m. at East Ham Cemetery.

GUDERLEY.—The memorial stone in loving memory of the late Henry Guderley will be consecrated at Marlow Road Cemetery, East Ham, on August 18, 1946, at 5 p.m.—11, Rusper Court, Clapham Road, S.W.9.

Continued on next page

A wine that aids your return to normal fitness

★

PHOSFERINE
TONIC WINE

PERSONAL

The sisters and brother (Mrs. Kershner, Mrs. Lazarus, and Mr. Alec Hamburger) of the late Louis Hamburger sincerely thank relatives and friends for their kind visits and messages received in their bereavement.

We, the sons, daughters, and the whole family of the late Mrs. Cecilia Bella Lewin, of 49, Cambridge Court, N.16, desire to extend our sincere thanks to the clergy of the New Synagogue, Egerton Road, and the Mile End and Bow District Synagogue, also to all relatives and friends, for the many visits, letters, telegrams, and cablegrams received in our sad bereavement.

Mr. S. Offenheim and daughters sincerely thank visiting clergy, relatives, and friends for their expressions of sympathy in their sad bereavement.—14, Hodford Road, N.W.11.

The family of the late Simon Summerfield, of Gateshead, wish to thank relatives, friends, clergy, and organisations for their visits, letters, telegrams, and kind messages of sympathy received in their sad bereavement.

The Association of Federation Ministers (Readers) begs to tender heartiest congratulations to their colleague, the Rev. B. Feldinger, on his taking up official duties as Reader/Shochet of the St. Annes-on-Sea Congregation. —The Rev. A. Gotlob (Chairman).

Ft. Lt. and Mrs. Cramer wish to thank relatives and friends for presents and good wishes received on the occasion of their marriage.—33, Parke Road, Barnes, S.W.13.

Mr. Sidney Eversley, solicitor, of 41, Portland Avenue, London, N.16, formerly in practice at 202, Bishopsgate, E.C.2, under the style of S. Eversley & Co., having been released from Military Service, has resumed practice at 15, Gt. Marlborough Street, W.1.

Hampstead Garden Suburb Synagogue.—Captain L. L. Franks, the late Acting Secretary, expresses his warmest thanks to all who participated in the testimonial presented to him.

Actor-vocalist, 30 years' stage experience, will give free audition to amateur singers with view to comprehensive training.—Write Ernest Page, Wigmore Hall Studios, Wigmore Street, W.1. Under the patronage of Dennis Noble, world-famous baritone.

Would outworkers making up clothing who wish to manufacture on their own account please contact Box 1,306, Jewish Chronicle.

Avant Galleries, Ltd., will pay best prices for fine quality secondhand furniture.—Write to, or call at, 169/173, Tottenham Court Road, London, W.1, or 'phone, EUSton 4667.

Don't let spots bother you. Dirty marks instantly removed with a few rubs of DABhoff. Convenient non-spill cleaning pad fitted in every bottle outlasts cleaning fluid. 1/9 everywhere. Chemo-Plastics, Ltd., 59/60, Old Bailey, E.C.4.

"My Hat! I must remember to send it to GUY'S." Felt hats in large quantities are still one of our needs.—Appeal Secretary, GUY'S HOSPITAL, London, S.E.1.

See you at Feld's for lunch. They are at 128, Whitechapel Road, E.1, and are under Kashrus Commission supervision. Their 'phone nos. are Bis. 7736 and 6466.

Whisky, Gin, Foreign and British Liqueurs and Wines, Champagnes, Cocktails, etc.—St. George's Vineries Ltd. at 76/78, George Street, Baker Street, W.1, can supply all your requirements. Price list on application.—'Phone, WEL. 3819.

EDUCATIONAL

THE
LONDON COLLEGE OF MUSIC

Great Marlborough Street, Regent Street, W.1
DIRECTOR: DR. H. BROMLEY-DERBY, M.V.O.
PRIVATE TUITION AT MODERATE FEES IN PIANO, SINGING, VIOLIN, ORGAN, ELOCUTION, ETC.
PUBLIC EXAMINATIONS IN MUSIC AND ELOCUTION HELD IN APRIL, JULY, AND DECEMBER
TEACHING PROSPECTUS OR EXAMINATION SYLLABUS ON APPPLICATION TO THE SECRETARY
'PHONE: GER. 6120

BARMITZVAH coaching, or Hebrew lessons for all ages and grades, by experienced Hebrew teacher; Englishman with highest diplomas; all London districts.—Address, 1,235, Jewish Chronicle.

BUSINESS OPPORTUNITIES

ALL manufacturers desiring to export to S. Africa are invited to correspond with London buying agents, Selworth Co. Ltd., Export Dept., Harlesden Gardens, N.W.10.

COMMUNAL NOTICES

קה"ק כנסת ישראל
UNITED SYNAGOGUE

GREAT SYNAGOGUE
Duke's Place, E.C.3

PREACHER to-morrow (Sabbath), the Rev. Dr. B. Joseph, B.A.

HENDON SYNAGOGUE
Raleigh Close, N.W.4

READER this (Friday) evening, and to-morrow (Sabbath), the Rev. Jacob Renser. Preacher to-morrow (Sabbath), the Rev. Alexander Carlebach, of Golders Green Beth Hamedrash.

FINCHLEY DISTRICT SYNAGOGUE
Kinloss Gardens, N.3

PART-TIME Beadle required.—Apply in writing to the Secretary.

GOLDERS GREEN HEBREW & RELIGION CLASSES
Dunstan Road, N.W.11

TEACHER required; classes meet Sundays, 10 a.m. to 12.30 p.m.; Tuesdays and Thursdays, 5.30 to 6.30 p.m. —Apply Secretary.

NORTH-WEST LONDON SYNAGOGUE CLASSES
71, Caversham Road, N.W.5

ASSISTANT teacher required for beginners' class; Sun., 10 a.m. to 1 p.m., Mon. and Wed., 5.30 to 7 p.m.—Apply Headmaster.

NOTTING HILL SYNAGOGUE

BAAL SHACHRIS and Baal Tokea required for High Festival.—Write Mr. H. Crown, Warden, 10, St. Luke's Road, Notting Hill, W.11.

COLLECTOR and Beadle required.—Write, stating age and qualifications to Secretary, 75/77, Audrey House, Ely Place, Holborn, E.C.1.

CROYDON HEBREW CONGREGATION

BAAL MUSAF required by the above Congregation for the forthcoming High Festivals.—Apply, the Secretary, 26, Beech House Road, East Croydon, Surrey.

EDGWARE ADATH YISROEL CONGREGATION (SYNAGOGUE AND HEBREW CLASSES)
21, St. Margaret's Road, Edgware

APPLICATIONS are hereby invited for the post of Rabbi to our Congregation. Candidates must possess Semicha and be able to preach in Yiddish and in English as well as to teach in English. An aggregate of £10 per week (including comfortable accommodation) is offered.—Please send applications, with copies of Semicha, to the Secretary, address as above, before September 1, 1946.

JEWISH SECONDARY SCHOOLS
Avigdor High School

MASTER required for mathematics and science.—Apply Secretary, 65-69, Lordship Road, N.16.

EDINBURGH HEBREW CONGREGATION

A VACANCY has arisen for the post of Second Reader, Senior Teacher, and Shochet. A suitable house will be provided.—Applications, stating particulars and salary expected, should be sent to the Hon. Secretary, Synagogue Chambers, Salisbury Road, Edinburgh.

MERTHYR TYDFIL HEBREW CONGREGATION

APPLICATIONS are invited for the post of Chazan Shochet, etc., to the above Congregation. Salary £520 per annum.—Apply, B. Hamilton, 8, Glebeland Street, Merthyr Tydfil.

PETERBOROUGH JEWISH INSTITUTE
HIGH HOLY-DAY SERVICES

APPLICATIONS invited for officiant for the High Holyday services for small Community; good remunerations and expenses offered.—Apply, by letter in first instance, to Hon. Sec., Mr. H. H. Thomas, 80, Harris St., Peterborough.

UNITED HEBREW CONGREGATION, LEEDS

A VACANCY exists for a Minister to the above Congregation. Salary according to ability and experience.—Applications with testimonials and full particulars should be sent to the Secretary, 98, Chapeltown Road, Leeds, 7.

WOLVERHAMPTON HEBREW CONGREGATION

REQUIRED, Minister, combining duties also of Shochet, Teacher, and Secretary (part-time); salary £400 per annum.—Apply to the Hon. Secretary, Maurice J. Middleweek, 8, Pinfold Lane, Penn, Wolverhampton.

PUBLIC NOTICES

TAKE NOTICE that by a Deed Poll dated the 2nd day of August 1946 James Lefco of 28 St. Marks Street Stepney in the County of London a natural born British subject renounced and abandoned the surname of Lefkovich.

DATED the 2nd day of August 1946.

RONALD FLETCHER & CO.,
1, Laurence Pountney Hill,
Cannon Street, E.C.4.
Solicitors for the said James Lefco.

SALES BY AUCTION

Under Instructions to sell BY AUCTION WITHOUT RESERVE on **WEDNESDAY, AUGUST 21, 1946, at 12 NOON PROMPT**

200 Singer Sewing Machines (factory type), 132 K 7, 21 W 160, 16 K 33; 50 Singer Patching Machines, 29 K 31; 60 Jones Flat Machines and Benches; Sectional Benching, Motors, Stools, 150 Ever Taut Chairs, Adding Machines, etc., at 24, HOLBORN, LONDON, E.C.1 (opposite Gamage's).

Auctioneers: HAMILTON PALMER & JUNIOR. ('Phone: HOLborn 7391.)

Machines have recently been dismantled for convenience of sale and are now on view at this address. All guaranteed in good working order. Quantity at bidders option. Catalogue 2½d.

979, FINCHLEY ROAD, GOLDERS GREEN, N.W.11

WELL-Made furniture and effects, including Jacobean style, oak dining-room furniture of buffet, dining table, set of 5 chairs and an arm-chair in brown hide; overstuffed three-piece suite in green figured silk Brocatelle; bedroom suites in mahogany and walnut, fine figured mahogany cocktail cabinet; an H.M.V. radiogram, all-wave, electric model; carpets, ornamental items, books, and kitchen sundries, etc.

MAPLE & CO.

will sell the above by public auction on the premises on Monday, August 19, 1946, at 11 a.m. On view Saturday, August 17, 9.30 a.m. to 4 p.m. Catalogues (3d. each) from the Auctioneers: Maple & Co. Ltd., Tottenham Court Road, W.1, and 5, Grafton Street, Old Bond Street, W.1. (REGent 4685.)

FURNITURE FOR SALE OR WANTED

AS new, brown leather suite (3-seater settee), modern, £175; also 12 ft. by 9 ft. Turkey pattern carpet, £65; and bathroom cabinet with cork-lined folding seat, enclosed and shaving flap, £10.—'Phone, FINchley 0697, Mrs. Morrison, 14b, Grosvenor Road, Finchley, N.3.

SITUATIONS VACANT

COMMUNAL

JEWISH EDUCATION BOARD FOR MANCHESTER AREA
Cassel-Fox School

WANTED. Teacher to take charge of nursery, Burnham Scale.—Apply Headmistress, Cassel-Fox School, Upper Park Road, Salford, 7.

QUALIFIED kindergarten teacher immediately required as supervisor of Orthodox day nursery in London.—Apply, stating age, qualification, and experience, with copies of testimonials, to Box 1,218, Jewish Chronicle.

REQUIRED. Assistant master for French and general subjects (residential) for co-educational boarding school near London.—Address, 1,186, Jewish Chronicle.

PROFESSIONAL

RECEPTIONIST required by doctor in St. John's Wood area.—Address, 1,227, Jewish Chronicle.

UNIVERSITY OF CAMBRIDGE. The Faculty of Oriental Languages intend to appoint a University Lecturer in Rabbinics from October 1, 1946; candidates are invited to write for further particulars to the Secretary, the Faculty Board of Oriental Languages, Milton House, Milton, Cambridgeshire.

COMMERCIAL

CAPABLE and experienced manager-buyer required for organising of retail silk and woollen business; attractive interest given to right applicant, who must be able to obtain the necessary supplies; replies will be treated in strict confidence.—Address, 1,231, Jewish Chronicle.

CLERK (female), with some experience of National Health Insurance, required at London Office of Approved Society; also junior clerks.—Applications to be addressed to the General Secretary, 46, Commercial Road, E.1, marked "Private."

DESIGNER and pattern cutter for medium gowns; large modern factory; only one capable of commanding top salary need apply to Mills & Tapper Ltd., Tower House, 52, Commercial Road, E.1. ('Phones, Royal 2838 or 4905.)

JEWISH cook wanted at once, good wages, sleep in.—Apply Palmerston Hotel, 3, The Leas, Westcliff-on-Sea.

LBRICKMAN LTD. require the services of a fully-competent dress designer and cutter; the position offered is only for applicants who can prove their ability for perfect patterns and a flair for designing.—Apply Managing Director, 5-9, Whitechurch Lane, E.1.

LINGERIE manufacturing company requires experienced general manager; excellent opportunity for right applicant.—'Phone CHAncery 7217, or write Box 1,220, Jewish Chronicle.

MANAGER wanted for Orthodox Jewish hotel (35 bedrooms) situated at promenade of well-known south coast town; previous experience in similar position essential; must be able to take complete charge; excellent prospects.—Apply to Mr. Stechler, 79, Margaret Street, W.1. (MUScum 5113.)

OUTDOOR tailors wanted for ladies' coats and suits, able to produce 100 to 300 Utility garments per week; regular work.—M. Freedman, 27a, Commercial Road, E.1. ('Phone, BIShopsgate 1793.)

PRODUCTION manager required for ladies' coats and costumes, medium to good; applicant must be able to cut own patterns, excellent position for suitable man; modern factory in London; write stating salary and experience.—Address, 9,931, Jewish Chronicle.

REPRESENTATIVES required, must have connection with radio and electrical retailers, several districts vacant.—State territories covered to BM/BKO, London, W.C.1.

SALES manager and buyer of old-established toy and fancy goods, wholesale and export house; good position for enterprising man; 5-day week; only experienced applicants will be considered.—Write, in own handwriting, full particulars, in confidence, including age, salary required, J. Kleiner & Sons, Ltd., 112/114, Houndsditch, London.

SENIOR clerk-typist. Good all-round office routine, preferably a man required.—Write stating age, experience, and salary required, to Secretary, Workers' Circle Friendly Society, Circle House, Alie Street, E.1.

TRAVELLERS with good references required for first-class articles for the electrical and hardware trade; good commission offered.—Address, 1,217, Jewish Chronicle.

WANTED. Designing milliner for well-known model house, excellent position, splendid opening; also copyists.—Address, 1,223, Jewish Chronicle.

WHOLESALE mantle and costume manufacturer, medium trade, requires person to supply designs and patterns for two seasons in the year; good remuneration.—Address, 2,352, Wm. Porteous & Co., Glasgow.

DOMESTIC

A LADY, willing to do plain cooking and help in small modern house in Bournemouth; no rough work; live as family.—Write Mrs. B., 95, Richmond Wood Road, Queens Park, Bournemouth.

CAPABLE cook-general for small modern labour-saving flat at Brighton, in new building; two adults only in family; nice home and own bed-sitting room; good salary paid and easy hours.—Write, stating salary, to Box 1,214, Jewish Chronicle.

CAPABLE cook (Orthodox) wanted for small family in Gerrards Cross; good wages and comfortable home. —'phone, MAIda Vale 7777 for interview.

EXPERIENCED Jewish cook wanted at once; must be Orthodox; refugee not objected to; own bedroom and sitting room with wireless; ultra-modern kitchen, and every home comfort.—Apply Mrs. Sattin, 55/56, Poland Street, W.1, or 'phone during day GERrard 3637, after 7 p.m. HAMpstead 3414.

HOUSEKEEPER to take charge of Brondesbury modern house, daily help given, 3 adults, cheerful home, top wages.—'Phone, CLIssold 5679.

RELIABLE resident or daily cook-housekeeper wanted by two gentlemen; comfortable house and good salary; write, stating age, experience, and wages; personal references essential.—6, Manor House Drive, Brondesbury Park, N.W.6.

USEFUL help, West End flat, plain cooking, 2 in family, no housework, good wages.—Address, 1,168, Jewish Chronicle.

WANTED. Capable person to live in, easy household duties, no rough work, own room and bathroom, good wages.—Apply 38, Belsize Avenue, Hampstead, N.W.3. ('Phone, PRImrose 4728.)

WANTED. Housekeeper; 4 adults, daily help kept, good conditions.—Address, 1,228, Jewish Chronicle.

WANTED. Steward and stewardess for golf club near Manchester, to take complete charge of bar and club house, must be capable of providing full catering facilities for large membership; ample living accommodation on premises, including light and fuel; excellent opportunity for couple able to give satisfactory catering service. —Address, 1,237, Jewish Chronicle.

SITUATIONS WANTED

PROFESSIONAL

ACCOUNTANT, qualified, will write up books, prepare certified accounts for income tax purposes, negotiate reduction of assessments, advise on costing.—Address, 1,170, Jewish Chronicle.

PART-TIME WORK

LOVER of fine cigars seeks part-time appointment at King Six Cigar Factory. Who wouldn't! (1/1 each).

HOUSES, FLATS, ROOMS TO LET OR FOR SALE, FURNISHED OR UNFURNISHED

J. BROWN & CO., 17, MARKET PLACE, HAMPSTEAD GARDEN SUBURB, N.W.11 (SPE. 2341)

Owing to the delay in insertion we beg to suggest that prospective applicants write, call, or 'phone for latest list of houses.

GOLDERS GREEN. Close to shops and buses. 4 bedrooms, 2 reception rooms, large kitchen, bathroom; pleasant garden; lease 70 years; £3,000.

HAMPSTEAD GARDEN SUBURB. 4 bedroom house; 2 reception rooms, tiled bathroom, kitchen; parquet flooring; central heating; garage; 90 years' lease; £5,500.

EDGWARE. Well-built detached residence; 4 bedrooms, 2 reception rooms, lounge hall, morning-room, kitchen, bathroom; brick garage; £4,250; freehold.

OFFERED SUBJECT TO BEING UNSOLD BY
J. BROWN & CO. SPEedwell 2341. 10 lines
Office hours 9.30 a.m. to 5 p.m. and Saturday 9.30 a.m. to 1 p.m. or otherwise by appointment.

HAMPSTEAD. Modern house in select position; 4 bedrooms, bathroom, 2 reception rooms, kitchen, and scullery; garage; excellent condition; lease 86 years; ground rent £14 per annum; price £6,000, to include expensive electrical fittings, draperies, fitted carpets, and lino.

CRICKLEWOOD. Just off Anson Road, convenient for shops and travelling; 4 bedrooms, bathroom, 3 reception rooms, kitchen; garage; lease 81 years; ground rent £15; price £4,750.

LEWIS & CO.
163, Cricklewood Broadway, N.W.2. (GLAdstone 6337/8).

AN exceptional opportunity. Hampstead, on the borders of the Heath and close to tube station; a very delightful country-style low-built residence of unusually charming design, expensively appointed and modern; detached on 2 floors; 5 bedrooms, all with wash basins, bathroom, 3 charming reception rooms, an exceptionally attractive oak-panelled billiard room, loggia, and terrace, good garden, garage; lease about 960 years; ground rent £27 10s.—Sole Agents, Goldschmidt & Howland, 15, Heath Street (HAMpstead 4404).

EDGWARE. A detached modern residence, with 3 bedrooms, 2 reception, usual offices; fully furnished, including china and glass; £6,500.—Apply Leslie Raymond, 117, Station Road. (EDGware 0115.)

EDGWARE. Fully furnished and tastefully decorated; modern house, close to station and shops; 3 bedrooms, 2 reception, usual offices; a complete house ready for immediate occupation; £4,000.—Apply Leslie Raymond, 117, Station Road. (EDGware 0115.)

HAMPSTEAD. Freehold; best position; imposing modern Georgian-style detached residence; 4 principal bedrooms, 3 bathrooms, 4 other bedrooms, billiard room, 3 fine reception, lounge hall, gents.' cloak, compact domestic offices; parquet flooring; central heating, and other refinements; garage; fine garden; space for tennis court; price £9,500; immediate possession.—Richard Powell & Partners, 23, Coleman Street, E.C.2. ('Phone, MONarch 5575.)

ISLINGTON. House for sale with entire vacant possession; 5 good-sized rooms, kitchen, and scullery; leasehold, £995.—Advertiser, 17, Stag Lane, Edgware.

LEASEHOLD house, situated in Brondesbury Park; 5 bedrooms, basins fitted, 3 reception rooms, large billiard room, lounge, kitchen; parquet flooring throughout, and central heating; garage for 3 cars, with flat of 4 rooms above; large garden back and front; the whole in beautiful decorative condition; to be sold.—For appointment to view write Box 1,249, Jewish Chronicle, or 'phone BIShopsgate 2111.

SEMI-DETACHED house, 80-year lease, 5 bedrooms, lounge, dining room, kitchen, scullery, bathroom, etc.; front and rear gardens; vacant possession; situated best residential section Ilford; £2,000; no offers.—Address, 1,236, Jewish Chronicle.

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Parliament

THE PALESTINE DEBATE

Mr. Churchill's Speech

[From our Parliamentary Correspondent]

The most striking speech in the Palestine debate last week was made on the second day by Mr. Churchill.

Mr. Churchill said: The position which I personally have adopted and maintained dates from 1919 and 1921, when, as Dominions and Colonial Secretary, it fell to me to define the interpretation that was placed upon our obligations to the Zionists under the Mandate for Palestine entrusted to us by the League of Nations. This was the declaration of 1922, which I personally drafted. Palestine was not to be a Jewish National Home but there was to be set up a Jewish National Home in Palestine. Jewish immigration would be allowed up to the limit of the economic absorptive capacity—that was the phrase which I coined in those days and which seems to remain convenient—the Mandatory Power being, it was presumed, the final judge of what that capacity was.

During the greater part of a quarter of a century which has passed, this policy was carefully carried out by us. The Jewish population multiplied from about 80,000 to nearly 600,000. Tel-Aviv expanded into the great city it is. Land reclamation and cultivation and great electrical enterprises progressed. Trade made notable progress, and not only did the Jewish population increase but the Arab population, dwelling in the areas colonised and enriched by the Jews, also increased in almost equal numbers. Both races gained a marked advantage from the Zionist policy which we pursued and which we were developing over this period.

Of course, there was always friction. Disturbances occurred in 1937 and in 1938; in 1939 Mr. Chamberlain's Government produced the White Paper. This was, in my view, a failure to fulfil the obligations we had accepted, and I immediately protested against this departure. I found myself in full agreement with the Labour and Liberal Parties of those days.

Jews Armed at Churchill's Request

Then came the war. After the fall of France, and the attack upon us by Italy, when we stood utterly alone, we had great need to concentrate our troops against the enemy and economise in our outlying garrisons and commitments. At my desire, the Jewish Community in Palestine was armed, encouraged to organise and, in fact, to play a part in the defence of the Holy Land, to liberate British units there. The possibility of a German invasion, striking through Turkey, Syria, and Palestine to the Suez Canal, as well as through Persia, towards the Persian Gulf, was a very real anxiety in 1941-42.

At a most critical time in 1941, it was aggravated by the revolt of the pro-German Arab elements in Iraq. No doubt our Zionist policy may have led, in part, to that divergence of Arab sentiment. But the revolt was quelled, Syria was liberated, and Persia was occupied.

Meanwhile the Jewish Community had developed strong, well-armed forces, and the highest military authorities reported to the Cabinet during 1941-42 that if the continued bickerings between Jews and Arabs grew into serious conflict, the Jews could not only defend themselves but would beat the Arabs in Palestine.

Thus there are two facts to be borne in mind. First, that Zionists and the Palestine Jews were vehemently and undividedly on our side in the struggle and, secondly, that they no longer need our assistance to maintain themselves in their National Home against local Arab hostility.

Meanwhile how did we treat the Arabs? We have treated them very well. I cannot admit that we have not done our utmost to treat the Arabs in a way which so great a race deserves and requires. I think that they have had a very fair deal from Great Britain. With all those countries which are given to their power and control, in every way they have had a very fair deal.

It was little enough, indeed, that we had asked for the Jews—a natural home in their historic Holy Land, on which they have the power and virtue to confer many blessings for enjoyment, both of Jew and Arab.

Labour Pledges

At the General Election which followed the victorious ending of the German war, the Labour Party, which was believed to champion the Zionist cause in the terms I have defined, and not only in those terms but going, in many cases, far beyond—to set up a Jewish State in Palestine, and so forth—this Labour Party gained a large majority in the House of Commons. During the Election, they made most strenuous pro-Zionist speeches and declarations.

In fact, all sorts of hopes were raised among the Jews of Palestine, just as other hopes were raised elsewhere. However, when the months slipped by and no decided policy or declaration was made by the present Government, a deep and bitter resentment spread throughout the Palestine Jewish Community, and violent protests were made by the Zionist supporters in the United States. The disappointment and disillusionment of the Jews at the procrastination and indecision of the British Labour Government are no excuse, as we have repeatedly affirmed here, for the dark and deadly crimes which have been committed by the fanatical extremists, and these miscreants and murderers should be rooted out, and punished with the full severity of the law. But the expectations which had been aroused by the Party opposite, and the resultant revulsion of feeling, are facts, none the less, to be held constantly before our minds. They cannot say all these things and then let a whole year pass away and do nothing about it and then be surprised if these pledges come home to roost in a most unpleasant manner.

I am not absolutely sure that we should be in too great a hurry to give up the idea that European Jews may live in the countries where they belong. I must say that I had no idea, when the war came to an end, of the horrible massacres which had occurred; the millions and millions that have been slaughtered. That dawned on us gradually after the struggle was over. Are we not to hope that some tolerance will be established in racial matters in Europe, and that there will be some law reigning by which, at any rate, a portion of the property of these great numbers will not be taken away from them? It is quite clear, however, that this crude idea of letting all the Jews of Europe go into Palestine has no relation either to the problem of Europe or to the problem which arises in Palestine.

Mr. S. Silverman: The right hon. gentleman is not suggesting, is he, that any Jew who regarded a country in Europe as nothing but the graveyard and cemetery of all his relatives, friends, and hopes should be compelled to stay there if he did not want to do so?

Mr. Churchill: I am against preventing Jews from doing anything which other people are allowed to do. I am against that, and I have the strongest abhorrence of the idea of anti-Semitic lines of prejudice.

Secondly, I have for some years past felt that an unfair burden was being thrown upon Great Britain by our having to bear the whole weight of the Zionist policy, while Arabs and Moslems were alarmed and estranged, and while the United States and other countries sat on the sidelines and criticised our shortcomings with all the freedom of perfect detachment and irresponsibility. Therefore, I had always intended to put it to our friends in America, from the very beginning of the post-war discussions, that either they should come in and help us in this Zionist problem, about which they feel so strongly, on even terms, share and share alike, or that we should resign our Mandate, as we have, of course, a perfect right to do.

Indeed, I am convinced that from the moment when we feel ourselves unable to carry out properly and honestly the Zionist policy as we have all these years defined it and accepted it, and which is the condition on which we received the Mandate for Palestine, it is our duty at any rate to offer to lay down the Mandate. We should, therefore, as soon as the war stopped, have made it clear to the United States that, unless they came in and bore their share, we would lay the whole care and burden at the feet of the United Nations' Organisation; and we should have fixed a date by which all our troops and forces would be withdrawn from the country.

No Interest In Palestine

At that time we had no interest in Palestine. We have never sought or got anything out of Palestine. We have discharged a thankless, painful, costly, laborious, inconvenient task for more than a quarter of a century with a very great measure of success. Many people have made fine speeches about the Zionist question. Many have subscribed generously in money, but it is Great Britain, and Great Britain alone, which has steadfastly carried that cause forward across a whole generation to its present actual position, and the Jews all over the world ought not to be in a hurry to forget that. It is perfectly clear that Jewish warfare directed against the British in Palestine will, if protracted, automatically release us from all obligations to persevere, as well as destroy the inclination to make further efforts in British hearts. We must not be in a hurry to turn aside from large causes we have carried far.

There is the figure of Dr. Weizmann, that dynamic Jew whom I have known so long, the ablest and wisest leader of the cause of Zionism, his whole life devoted to the cause, his son killed in the battle for our common freedom. I ardently hope his authority will be respected by Zionists in this dark hour, and that the Government will keep in touch with him, and make every one of his compatriots feel how much he is respected here.

I am in full accord with every effort the Government have made to obtain American support in sharing the burden of the Zionist policy.

But all the processes of inquiry, negotiation, and discussion have been the occasion of prolonged and very dangerous delays, and if at the end of all these delays success is not attained, namely, Anglo-American co-operation on equal terms to carry out a Zionist policy within the limits defined or as we may agree—then we are confronted with a deplorable failure in the conduct of our affairs in Palestine since the end of the second great war. It was with very great regret that I read this morning of the non-agreement of the United States. I hope it is not the final word. This agreement was the one great goal to which we were invited to aspire; here was the one excuse the Government could put forward for the long delays and indecisions which have involved us in so much cost and serious bloodshed. If this Anglo-American co-operation fails, as it seems so far to have failed, then I must say that the record of the Administration during this year—and a Government must be judged by results—in the handling of Palestinian affairs will stand forth as a monument of incapacity.

Government's Complete Failure

Up to this particular minute, this has been a complete failure; it has gone from bad to worse, and one does not feel that there is any grip of the matter which is going to succeed. The one rightful, reasonable, simple, and compulsive lever which we held and, if you will, still hold, was and is a sincere readiness to resign the mission, to lay out Mandate at the feet of the United Nations' Organisation and thereafter to evacuate the country with which we have no connection or tradition and where we have no sovereignty as in India and no treaty as in Egypt. Such was the position we could have adopted until a few months ago, and I am sure it would have procured a good result. Once make it clear that the British have no interests in remaining in Palestine and no wish to do so, and that they decline to carry forward single-handed this harsh, invidious burden then you will get attention paid to what you say and what you ask, and all kinds of good solutions for the Jew and Arab alike, based on the co-operation and resources of the English-speaking world, will immediately come into the field of possibility.

However, His Majesty's Government by their precipitate abandonment of their treaty rights in Egypt, and, in particular, the Suez Canal zone, are now forced to look for a strong place of arms, for a jumping-off ground in Palestine in order to protect the Canal from outside Egypt. By this unwisdom they have vitiated disinterestedness and we can now be accused of having a national strategic motive for retaining our hold on Palestine. I must regard this as a very grave disaster and an immense weakening of our position. What the Government have done in Egypt has greatly

Continued on page 14

Land of Israel News

MILITARY "BLUDGEONING" YISHUV

Curfews As Form of Economic Sanctions

[From our Correspondent—JERUSALEM]

Developments in the past fortnight clearly demonstrate that there are two trends struggling for mastery in Palestine to-day. From Westminster and Number 10 Downing Street come pleas for Jewish co-operation in restoring law and order so as to pave the way for the determination of an equitable policy; from the General Staff to the hierarchy of Generals who really administer Palestine these days comes a series of directives and from local Army headquarters to the troops, a series of orders at least one of which was couched in plain anti-Semitic terms—which defeat any pacific intention His Majesty's Government may be following.

It was recently announced in Parliament that wide powers had been vested in the local British authorities in Palestine to control the situation. It is now apparent that these powers have been given to the military and not the civil authorities. The military area commanders of the four main districts—Jerusalem, Lydda (including Tel-Aviv), Haifa and Galilee, and Gaza—are the *de facto* and *de jure* administrators under the all-embracing Defence Emergency Regulations which reduce civil liberties to a minimum.

Unlimited Powers

They can impose interminable curfews that have the greatest possible punitive effect upon the public, they can requisition any type of premises and evict all classes of people at their arbitrary discretion, they can order internments, deportations, and confinement without trial—and they do all these things, although they work through the Civil Government machinery.

General Barker's order to "punish Jews in the way the race feels it most," although addressed in the first instance only to his troops here, has actually been applied more widely as part of a policy which one cannot help thinking constitutes economic sanctions. The sum total of the loss resulting from the curfews, the evictions of business and professional men from the centre of Jerusalem, where a military zone is being established, and other measures that have already been enforced, amounts to over one million pounds, through the loss or destruction of commercial goodwill and halted trade and industrial production. There is no indication that these substantial losses will not be doubled or even trebled as the days and weeks go by without any sign of any relaxation of military severity.

Civil administration officials have admitted to delegations of businessmen and members of the professions that they are powerless to intervene, and that all orders emanate from "the highest level." It must be remembered that the High Commissioner, Sir Alan Cunningham, is still a general officer on the active list, and presumably under the same military influences as those actually commanding the troops.

When an attempt was made last week to secure his intervention against the Jerusalem evictions, he is reliably reported to have instructed his secretary to reply that he had no grounds for interfering with the execution of orders taken for "security" reasons.

This harsh attitude taken by the authorities has aroused in the Jewish public an inescapable impression that efforts are being made to bludgeon them into acquiescence with certain political formulae. Consequently, any hopes which Whitehall may have of winning over the Jews to their side—hopes which ran high in the sombre atmosphere succeeding the King David Hotel outrage—are being systematically crushed beneath the military juggernaut. This severity merely stiffens instead of easing the feeling of bitterness. It is a situation which His Majesty's Government must take into account before matters become irremediable.

As one spokesman here remarked: "It is plain that traces of 13 years of Nazi repressive policy have not entirely disappeared, nor has their lesson been overlooked."

DAMAGE AT WIZO HOUSE

The Women's International Zionist Organisation has published a number of photographs showing the severe damage caused by the military authorities on June 29, when they forcibly entered Wizo House, the magnificent headquarters of the organisation in Tel-Aviv.

Despite the fact that the keys to the building were available and offered, explosives were used to break into the building and to force open the safes. Records dealing with the social welfare and educational work of the organisation were destroyed or removed.

Land of Israel continued on next page

SOCIAL and PERSONAL Announcements, Forthcoming Events, Calendar, Notable Days, etc., will be found on page 7 in this and in subsequent issues.

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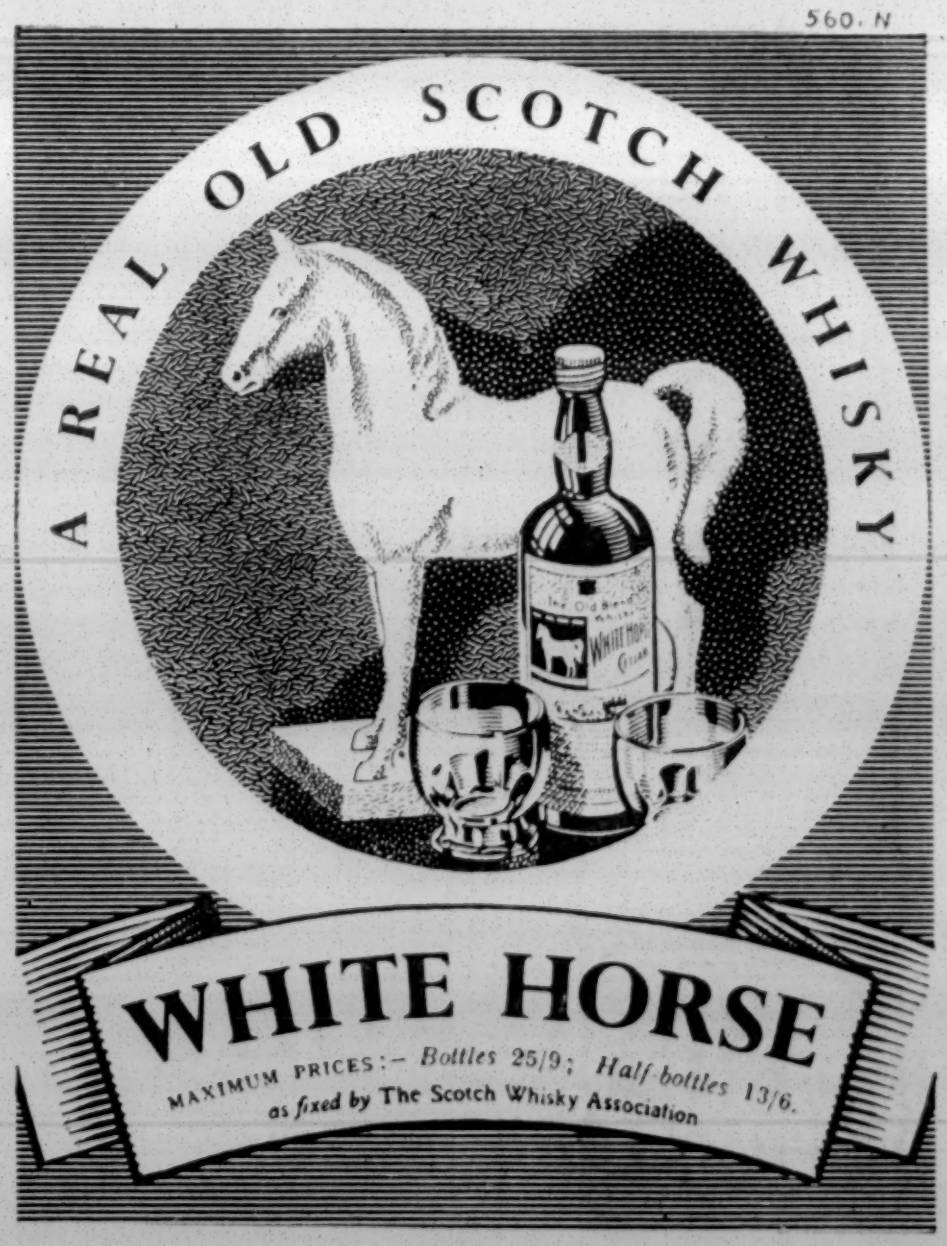

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The PUBLIC is cordially invited to attend the official opening of the North-West London Communal Mikvah, which will be held at the Abba Myers Centre, 10, Shirehall Lane, N.W.4, on Sunday, August 11 אב ה'ת 1946/5706, at 3.30 p.m.

The opening will be performed by Mr. M. J. LANDAU. Addresses will be given by Dayan I. Abramsky and Rabbi Kopul Rosen, M.A., and representatives of the Synagogues in North-West London.

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LAND OF ISRAEL, continued from prev. page

TEL-AVIV SEARCH ENDED

Community Suffers Serious Loss

The room-to-room search of Tel-Aviv, the biggest military operation ever undertaken in Palestine, which began early on Tuesday of last week, was called off on Friday. During the 82 hours the search was in progress a strict curfew was enforced, the inhabitants of the city only being allowed out for two hours each day to obtain food.

The search was called off, it was stated, out of consideration for the people of Tel-Aviv. According to an official announcement issued on Saturday, 102,000 inhabitants were screened, and 724, including 26 women, were detained for further interrogation.

According to the Mayor of the city, Mr. I. Rokach, the material loss to Tel-Aviv as a result of the curfew and search was at least a quarter of a million pounds. He pointed out that the city's industries, which were closed down during the search, employed about 20,000 workers.

Included among those detained are between 30 and 40 who are alleged to be terrorist leaders. Moshe Mizrachi, who was identified by two of the British officers recently kidnapped in Tel-Aviv as one of their guards, was arrested, as was a sister of the late Abraham Stern.

A cache of arms and uniforms of the Airborne Division were found in the cellars of the Great Synagogue in Tel-Aviv during the military's search of the city.

An official communiqué states that a printing press for forging bearer bonds, as well as 20,000 forged bonds for £10, were also found in the cellar. Arms and ammunition were found in three Jewish houses in Tel-Aviv.

A chaplain took part in the search of the Synagogue, the communiqué added. Various uniforms, police, naval, and airborne, as well as steel helmets, were discovered. Other finds included a radio transmitter and a straw hat with a black mask. Inside the hat was a newspaper clipping with the statement of the Jewish Agency that the kidnapping of the officers was the act of madmen.

Other arms caches were found in the basement of the Tachkemoni School in Lilienblum Street. In the basement of one house, materials for the manufacture of bombs were found.

Captured Medical Stores

An official statement announcing the capture of a considerable quantity of medical stores has led to a letter being sent by the management of Kupat Cholim (Workers' Sick Fund) to the Commander of the Sixth Airborne Division, pointing out that the stores in question belonged to the Sick Fund, and that a notice on the door of the store gave the address of the manager who had the keys. In consequence, the letter added, there was no necessity to force the doors.

During the night of July 30, an official report states, one Jew was wounded and one British soldier accidentally shot.

There was an incident on August 1, when, according to an official statement, a crowd of hostile Jews tried to rush a barrier held by troops. One round was fired, the report adds, wounding one Jew in the leg, after which the demonstrators withdrew.

Twenty-two suspected terrorists, detained during the search of Tel-Aviv, were deported to Eritrea by air on Sunday.

A special committee of the Municipality has registered 300 complaints of looting from stores and private households during the searches. Damage caused by search parties, including the value of articles alleged to have been looted, is estimated at £150,000.

The Journalists' Associations of Jerusalem and Tel-Aviv have protested against the man-handling of Mr. Asriel Schwartz, sub-editor of MISHMAR, by troops in Tel-Aviv when he objected to soldiers looting jewellery in a building across the street.

At a press conference in Tel-Aviv on Thursday of last week, General Cassels stated that the behaviour and attitude of the people of Tel-Aviv during the search had been extremely good. He contradicted a statement in an official communiqué that a radio transmitter had been found beneath the Great Synagogue.

SEARCHES IN JERUSALEM

Extensive searches were made last week in some Jewish quarters in Jerusalem. Machne Yehuda and Mea Shaarim were surrounded by military and police, and searches and identification of all the Jewish inhabitants were carried out.

The University buildings, which were cordoned off, were also searched by the military and police.

In the Givat Shaul quarter in Jerusalem, two sub-machine guns, three revolvers, five hand grenades, a quantity of ammunition, some Army and R.A.F. uniforms, and a quantity of Arab clothing were found in a room rented by a young Jew who was last seen there on the morning of the outrage on the King David Hotel.

Two arms caches were discovered close to the Jewish colony at Harot, near Jerusalem. The finds included 2,974 rounds of ammunition, 23 rifles, and 20 rifle grenades.

Rigorous searches were made in Tiberias, where troops entered all Jewish institutions, including the Schweitzer Hospital. The offices of the Palestine Jewish Colonisation Association were broken into during the absence of the officials at lunch.

Seventeen Jewish women who were arrested during the round-up on June 29, were released from Latrun detention camp on Monday. More than 50 women who were arrested during the last few days are still in the camp.

It has been revealed that General Barker's notorious anti-Semitic letter urging troops to show their "loathing and contempt" for the Jews, was also sent to Polish officers stationed in Palestine. They also received the order not to fraternise with Jewish girls.

All Jewish civilian clerks employed by the military authorities have been discharged, states a J.T.A. report from Jerusalem.

TROOPS ASSAULT JEWS

Grave Allegations in Palestine

The Palestine Jewish Community Council has lodged a complaint with the Palestine authorities concerning the bullying and beating of Jews in Jerusalem by soldiers during curfew hours. The Council demands that these objectionable practices, used even in dealing with older people and children of five or six years of age, be stopped.

The PALESTINE POST gives a detailed report describing how Jews were knocked about and beaten in the Talbieh detention barracks, sometimes in the presence of officers. One witness alleged that he saw soldiers beat up a young Jewish boy early in the morning, and continue beating him after he had been dragged into a car. Another young man was stated to have been struck repeatedly after his arrest after answering in the affirmative to the soldiers' question as to whether he was a Jew. Other Jews detained at the barracks for breaking the curfew, it was alleged, did not receive any food or water and were also subjected to brutal treatment in the presence of officers and N.C.O.s.

A Jew, whose identity is known to the PALESTINE POST, declared in a sworn statement that 200 Jews were sorted out by Arabs and others in the detention camp when they asked for food. He said that they were taken to the hall and beaten by soldiers with fists and batons, while others stood around, pointing tommy-guns at them. Several Jews, he went on, were beaten into unconsciousness, but when they came to, after being brought back to the cells, they were again struck with rifle butts. The major in command permitted the Jews to lie down, the statement adds, but whenever a guard entered they were forced to jump to attention. Anti-Jewish insults were stated to have been shouted by soldiers.

A similar statement was made by a young Jew who had been ordered out of a Synagogue. Among those said to have been beaten and kicked is a petty officer of the Royal Navy.

Similar statements by twenty elderly people, alleging that they were beaten and had suffered head injuries, were published in the Labour daily MISHMAR.

At 55, Tzefania Street, all the Jewish residents were arrested because soldiers claimed to have seen one curfew breaker on the roof. Other allegations are that even night workers, such as bakers, were arrested on their premises on charges of having broken the curfew, while in many cases people were ordered out of their homes by soldiers, who threw stones through the open windows.

JERUSALEM CURFEW LIFTED

The curfew in Jerusalem was lifted at 6 a.m. on Wednesday.

The curfew, which was imposed immediately after the blowing up of the King David Hotel, had been in force for 16 days.

The fact that the authorities postponed the lifting of the curfew until after the Fast of Tisha b'Av, on Tuesday, thus preventing the ancient traditional pilgrimage to the Wailing Wall, is bitterly commented upon in Jewish quarters. The Jewish Community Council had made an urgent appeal to the military authorities to lift the curfew so as to enable Jews to observe the ceremony of mourning.

The only visitors at the Wailing Wall on the eve of Tisha b'Av were a small group of Jewish journalists, holders of the "white press card" authorising them to be in the streets during curfew hours, and a dozen aged Rabbis who are residents of the Old City.

APPALLING PLIGHT OF "ILLEGALS"

Lying in Haifa Harbour is a number of dilapidated hulks which brought "illegal" immigrants to Palestine, some of which are still packed with over 2,000 Jewish refugees because of the Government's refusal to allow them to land. The conditions under which these refugees exist are appalling, the rotting ships being indescribably overcrowded and insanitary.

The most recent arrivals were the Haganah, a 600-ton corvette, which brought 2,678 refugees, and Hahayal Haivri, of 427 tons, which carried 550 passengers.

Owing to an erroneous message from a news agency, it was reported in last week's JEWISH CHRONICLE that the passengers from the Haganah had been landed and taken to Athlit camp.

Unconfirmed reports state that two other refugee ships, the Yagour, with 2,000 passengers aboard, and the Rafa, carrying 1,300 immigrants, were nearing Palestine.

Other reports state that these ships are being diverted to Cyprus, where it is said that two large camps are being prepared.

Four more refugee ships were reported to be sailing across the Mediterranean in the direction of Palestine.

On Sunday, 600 passengers were landed from Haganah and Hahayal Haivri, and on Monday 800 women, children, and men over 50 were disembarked.

There are still 1,500 men and boys between the ages of 12 and 50 aboard the two ships, in addition to over 700 transferred to the 180-ton Max Nordau.

The Jewish Agency is providing adequate supplies of bread, fresh fruit, and meat for the refugees, but so congested and filthy are the living conditions that there is a very real danger of an epidemic breaking out.

RAFA DETAINEES MAY GO ON HUNGER STRIKE

Eleven Jews who had been detained in the Rafa camp were deported to Eritrea by air on Monday.

The 2,070 Jews still held in the Rafa camp are threatening to proclaim a hunger strike in protest against the slow progress of interrogation, identification, and release. The detainees are embittered by the action of the authorities which has completely isolated them from the outer world. Welfare officers of the General Federation of Jewish Labour are no longer allowed to visit the camp.

CIVIL SERVANTS AND JEWISH AGENCY

"Criminal Antagonism" Allegations

[*From our Correspondent*—JERUSALEM]

The Palestine Government Public Information Office recently issued a document which sheds a melancholy light on the conditions under which the country is administered. The document in question was the text of a resolution adopted "unanimously" by an extraordinary meeting of the Council of the First Division of the Civil Service Association.

The Association comprises senior British, Jewish, and Arab Government officials, but at the meeting held on Thursday no Jewish member of the Council was invited or attended, so that the announcement that it was a unanimous resolution applies only to those British or Arab Council members who were present. This, from the outset, gives a misleading picture.

The resolution was divided into two parts; first, professional, and second, political. The professional part expressed abhorrence of the murders committed on July 22 at the King David Hotel, and deep sympathy with the relatives, and rightly voiced confidence that every effort would be made by the Government to ensure that dependants of the victims would receive most generous compensation.

Then came the political section, which will probably amaze Civil Service Associations elsewhere by the extent of its intrusion into political affairs. After trusting that a final decision on policy would be immediately taken and firmly implemented, the resolution added, "Loyal as they are to the Government which they serve, Civil Servants cannot be expected to continue to make these sacrifices without apparent object; nor can they be expected to collaborate with any public institution whose aims are criminally antagonistic to the Government."

"Servants" Who Rule

The loyalty, it should be noted, is to the Government—not to the tax-paying local public which provides the salaries and allowances. That sums up the whole grotesque character of the Palestine situation, in which British Civil Servants do not regard themselves as public functionaries, pledged to serve the Arab and Jewish population, but as employees of the British Government who are sent out to rule the inarticulate, native peoples.

Nobody can blame the British Civil Servants for thinking or feeling this way, in the absence of any Parliamentary system to which the Government they serve would be responsible. Yet their approach is undoubtedly typical of the whole sorry state of affairs persisting in Palestine since 1920.

The last passage of the resolution, broadly hinting that the Jewish Agency is "criminally antagonistic to the Government," is even more incredible. It implies a blind belief in the allegations made in the British Government's latest White Paper, of which the least that can be expected is judicial proof of their validity or genuineness by court procedure, which would give the Agency an opportunity to challenge the accusations in cross-examination.

The gratuitous interference in matters of policy by Civil Servants in this way is designed to introduce tendentious sentiment against the Jewish Agency and can serve no useful purpose in the present tangled controversy. Surely it is not for any group of Civil Servants to declare whether they will or will not co-operate with any specific body, especially a body which is recognised under the country's current constitution.

This ill-advised venture into a highly polemical sphere certainly will not increase the respect or esteem in which British Civil Servants in Palestine are held by the population.

ALLEGED HAGANA PLAN TO ATTACK ARMY

A Colonial Office announcement issued last Friday stated that among the documents found during the search of Tel-Aviv were two orders from Hagana.

The first alleged document, which the announcement said was due to be issued on the evening it was found, and was dated after the King David Hotel outrage, was as follows:

The explosion at the Secretariat in Jerusalem is the work of criminals.

In view of the action the Government is now likely to take, you must delay until further notice fulfilment of the instruction concerning armed opposition to searches. Only in the event of the Army's finding arms in a settlement will you make, if possible, an armed attack on the Army, after it has left the settlement.

In the event of a search for terrorists in the settlements, the Muktar will state that there are no terrorists present and that the Yishuv has expressed its negative attitude towards this action.

There must be no physical opposition to being rounded-up in order to demonstrate rejection of the act in Jerusalem, and in order not to incite the Army. There must be no co-operation with the searchers, and identity cards will have to be shown. Special detachment men will give false names.

It is expected that there will be widespread searches with a view to arresting active members of the organisation. Suspects must not sleep in their usual dwellings.

The second document, said to be dated July 25, refers to the British military operations against the Jews and having as their aim the breaking of Hagana and the capture of its arms in order to make the Jewish Community incapable of resisting a policy which would destroy Zionism.

"The struggle for the Hagana now embodies the battle of the Jews for their freedom, their honour, and Zionism," says the order as quoted in the Colonial Office announcement.

In a report to the Ministry of Foreign Affairs, the Lebanese Consul-General in Jerusalem deplored the economic loss to his country resulting from the Government's refusal to grant visas to Jews for the purpose of visiting the country as summer tourists. He pointed out that Egypt had always opened its doors to tourists from Palestine, and declared that the Arab boycott was aimed at the products of Zionist industry, and not against the Zionists themselves.

Social and Personal

MR. SYLVAIN MAYER, K.C., is 83 to-day. Sir MONTAGUE BURTON will be 61 on Thursday.

Rabbi Dr. M. C. WEILER, President of the World Union for Progressive Judaism and Chief Minister of the United Reform Congregation of Johannesburg, has left Enlgand for Paris, where he will be the chief delegate of the South African Ort-Ose at the post-war congress of the World Ort Movement.

A son (David Michael) was born on Monday, July 22, 1946, at Portobello Nursing Home, to Marcia Grace (née Epson), wife of Dr. Mervyn L. ABRAHAMSON, of 6, Wilton Place, Dublin.

A son (Anthony Joseph) was born on Sunday, August 4, 1946, at 58a, Ridgmount Gardens, W.C.1, to Mr. and Mrs. Maurice APPLE (née Osborn).

A son (David) was born on August 3, 1946, at Queen Mary's Maternity Home, Heath Street, Hampstead, to Reta (née Zigmond), wife of Harold H. BEHR, of 94, Woodford Crescent, Pinner, Middlesex.

A son was born on July 31, 1946, at Doriscourt Nursing Home Upper Chorlton Road, Manchester, to Doris (née Ronin), wife of David CASSELSON, of "Rosalea," 5, Meade Hill Road, Prestwich, Manchester.

A son was born on Saturday, August 3, 1946, at "Laurel Croft," 23, Raleigh Close, Hendon, N.W.4, to Mr. and Mrs. Mark L. COHEN (Mary Nisenbaum).

A daughter (Leonore Katherine) was born on August 3, 1946, in the Lindo Wing, St. Mary's Hospital, Paddington, to Marie (née Samuels), wife of Boris CYMBAL, of 18, Farm Avenue, N.W.2.

A son was born on August 1, 1946, at 27, Welbeck Street, W.1, to Hilda, wife of Alexander DAVEY.

A daughter (Gay) was born on July 25, 1946, to Joy (née Packman), wife of Irvyn L. GOLDBERG, of 4941, Nth Washtenaw Avenue, Chicago, Ill., U.S.A.

A son was born on August 5, 1946, at Eddystone Maternity Nursing Home, to Bertha (née Cohen), wife of the Rev. Eugene NEWMAN, M.A., of Synagogue House, The Thicket, Southsea, Portsmouth, Hants.

A daughter was born on August 1, 1946, at the Middlesex Hospital, to Mr. and Mrs. Hyman RAPHAEL (Yetta Kahn), of 66, Beechwood Avenue, Finchley, N.3.

A son (David Howard) was born on July 26, 1946, at the City of London Maternity Hospital, to Mr. and Mrs. Herbert WOLMAN (Joséphine Tobias), of 38, Stamford Lodge, Amhurst Park, N.16.

BARMITZVAH

Gerald, son of Mr. and Mrs. Sidney GODFREY, of 3, Winchfield Close, Kenton, Middlesex, will read a portion of the Law on Saturday, August 10, 1946, at the Harrow Synagogue, Vaughan Road, Harrow, Middlesex.

Freddie Joshua, eldest son of the Rev. Dr. and Mrs. A. LICHTIGFELD, of 16, Scott Street, Germiston, South Africa, will read the Sidra and Haftara on שבת נחמו (Saturday, August 10, 1946), at the Germiston Synagogue, President Street. Kiddush will be held after the service in the Talmud Torah Hall.

FORTHCOMING MARRIAGES

MR. CECIL ALEXANDER AND MISS IRENE GORDON

The engagement is announced of Cecil, only son of Mrs. C. Alexander, and the late Mr. Isaac Alexander, of 43, Sydenham Avenue, Sefton Park, Liverpool, 17, to Irene Rose, only daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Maurice Gordon, of 32, Leyland Road, Southport (formerly of Liverpool).

MR. HAROLD BERNSTIEN AND MISS M. NASH

The engagement is announced of Harold, elder son of Mr. and Mrs. P. Bernstien, of "Mistral," Worple Road, Staines, Middlesex, to Miriam, youngest daughter of Mrs. F. Nash, and the late Mr. S. Nash, of 50, Prince George Road, London, N.16.

SURGEON-LIEUT. ARNOLD BRUCE (R.N.V.R.) AND MISS JOAN NAGLI

The engagement is announced of Arnold, youngest son of Mr. and Mrs. P. Bruce, of 2, Rayners Lane, South Harrow, to Joan, only daughter of Mr. and Mrs. S. Nagli, of 4, Blackstone Road, Cricklewood, N.W.2.

MR. JOHN S. COHEN AND MISS DAPHNE D. COHEN

The engagement is announced of John Samuel, youngest son of Mr. and Mrs. Harry Cohen, of 1, Edgwarebury Gardens, Edgeware, to Daphne Diana, younger daughter of Mrs. R. Cohen, and the late Mr. Ralph Cohen, of 13, The Grove, Golders Green, N.W.11.

MR. MAURICE COHEN AND MISS IDA RUBINS

The engagement is announced of Maurice, eldest son of Mrs. P. Cohen, and the late Mr. S. Cohen, of 187, Central Drive, Blackpool, to Ida, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. M. Rubins, of Doctors Fold Farm, Birch, Heywood.

MR. GERALD FINK AND MISS IRENE GOLD

The engagement is announced of Gerald Fink, of 60, Greystoke Avenue, Pinner, younger son of Mr. and Mrs. A. Fink, of Bournemouth, to Irene, youngest daughter of the late Mr. and Mrs. S. Gold, of 92, Christchurch Avenue, Brondesbury Park, N.W.6.

MR. HARRY FRANKS AND MISS L. GEE (GOLDBERG)

The engagement is announced of Harry, youngest son of Mr. and Mrs. A. Franks, of 18, Warwick Lodge, N.W.2, to Lillian, twin daughter of Mrs. Goldberg, and the late Mr. A. Goldberg, of 26, Dunstable Road, Luton, Beds., formerly of London.

MR. J. GLASS AND MISS F. ROCKMAN

The engagement is announced of Jack Glass, of 65, Oxford Gardens, North Kensington, W.10, younger son of Mr. H. Glass, and the late Mrs. Glass, of Tufnell Park, to Freda, elder daughter of Mr. and Mrs. J. Rockman, of 9, Osier Court, Mile End, E.1.

MR. B. LENGA AND MISS H. WHITE

The engagement is announced of Ben-Zion, younger son of Mr. and Mrs. M. Lenga, of 35, Lingwood Road, Upper Clapton, E.5, to Helen, elder daughter of Mr. and Mrs. M. White, of 26, Kenninghall Road, Clapton, E.5.

MR. V. E. MICHELSON AND MISS E. C. OPPENHEIMER

The engagement is announced of Victor Erwin Michelson, of 426, Park West, W.2, to Eva Clementine, eldest daughter of Dr. and Mrs. H. W. Oppenheimer, of 407, Clive Court, Maida Vale, W.9.

MR. T. RADZAN AND MISS R. SASSENE

The engagement is announced of Ted, son of Mr. and Mrs. Adolph Radzan, of 2, Raleigh Gardens, Brixton, S.W.2, to Rose, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Nathan Sassene, of 18, Thoresby House, Clissold Road, Stoke Newington.

DR. IVOR SEVITT AND MISS Y. COHEN

The engagement is announced of Dr. Ivor Sevitt, youngest son of Mr. and Mrs. Sevitt, of 16, Carlisle Street, Dublin, to Yvonne, only daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Maurice Cohen, of "Roseleigh," Marble Hall, Cork, Eire.

MR. J. SHATTER (Stacey) AND MISS G. SAMUELS

The engagement is announced of Jack, elder son of Mrs. L. Shatter and the late Mr. A. Shatter, of 53, Devonshire Street, Salford, to Gertrude, youngest daughter of Mrs. M. Samuels and the late Mr. S. Samuels, of 28, Ashdale Road, Terenure, Dublin.

MR. FRANK SKLAN AND MISS E. R. MARTIN

The engagement is announced of Frank, son of Mr. and Mrs. S. E. Sklan, of 33, Aylestone Avenue, Brondesbury, N.W.6, to Esther Renée, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. S. Martin, of 93, Anson Road, Cricklewood, N.W.2.

MR. GERALD SKLAN AND MISS G. A. BEHRMAN

The engagement is announced of Gerald, youngest son of Mr. and Mrs. S. E. Sklan, of 33, Aylestone Avenue, N.W.6, to Gloria, eldest daughter of the Rev. A. and Mrs. Behrman, of 49, Mount Pleasant Road, Willesden, N.W.10. There will be a Kiddush after the termination of the Sabbath morning service on August 31, 1946, in the Synagogue Hall.

MR. BASIL TAYLOR AND MISS M. JOSEPH

The engagement is announced of Basil, younger son of Mr. and Mrs. H. Taylor, of 7, Huntingdon Gardens, Sunderland, to Minnie (Nicki), daughter of Mrs. Joseph, and the late Mr. B. M. Joseph, of 15, Oaks West, Sunderland. There will be an "At Home" from 3 to 6 p.m. on Sunday, August 11, at 15, Oaks West.

MR. C. S. WALLFISH AND MISS C. H. SCHNAIER

The engagement is announced of Charles Schaye (of Tel-Aviv), elder son of Mrs. Cecilia Wallfish and the late Mr. Samuel Wallfish, of 7, Bennett Road, Higher Crumpsall, Manchester, 8, to Charlotte Henriette, only daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Siegfried Schnaier, of 56, Fairhazel Gardens, London, N.W.6 (formerly of Munich).

MR. M. WOLKOVITCH AND MISS C. KUT

The engagement is announced of Maurice, youngest son of Mr. and Mrs. B. M. Wolkovitch, of 24, Brunswick Terrace, Hove, Sussex, to Claire, younger daughter of Mr. and Mrs. J. Kut, of 7, Sheila House, North Circular Road, N.W.11.

DR. MAURICE SHAFAR AND MISS SONIA KOSKY

The marriage will be solemnised at 3 p.m. on Sunday, August 11, 1946, of Dr. Maurice Shafar, only child of Mr. and Mrs. H. Shafar, of 711, Cathcart Road, Glasgow, S.2, to Sonia, only child of Mr. and Mrs. M. Kosky, of 43, Bath Road, Reading, Berks.

MARRIAGES

MR. JACK PICKLES AND MISS E. V. SHAFFER

The marriage was solemnised on Thursday, August 8, 1946, at the Higher Broughton Synagogue, of Jack, younger son of Mrs. Agusta Pickles, and the late Mr. Hyman Pickles, of "Meadowbank," Sheepfoot Lane, Prestwich, to Evelyn Vera, younger daughter of Mrs. Selina Shaffer, and the late Mr. Louis Shaffer, of 67, Upper Park Road, Salford, 7.

The death occurred on August 1, 1946, of Penelope Frances, aged six months, only child of Ruth and Leonard FIERSTONE, of 6, Endersleigh Gardens, N.W.4.

SERVICES AND PREACHERS

LONDON

TO-MORROW (SABBATH)

Brixton, Effra Road, S.W. — The Rev. C. I. Shine
Cricklewood, Walm Lane, N.W. — The Rev. Dr. I. Rapaport, C.F. (Candidate for office)
Golders Green, Dunstan Road, N.W. — The Rev. M. A. Lew (of Highgate Synagogue)
Hendon Adath Yisroel, Central Hall, N.W. (Before Musaf) — Rabbi Dr. S. Schonfeld
St. John's Wood, Abbey Road, N.W. — Rabbi I. Brodie (Senior Jewish Chaplain to H.M. Forces)
Service for Moral Leadership Course
West Ham District, Earlham Grove, E. — The Rev. I. Waller, B.A.

FORTHCOMING EVENTS

LONDON

MONDAY, AUGUST 12

Anglo-Palestinian Club. Speakers' Class. 8 p.m. Under the direction of Saul Myer.

TUESDAY, AUGUST 13

D.H.I.S.C. "Option on Opera," 61, Riffel Road, N.W.2. 8 p.m. prompt. All welcome.

WEDNESDAY, AUGUST 14

Anglo-Palestinian Club. Hebrew Talk by Mrs. R. Mazur. "The Palestinian Scene." 8 p.m. Arranged by the Hebrew-Speaking Circle and Tarbuth Association. Visitors from Palestine are cordially welcome.

The Association of Jewish Ex-Servicemen. Social Section meets every Wednesday at 62, Warrington Crescent, Maida Vale, W.9. 7.30 p.m.

THURSDAY, AUGUST 15

Anglo-Palestinian Club. Book Discussion on "Racketeers of Hatred," by Louis W. Bondy. 8 p.m. Opener: Mr. Shabtai Rowson.

D.H.I.S.C. Dance and Social Evening. Silver Horseshoe, 241, Neasden Lane, N.W.10, from 8 to 11 p.m. All welcome.

SUNDAY, AUGUST 18

Anglo-Palestinian Club. Art Exhibition by Elly Horowitz. 5 p.m. Opening by Lady Strabolgi.

PROVINCIAL

WEDNESDAY, AUGUST 14

BOURNEMOUTH

South of England Jewish Association. Lecture by Mr. Ronald Fletcher, LL.B., of the Zionist Federation, on "Zionism." St. Peter's Small Hall, Hinton Road. 7.30 p.m.

GUARDIANS FIND WORK FOR EX-SERVICEMEN

Sixty-five ex-Servicemen were found employment by the Boys' Welfare Department of the Jewish Board of Guardians, stated Lord Justice Cohen, presiding at a recent meeting of the Board.

The General Welfare Committee, from April until July 12, had dealt with 243 cases, which were no longer being assisted. Two hundred and thirty-nine were still receivmg assistance.

The Board confirmed the election to the General Welfare Committee of Messrs. Geoffrey Hartog, M. C. Holt, and Maurice Stephany, Mrs. Sydney Levine, and the Hon. Peter Samuel.

The Chairman pointed out that it was the Board's policy to appoint younger men to carry on the work of the Committees.

It was also decided, on the proposal of Lord Justice Cohen, to adopt the recommendation of the Executive that the question of changing the name of the Board be fully considered at a special meeting convened for the purpose after the Holy-days.

The statement of income and expenditure for the six months ended June 30, presented by Sir H. d'Avigdor Goldsmid, was adopted.

MIKVAH FOR EAST LONDON

A meeting of the London Board of Mikvaot, held at 19a, Leman Street, E.1, last week agreed to the recommendation of the Executive Committee moved by Mr. I. Landau, who presided, that a 99 years' lease be taken on 131/133, Cannon Street Road, E., for the purpose of establishing a Mikvah in East London, and that the Treasurers of the Board shall act as Trustees for the property.

Mr. Landau said that the Council had invited the following to be Hon. Officers of the Board: Dayan I. Abramsky, Rabbis Kopul Rosen and Dr. S. Schonfeld, Vice-Presidents; Messrs. Isaac Landau, Chairman; Oscar Philipp and S. E. Sklan, Vice-Chairmen; Aba Bornstein and H. M. Lunzer, Treasurers; Dr. J. Braude and Mr. A. B. Olivestone, Hon. Secretaries.

The recommendation that the office of President should remain vacant until the appointment of a Chief Rabbi was agreed to, as was also the recommendation that, in addition to the six representatives to be elected by the Federation of Synagogues to the Council, the United Synagogue and the Union of Orthodox Hebrew Congregations be asked to appoint six members each.

Mr. Landau said that the Federation of Synagogues had sent the Board £500—the first half of the £1,000 a year for two years which they had promised.

BEARSTED MEMORIAL HOSPITAL

Borough Council's Recommendation

From Councillor SAMUEL FISHER

To the Editor of THE JEWISH CHRONICLE

SIR,—Your readers will, I am sure, be interested in the report and recommendation of the Maternity and Child Welfare Committee of the Stoke Newington Borough Council, which reads as follows:

"We have been asked by the Jewish Maternity Hospital, Incorporated, to support their application to the London County Council and the Ministry of Health for necessary approvals in respect of the construction of the Bearsted Memorial Hospital in Lordship Road.

"We are informed that the building of a Maternity Home in Lordship Road commenced in 1938, but the work had to be abandoned soon after the outbreak of war until last year, when construction on a portion of the site was resumed. It is hoped that 31 beds will soon be available, and we are advised that, although the Hospital will be a sectarian institution, facilities will be provided for the confinement of non-Jewish mothers.

"The original scheme provided for 100 beds, and it is understood that the necessary labour and plant are available on the site for carrying out the whole of the work, but the Ministry of Health will give priority for only part of the scheme to proceed. The Ministry state that first consideration in building must be given to housing requirements.

"We consider that there is an urgent need for the establishment of such a Maternity Home in the Borough, particularly as there is no adequate accommodation for maternity cases in or near the Borough and the need for such accommodation is increasing on account of the rising birth-rate. The extent to which residential premises are crowded at the present time also makes it very difficult to arrange home confinements. It is anticipated that the position will be further aggravated by the fact that there is no lying-in space provided by the London County Council for the 7,500 new residents who will occupy the Woodberry Down Estate.

"We recommend: that representations be submitted to the Ministry of Health and the London County Council in support of the completion of the building of the Bearsted Memorial Hospital."

I may say that the recommendation was unanimously agreed at the Council Meeting last week.

Yours, &c.,
SAMUEL FISHER (Councillor).
146, Lordship Road, Stoke Newington, N.16.

MR. M. FINLAY, Secretary of the Hospital, writes, in the course of a letter:

We are grateful to you for your very kind observations regarding the work of this hospital, so aptly put in a recent issue. There is one correction, however, which I think should be made clear. Your article titles the hospital as "*formerly* the Jewish Maternity Hospital," whereas it cannot be too clearly stressed that this hospital still *is* the Jewish Maternity Hospital. In fact, the registered title of the Corporation still remains as the "Jewish Maternity Hospital Incorporated," and the title Bearsted Memorial Hospital has been added, by general approval, as a mark of appreciation of the efforts made on behalf of the institution by the *first* Viscount and Viscountess Bearsted. I feel that from your article the Community might construe that the institution was no longer Jewish in character, and anything you may be able to do to dispel this idea would be much appreciated.

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CALENDAR AND DIARY

Av 30 days
Friday, August 9 to Friday, August 16
(Av 12 to Av 19)

Friday (Av 12), August 9. Sabbath begins at 8

Saturday (Av 13), August 10. Portion of the Law (Torah) ואתחנן Deuteronomy iii. 23 to vii. 11. Portion of Prophets (Haftara) Isaiah xl. 1-26 [Ethics 4.]

Sabbath ends (in London) at 9.19

Monday (Av 15), August 12.....המשה עשר

Friday (Av 19), August 16. Sabbath begins at 7.30

BIBLE READERS' UNION

Saturday, August 10 .. .. Numbers 11
Week ending Saturday, August 17 Numbers 12-18

Particulars can be obtained from the Bible Readers' Union, Woburn House, Upper Woburn Place, London, W.C.1.

NOTABLE DAYS IN 1946 (5706-7)

5706				1946	
II Adar	11 ..	Fast of Esther ..	Thurs.	March	14
,,	14 ..	Purim	Sunday	,,	17
Nisan	15 ..	Passover, 1st day ..	Tuesday	April	16
,,	16 ..	,, 2nd day ..	Wed.	,,	17
,,	21 ..	,, 7th day ..	Monday	,,	22
,,	22 ..	,, 8th day ..	Tuesday	,,	23
Iyar	18 ..	33rd day of Omer	Sunday	May	19
Sivan	6 ..	Pentecost, 1st day ..	Wed	June	5
,,	7 ..	2nd day ..	Thursday	,,	6
Tammuz	17 ..	Fast of Tammuz ..	Tuesday	July	16
Av	9 ..	Fast of Av	Tues.	August	6
5707					
Tishri	1 ..	New Year, 1st day	Thursday	Sept.	26
,,	2 ..	,, 2nd day	Friday	,,	27
,,	4 ..	Fast of Gedaliah ..	Sunday	,,	29
,,	10 ..	Day of Atonement	Saturday	Oct.	5
,,	15 ..	Tabernacles 1st day	Thursday	,,	10
,,	16 ..	,, 2nd day	Friday	,,	11
,,	21 ..	Hashana Rabba ..	Wednesday	,,	16
,,	22 ..	Shemini Atseret ..	Thursday	,,	17
,,	23 ..	Simchat Torah ..	Friday	,,	18
Kislev	25 ..	Chanucah	Wed.	Dec.	18

Rashe Chodashim.—Shevat, Thursday, January 3. *I Adar, Saturday, February 2. *II Adar, Monday, March 4. Nisan Tuesday, April 2. *Iyar, Thursday, May 2. Sivan, Friday, May 31. *Tammuz, Sunday, June 30. Av, Monday, July 29. *Ellul, Wednesday, August 28. *Marcheshvan, Saturday, October 26. Kislev, Sunday, November 24. *Tebet, Tuesday, December 24.

*The previous day also is observed as Rosh Chodesh.

THE CENTRAL BRITISH FUND
for Jewish Relief and Rehabilitation

must continue

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if

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E.C.4,
or
The Central British Fund,
Woburn House,
Upper Woburn Place, W.C.1

Palestine Movement

ARAB-JEWISH DELEGATION FOR LONDON

Jews Given Military Car

For the first time in many years Palestine Arab and Jewish citrus growers have sent a joint delegation to London to negotiate with the Ministry of Food for the disposal of this year's crop. The delegation, which is composed of four Jews and four Arabs, also intends to proceed to the Continent of Europe.

The Jewish members of the delegation are Mr. Z. H. Isaacson, Chairman of the Pardess Syndicate, Mr. Isaac Rokach, a brother of the Mayor of Tel-Aviv, Mr. Chorin, and Mr. E. Visser. The Arab members are Said Effendi Bedas, Zaki Effendi Barakat, H. Hanoun, and Mr. Gargour, representing the Arab-Christian citrus industrialists.

The Jewish members left Tel-Aviv last Tuesday afternoon after the searches had already begun. They were conveyed to Lydda in a military car.

ECUADOR TO DEMAND JEWISH STATE

The Ecuadorean delegation to the United Nations General Assembly, which is to meet at the end of September, will be instructed to support the demand for a Jewish State in Palestine, it was announced in Quito by the President of the Republic, Senor Velasco Ibarra, and the Minister for Foreign Affairs, Senor Jose Vicente Trujillo.

The announcement was made by the President and the Foreign Minister when they received Mr. M. Toff, of the Latin-American Department of the Jewish Agency for Palestine. The Foreign Minister also promised that he would ask other Governments in South America to join with Ecuador in supporting Jewish aims at the United Nations Assembly.

ZIONIST REVISIONISTS TO MEET IN PARIS

The Executive of the Revisionist Organisation in Jerusalem has decided to convene a full meeting of all members of the Executive in Paris, possibly in the course of the present month. It is likely that this will take place at the same time as the Emergency World Conference which the Jewish Agency Executive are planning to hold in Paris, as well as the meeting of the Actions Committee of the Zionist Organisation.

It is also reported from Jerusalem that it has been decided to convene a World Conference of the United Zionist Revisionists, possibly in Paris, before the end of the year.

A Herzl-Jabotinsky memorial meeting was recently held at the Grand Palais, Commercial Road, London, E.1, under the auspices of the East London United Revisionist Branch.

PALESTINE MARITIME LEAGUE

Branch to be Formed in England

Mr. Menahem Rivlin, General Secretary of the Palestine Maritime League, speaking recently at the Anglo-Palestinian Club on "The Jew on the Seven Seas," dealt mainly with the work of the League since it was established ten years ago, as an important factor in the economic life of Palestine.

Lt.-Col. Frank Bustard, O.B.E., presided.

Mr. Rivlin said they knew at the outset that the Yishuv would not be able to fulfil the task they had set themselves unless a strong and widespread movement for the League came into existence in the various Jewish centres abroad. Before the war there were branches of the League in Poland, England, and South Africa, and friends were enlisted in various other countries.

When the war broke out they suffered a severe set-back in Continental countries and even in England.

But in the meantime the maritime development of Palestine, in which the Palestine Maritime League played its own ever-increasing role, made great progress, but they now found that they could not rely only on the development of the movement in Palestine. The League there had 21,000 members, organised in 190 branches all over the country (in South Africa they had 4,000 members, organised in 25 branches), and now that contact was again possible abroad, they were resuming the organisation of branches all over the world, the first to be in England.

The funds of the League were derived only from membership fees and contributions, which had increased from £1,000 in 1938 to about £68,000 this year.

The League was a non-party and non-political organisation and was supported by the various sections of the Yishuv.

The annual meeting of the Wembley and District Zionist Society was held recently. The Rev. S. Venritt presided and presented the annual report, which showed an increase in membership and the sale of shekalim. The following were elected: the Rev. M. Berman, Chairman; Dr. L. Dymond, and Mr. N. Goldenberg, Vice-Chairmen; Mrs. S. Klein, Treasurer; Miss B. J. Barwell, Hon. Secretary; and a Committee.

Reports reaching Paris from Damascus state that police searched the Jewish quarter, arresting persons who are to be tried on charges of clandestine connection with Zionism.

PALESTINE POLICE AND CATHOLICS

The CATHOLIC HERALD reports that it has investigated the suggestion contained in a message from Jerusalem printed recently in this paper that there is "A 'Papist Hierarchy' in the Palestine Police," under the influence of which Roman Catholics have the best chances of promotion.

The writer in the Catholic newspaper goes on:

"The fact is that the Palestine Police was originally recruited from the Royal Irish Constabulary, hence the number of Catholic foundation members, many of whom have retired, but a few of whom have risen to senior posts. Nevertheless the actual figures show fewer Catholics to-day than might have been expected in the circumstances. Thus, among officers equivalent to captain's rank or above, only four Catholics out of 26 are at headquarters and C.I.D., 22 out of 136 are in the District and Mobile Police, and there is only one Catholic out of six district superintendents. My informant tells me that there is no 'sectarianism' or 'favouritism' whatever."

Obituary

Mr. A. BLONDIN (London), 58, was Secretary of the Master Ladies' Tailors Organisation for the past 11 years. Mr. S. Corman writes, in a tribute: "In trade matters whether at the Board of Trade, at the Permanent Joint Committee, or, in negotiations with other bodies, Mr. Blondin earned for himself the same appreciation and high opinion that he achieved among his own members who were so dear to his heart. The 'master tailor' has lost in Mr. Blondin a valuable and sincere friend."

Mrs. REBEKAH ECKER (Norwich), 70, was the first Secretary of the Synagogue Ladies' Society, and a former President. Her son is the Treasurer of the Congregation. The Rev. M. I. Fabritz writes, in a tribute, of her hospitality to members of the Forces during the 1914-18, and also the recent war.

Mr. PHILIP FREEMAN (Belfast) was Treasurer of the Belfast Beth Hasepher for a number of years. Rabbi J. Shachter writes: "He was an active and sincere communal worker and a ready helper in all the charitable causes of the Community. His only son, Dr. T. Freeman, served in H.M. Forces during the war."

Mrs. GOLDA JAFFE (Manchester), 61, was the wife of Mr. Wolfe Jaffe, Life President of the Kahal Chassidim Synagogue, and mother of Mr. Zalman Jaffe, President of the Synagogue, the Rev. Maurice A. Jaffe, Senior Jewish Chaplain to the British Army of the Rhine, Dr. Ephraim Jaffe, Chairman of the Torah Va'Avodah, and Mr. Joseph Jaffe, Second Reader of the Holy Law Synagogue.

Tributes to the late Mr. Morris Wartski have been received from Mr. H. E. Salomons and Mr. J. Ross.

RECENT WILLS

Among wills recently proved are the following:

	Gross
Mr. Adolph C. C. Schultz, Torquay (net personalty £119,937)	£124,652
Mr. Alphonse E. Nahum, Manchester (n.p. £100,160)	£122,308
Mr. Henry M. Jacob, Hampstead (n.p. £201,732)	£210,556
Mr. M. Harris, Stamford Hill	£11,059
Mr. J. Marks, London (n.p. £49,787)	£95,110

Imperial and Foreign

JEWS, ARABS, AND UNO

Reported Plan for Independent Palestine

[*From our Correspondent*—PARIS]

The Jewish Agency Executive, by excluding the Press from its meetings here, has created an atmosphere of mystery which has inevitably given rise to a crop of rumours and unconfirmed reports.

Among them, perhaps the most interesting is one that an Arabic expert from the Agency has been sent to make contact with Arab leaders. His task, the report says, is to suggest a plan for Palestine to come directly under Uno as a self-governing territory from which all British troops would be withdrawn. A further condition of the reported plan is that Uno would give a guarantee that no foreign troops would have right of passage through the country, even in time of war. Another feature of this plan is that a specific Arab enclave, to be known as Abdullah, and which would form part of Transjordan, would be established with Nablus as its centre: in compensation, Palestine would receive an area, at present desert, adjoining the eastern shores of the Dead Sea.

The French Jewish Community is very diverse in character, and it is no easy matter to obtain a clear picture of its reaction to the latest proposals for Palestine. One thing, however, is certain, and that is that recent events have resulted in the bitterest condemnation of Great Britain.

Zionists have condemned the Anglo-American experts' plan for Palestine. They declare that its effect would be to set up another ghetto.

Socialists, even the non-Zionists, are suspicious of the proposal for a British area in the Negev, as they regard it as another instance of "imperialism" which they have been pained to discover still colours British foreign policy.

The Communists, who call themselves anti-Zionist, seem to be only too happy to have found another stick with which to beat the British "Labour-Fascists."

Jews in this country number approximately 220,000, of whom 80,000 are French refugees. The pre-war population was 350,000. Even so, France now has the largest Jewish Community in the west of the European continent. Like the population at large, Jews, in the main, are Socialists, with an important Communist element.

DEATH FOR HUNGARIAN POGROMISTS

Catholic Students Hand Out Anti-Jewish Leaflets

Three persons were sentenced to death by a Budapest Military Court after being convicted of instigating the Kunmadaras pogrom in May, during which three Jews were killed and more than 20 injured.

In his summing up, the President of the Court said: "The sentences are severe, but the fist of democracy will strike down those who seek to foment conflicts between the people. These sentences must be followed by countless others until all the mad criminals, steeped in the Fascist spirit, disappear from the country."

Three defendants were sentenced to imprisonment for life, and two to 15 years with hard labour, confiscation of their property, and expulsion from Kunmadaras. A policeman got six years and four youths long terms in approved schools.

While the court was in session, illegal leaflets were distributed in the court-room. They contained this paragraph: "Hungarian feudalism has been rooted up, now it is the turn of the Jewish Cohens and Rosenbergs."

Two girl students of Budapest University, adds Jewish World News, confessed to having distributed the leaflets, on instructions of the Catholic student organisation, which is under the patronage of the Hungarian Primate, Mindeszenty.

The Hungarian Parliament has agreed to appoint an inter-party committee to investigate anti-Semitism and recommend measures to eliminate it.

A Franciscan friar, alleged to have been responsible for anti-Semitic sermons at the largest church in Buda, has been transferred to the provinces.

MOB LYNCH TWO JEWS AFTER AGITATION CAMPAIGN

Two Jews, alleged to have violated price regulations, were lynched in the market place of Miskolc, about 80 miles north-east of Budapest, by a mob of 2,500 people.

M. Laszlo Rajk, Hungarian Minister of the Interior, said that, if necessary, he would call upon the Red Army occupation troops to maintain order. Police have been instructed to fire at demonstrators refusing to disperse.

Enraged because 16 persons who participated in the lynching had been arrested, a crowd broke into the police building and murdered Arthur Fraenkel, a Jew, who was head of the Political Investigation Department.

The two original victims, millers named Frendreisz and Reitoe, were set upon by iron-workers from the Diosgyoer and Ozd plants. There are indications that there had been considerable agitation in the works and that the lynchings were not spontaneous. A meeting was held at the Diosgyoer plant, and speakers appealed to the workers to remain calm.

The trial has started in the Slovakian town of Kosice of 750 Hungarian Fascist youths, former members of the Arrow Cross organisation.

As large numbers of Jewish refugees from Poland continue to arrive at Czechoslovak frontier stations, Mr. Israel G. Jacobson, Joint Distribution Committee Director for Czechoslovakia, is negotiating with the Government with a view to increasing the weekly quota of 5,000 refugees now allowed to enter Czechoslovakia.

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Polish Jewry's First Need

Continued from page 1

atmosphere after Kielce, are such that they are afraid and are preparing to leave.

The next Jewish farmer I visited was a demobilised officer of the Kosciuszko Regiment, which had fought side by side with the Red Army. He held the highest Polish war decoration, the Virtuti Militari, and was also a Hero of the Soviet Union. He had fought in many battles, including that of Berlin, in which he lost one eye.

As the son of a Jewish farmer, he and three other Jewish farming families were given a large German farm to cultivate.

Outwardly they seemed happy, but when I questioned him he replied: "I have lost half of my health in fighting for this country. I am ready to offer the remaining half for the sake of building it up; but we are all disillusioned men."

I found only one farmer, also a demobilised officer, who declared his readiness to remain. He had no relatives abroad, he said; but even if he had he would stay on.

It so happened that this ex-officer was just moving into a farm which had belonged to his friend, another ex-Jewish officer, who left it because a few nights earlier several unknown persons broke into his farm demanding to see him. He refused to open the door and fired several shots into the air.

He was frightened by the incident and decided to leave the country. His friend who takes over said: "I will not leave the farm. I will try and organise my own self-defence and see that others do the same."

It was difficult for me to give them any advice, for which most asked, or express any opinion on the spot. But writing this now it seems to me that in the circumstances this Jewish farmer was probably right. His attitude was not that of his fellow Jews in the village. But in view of the impossibility of obtaining a visa even to any country, his decision was the best possible.

A leading Pole whom I spoke to later, and who was responsible for allotting these farms to Jews, maintained that although not all Jews on these farms were really the best farming elements, their presence was most desired. "The Jews," he declared, "are the most reliable settlers, and it is easy to work with them. They are intelligent and could play a most beneficial rôle."

He believed that there was a future for Jews on these good lands. But he was sceptical as to whether they could be persuaded to stay. He thought that Jewish organisations should start a campaign to persuade Jews to stay.

As regards security, he believed that the Jewish farmers could organise their own defence and that the Government would allow them to do so. Here in this once German, and now Jewish, village the essential problem is, as it is in the towns, one of security. Once this could be guaranteed, conditions would probably not be so intolerable.

SOME STUDENTS WANT GHETTO BENCHES

[*From our Correspondent*—WARSAW]

There is still discrimination against Jews at the Polish Universities. Although condemned officially, there are attempts to introduce anti-Semitic habits. At Wroclaw (formerly Breslau) University some youths tried to introduce ghetto benches.

There are about 100 Jewish students now at Wroclaw. Most of them still have the Christian names they assumed under Nazi occupation. They were at first accepted as non-Jews and treated well. But, gradually, their Jewish origin is becoming known and they are losing their friends.

Incidentally, Wroclaw University was changed from German into Polish by Dr. Hirshfeld, a well-known Jewish professor. It was he who travelled extensively to induce professors to come to Wroclaw to start the University.

The attitude of the average professor is not much better than that of the students. In most cases, as in Cracow, for instance, most of them are known for their reactionary views.

POLICE FOIL ANTI-JEWISH RIOTS

[*From our Correspondent*—WARSAW]

Energetic police action last week frustrated three attempts to provoke anti-Jewish riots. In Sosnowiec a crowd sought to attack Jews because a two-year-old Christian child was missing. The police found the child a few hundred yards from its home.

Whilst this incident was being dealt with a rumour was spread that another child had been killed by Jews. The police arrested a number of persons, and established that the rumours were spread deliberately to provoke anti-Jewish assaults.

The third attempt occurred at Klodzko, formerly Glatz, in Lower Silesia. A woman named Janina Kostek started a rumour that a Jew had raped a Christian girl. The police immediately arrested her. She admitted that she was aware that had she been successful she would have produced "another Kielce."

In Kielce, the situation is quiet. The examination of the arrested still goes on, and about 150 leading citizens, known for their reactionary and anti-Semitic views, have been arrested and sent to labour camps.

TERRORISTS SEND "DEATH" LETTERS

[*From our Correspondent*—WARSAW]

Leading Polish Jews—in addition to members of the Government—have received letters threatening them with death if they remain in the country. They are believed to have been sent by the N.S.Z., secret nationalist terrorists.

Attempts to spread panic among Jews are being made by chalking anti-Jewish slogans on Jewish homes and by marking them with special signs.

Four member of the Gordinia Kibbutz, in Byalistok, have been murdered while travelling in a Warsaw-bound train. They are David Sher, aged 25; Abraham Rudnitski, 20; Tsevi Scheinberg, 26; and David Hirsch, 22.

ARMY OFFICIALS DISTORTED FOEHRENWALD FACTS

Jewish Committee's Serious Charges

Charges that certain army officials have distorted the facts concerning the disturbances in the Foehrenwald camp, when one Jew was killed and several wounded, are contained in a series of sworn affidavits submitted to Rabbi Philip S. Bernstein, Adviser on Jewish Affairs to General McNarney, by the Jewish Central Committee in Munich.

The Committee also accuse the Army newspaper, STARS AND STRIPES, of acting as a "mouthpiece for false stories," although its correspondent was present during the disturbances.

According to the documents submitted, a German mail truck, which picked up two Jewish D.P.s on their way from Wolfrathausen to Foehrenwald, was stopped by two German policemen named Mueller and Anker. One of the policemen remained on his motor-cycle, while the other argued with the driver about speeding and also harangued the two Jews when they attempted to leave the truck.

One of the policemen fired into the air, causing a panic among a group of D.P.s who had gathered outside the camp gates. At this point, the policeman who had remained on his motor-cycle fired at the group, killing Isaac Feldberg and seriously wounding Reuben Machteh in the right arm. They then rode to Munich and informed military authorities that they had been attacked by D.P.s.

This version of the incident was told by Simcha Rubinstein, a D.P. who at one time was well known in Poland as a boxer. The mail truck driver declared that the two policemen had attempted to force him to sign a statement that D.P.s had attacked and tried to disarm them.

The STARS AND STRIPES report said that the police were checking a D.P. truck when they were fired upon and attacked by a group of displaced persons. The newspaper also printed a vivid account of how troops stood guard with fixed bayonets at the camp gates following the incident. It omitted to mention that this was during the funeral of the 22-year-old Feldberg. The paper also neglected to reveal that six D.P.s were stabbed in the back when they attempted to hold back the crowd.

The major fault, reports the Jewish Telegraphic Agency, lies with Army Intelligence for releasing distorted stories to correspondents.

ORGANISING D.P. MOVEMENTS

After conferring for three days with Jewish leaders assembled in Paris for the Peace Conference and the meeting of the Jewish Agency Executive on problems of displaced Jews in Germany, Rabbi Philip S. Bernstein, Adviser on Jewish Affairs to General McNarney, returned to Germany.

At a meeting attended by Dr. Stephen S. Wise, Mr. Eliezer Kaplan, Dr. Nahum Goldmann, Mr. Eliahu Dobkin, Dr. Simon Segal, of the American Jewish Committee, Dr. Joseph J. Schwartz, of the Joint Distribution Committee, and others, Rabbi Bernstein urged that the stream of refugees towards Western Europe be directed in a more systematic manner so as to make room for the reception of refugees fleeing from the East. He pointed out that conditions among the displaced Jews could be improved considerably if the area in which refugees could find safety was widened.

All those present expressed great appreciation of the efforts of the American military authorities in Germany to cope with a tragic situation.

RELIEF UNIT'S FLYING SQUAD

The Jewish Relief Unit has organised a flying squad to deal with the setting up of emergency centres for Jews entering the British zone. The squad consists of a leader and several experienced workers who take with them stores and clothing for the immediate relief of the newcomers.

A Relief Unit in Austria assisted the Unrra Director to set up a second Jewish displaced persons' camp in the British zone at St. Marein. This camp was organised to deal with the mass infiltration of Jews from Poland which is taxing accommodation in the American zone. Some of the equipment had to be brought 200 miles, but in spite of this everything was ready to receive the 560 displaced persons.

JEWS MUST NOT SHIELD NAZIS

The Central Committee of Jewish Communities in the British zone has forbidden members of Jewish Communities to issue written statements exonerating former Nazis. Members who issue such statements will be expelled from the Community. Members may, however, use their discretion about giving verbal evidence before the competent authorities in favour of a former Nazi to whom they feel they owe gratitude.

The Dusseldorf Welfare Committee announced that Jews who had received allocations of furniture were excused from paying any fees.

SHANGHAI REFUGEES FOR AUSTRALIA

A party of 285 Jewish men, women, and children, the largest contingent of refugees to leave Shanghai for overseas since the capitulation of Japan, has sailed for Australia aboard the s.s. General Gordon. They will land at Sydney, where they will be directed to points of permanent settlement in various parts of the country. Their passage was arranged by the Joint Distribution Committee.

SLOVAK COMMISSAR HANGED

Dr. Anton Vasek, former Commissar for Jewish Affairs in the Slovak puppet Government, who was sentenced to death as responsible for the deportation of 50,000 Jews to extermination camps, was executed by hanging last week.

Following the trials of members of the former Fascist Government, reactionaries have intensified their anti-Jewish propaganda and a fresh wave of anti-Semitism is sweeping the country. Czechs and Jews have been assaulted in Trencianske Teplice. Special precautionary measures have been taken by the Slovak authorities, but the situation is tense.

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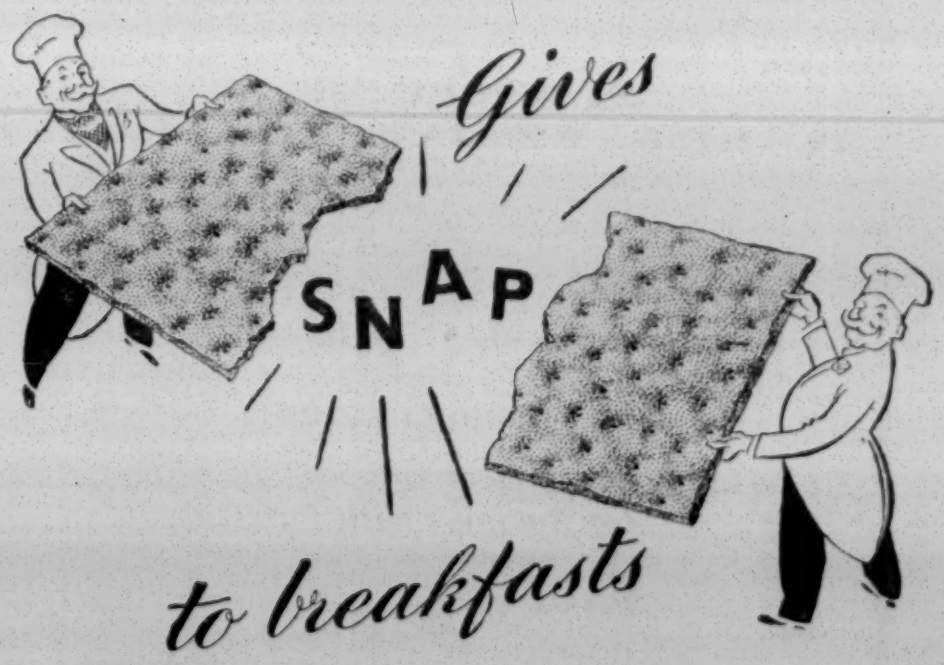

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WHITHER JEWRY?

ONCE again in the three-and-a-half millennia of our history, Jewry finds itself faced with a major dilemma. In many respects it is not a new crisis, nor has it suddenly appeared. What has happened is that recent events have brought it violently to the fore. The King David Hotel crime has done far more than destroy valuable lives and property; it has shaken Jewry's moral foundations, awakened us from a mental torpor. And on top of the explosion has come the British Government's proposals for a federated Palestine, a plan which is intended to produce a final settlement of the problem which Great Britain shouldered when, in November, 1917, in a burst of righteous enthusiasm, she issued the Balfour Declaration. That was a moment of splendid exaltation. The future seemed assured. On November 9, 1917, this journal wrote: "For the first time since the days of Cyrus, a great Government has hailed the Jews as one among the family of nations. This is much more than a Jewish triumph. It is a triumph for civilisation and for humanity. It will mean releasing for mankind, as a great spiritual force, the soul of our people." Three years later, Sir Herbert Samuel was appointed first High Commissioner for Palestine and the stage seemed to be set for a new and happier act of the Jewish drama. Peace had again come to the world, and the Jewish National Home was to be built under the aegis of Jewry's staunchest friend, England. And now? Less than 30 years have gone, and all that is changed. Another great war has passed, the fighting is over, but Peace seems far away. Jewry has lost six million of its people—relatively the greatest casualty list of any nation—and the National Home, its greatest hope, is in dire peril. Jews scan the face of the world, and demand what is their destiny.

Let the historians wrangle over the reasons for the present predicament while we turn for a moment to examine the forces at work, and see whither they are leading Jewry. The great wave of popular enthusiasm and idealism which produced such magnificent results in Palestine between the two wars has suffered a severe setback. While the Government's statement of policy has created despair, irreparable damage has also been caused by the Jewish terrorists. This terrible force, the antithesis of all that is Jewish, rightly condemned by all responsible leaders, has done more hurt to Jewry than any amount of material damage could do to the British Government. It has pierced the Community's soul, quenched the fire of its zeal, and forced it to ask: Is it possible that Zionism, Herzl's and Nordau's noble conceptions, could really have sunk so low? *Corruptio optimi pessima!* No wonder that many are turning away in bitter disappointment, while others ask, with our contemporary HAARETZ in Palestine, whether the time has not come for a thorough purge of the present Zionist administration.

To those Jews who find that the present phase of political Zionism no longer gives them that mental and spiritual inspiration which they had previously derived, the choice with which they are faced is a difficult one. Their attachment to the age-old aspiration for Eretz Yisrael cannot easily be broken. But, they inquire, how can it be reconciled with what appears to be emerging, a tiny balkanised Jewish province deprived even of Zion itself? And so, disillusioned and disappointed, some turn to the time-worn remedy of the minority which has lost its faith in its own destiny, and court assimilation. Others declare that a Jewish National Home in a capitalist milieu is incompatible and embrace Communism, which, too, logically leads to assimilation. Yet others look to territorialism to give them, in an empty country, not yet found, that Jewish community life which Palestine can grant to only a fraction of the masses who wish to start life anew.

Thus, while this melancholy dilemma persists, causing Jews to search their hearts and consciences in an attempt to reorientate themselves to these profoundly changing conditions, it is important to reaffirm certain fundamental Jewish standards of value. The basic faith of Jewish nationalism—Israel's reawakening to the consciousness of his obligations before God and man—has perhaps seldom been more convincingly stated than when 70 years ago George Eliot wrote in "Daniel Deronda":

"Looking towards a land and a polity, our dispersed people in all the ends of the earth may share the dignity of a national life which has a voice among the peoples of the East and the West—which will plant the wisdom and skill of our race so that it may be as of old, a medium of transmission and understanding. . . . The outraged Jew shall have a defence in the court of nations, as the outraged Englishman or American. And the world will gain as Israel gains. For there will be a community in the van of the East which carries the culture and the sympathies of every great nation in its bosom; there will be a land set for a halting-place of enmities."

That prophecy sounds somewhat hollow to-day. Yet no Jewish heart could fail to be moved by the news which was published this week on Tisha b'Av, the anniversary of the destruction of the Temple. When a convoy of "illegal immigrants" arrived in Haifa harbour, the cry was raised in English from ship to ship, "Liberty; freedom! Liberty; freedom!"

But are the high ideals and fine aspirations of the early Zionists to be buried under the ruins of the King David Hotel? Surely, neither through lack of wisdom nor of faith are we again going to see Jews "wiped out from their land, dispersed over the world, full of heroism but achieving nothing." On the one hand, the British Government must, and we believe will, continue to strain every effort to fulfil the solemn obligations which it accepted when it was granted the Mandate for Palestine. On the other hand, it is imperative that a higher standard of statesmanship should be shown by the Jewish Agency than it has for long displayed. The outright rejection of the Federation plan, notwithstanding its obvious shortcomings, "as unacceptable as a basis for discussions" implies an uncompromising attitude which bodes ill. The future of Palestine concerns all Jewry, not only the Zionist Organisation. It would seem then to be highly desirable for the Agency to adhere strictly to the spirit of its constitution, which provides also for non-Zionist representatives of world Jewry, so that men with a broad outlook and experienced in the practical problems of government should actively participate in the Agency's heavy responsibilities.

THE JEWISH CHAPLAINS

THERE was a pleasing occasion at Woburn House recently, when the devoted services of the staff of the Senior Jewish Chaplain's office during six years, most of those services given under conditions of intensive warfare, were tangibly acknowledged and a well-deserved tribute was paid not only to the loyalty and devotion but at times even the heroism displayed. Chaplains and ex-Chaplains joined in expressing their appreciation of all that the members of the staff had done to assist them in their tasks and to make them easier. The gathering was for the purpose of marking the appreciation of the Chaplains, but the occasion may be taken for recording also the devoted service of the Chaplains themselves. The presence of British Jewish Chaplains in the field is, of course, not without precedent. The precedent was set over thirty years ago, with the organisation of a Jewish Military Chaplain's Department, first by Rabbi Francis Cohen and after him by the Rev. Michael Adler, who was later awarded the D.S.O. But the number of Jews in the British Armed Forces in the recent war—60,000 at least—largely exceeded the number of those who served in the European War of 1914-18. The 1939-45 war lasted longer and was far more intense, and it was being waged actively at home as well as abroad. The anxieties and needs of the young men and women were in consequence far greater and the help and advice, sometimes consolation, the Chaplains could give them were all the greater, all the more necessary, and all the more welcome. Dayan Gollop, whose health broke down under the strain, and his successor, Rabbi Brodie, had the advantage of the services of a body of men—some of whom also laid down their lives—of whom they and the Community in general cannot speak in words of too great praise. The men and women in, or lately in, the Forces also are under a deep debt of gratitude to them and realise it. There were, of course, occasional complaints—it is of the nature of the soldier to complain—but they were never very serious. Although the war has ended, it must not be thought that the need for Jewish Chaplains has ended with it. With conscription in force, there is still an appreciable intake of Jews into the Navy, Army, and Air Force, and the problem of spiritual ministration for them has still to be met. Part of this need would be fulfilled if, as is now being suggested in official quarters, permanent Jewish Chaplains to the Forces were to be appointed. Incidentally, it is disturbing to learn that some ex-Chaplains are finding it difficult to obtain Synagogue positions, in spite of important ministerial posts being still vacant. Their very experiences, their intimate contacts with their young and vital "congregations" during the war, should be their best advocates to congregations seeking to fill such vacancies.

MORE PRESS MISREPRESENTATIONS

RECENT events in Palestine have been quite sufficiently unhappy and, in many instances, detestable to spare both the participant, especially the involuntary one, and the onlooker the further pain of exacerbations, exaggerations, and even inventions. Nevertheless, in certain sections of the press every opportunity seems to be taken to aggravate the situation, overheated as it is, by twists and turns of the news and by incitatory headlines and biased comments. Sensation-mongering seems to be the main if not the only purpose of these tactics, without regard to any further unfortunate consequences that may ensue. Certain journals, possibly with an idea of assisting themselves in the competition for the largest circulation, appear to be always willing to pander to the lower instincts of the often thoughtless and unquestioning mass of people from whom they draw the bulk of their readers, and recent events in Palestine have provided them with opportunities for a small harvest. Thus one popular paper, not satisfied to report the discovery of some arms and uniforms in the air-raid shelter in the basement of the Tel-Aviv Great Synagogue—sufficient, one would have thought, as a bare statement of the facts for all legitimate purposes—but must continue quite gratuitously with the heading "Terrorist H.Q. found in Great Synagogue," without providing an iota of evidence in support of the charge. Then a weekly paper that boasts regularly of its huge circulation heads an account of a fire and explosion in a tanker in Haifa harbour, "Tanker Explosion was Terror Ruse," quite brazenly attributing the disaster to "Jewish terrorists" and brushing aside altogether the official statement to the effect that there was no reason to believe that the fire was other than accidental. As a contribution towards the solution of a complex problem, the method adopted by such papers leaves a good deal to be desired. "Pace-making" for anti-Semitism is not an adequate substitute for peace-making.

CHRISTIANS AND JEWS

THE International Conference of Christians and Jews which has been meeting in Oxford ended its deliberations on Monday. The main goal towards which these deliberations were directed was the lessening, if not the complete elimination, of the tension that has been displaying itself in many countries, especially those that suffered badly during the war, between sections of the population and the Jews. These displays of prejudice and worse, it was realised, have not only Jews as their object. All the great religions represented at the Conference have also, in one country or other, suffered from the exercise of prejudice, but the case of the Jews stands out above all the others, and to the general onlooker has dwarfed them into insignificance. This anti-Jewish prejudice, of course, goes back far into history, and has widespread roots, and to eradicate it will indeed be a stupendous task. Nearly twenty years of Nazi indoctrination has given it added strength, and the destruction of the National Socialist system has not carried with it the cleansing of Europe of the foulness bred by Nazism. In addition, as one of the speakers at the Conference pointed out, there have been some ephemeral encouragements to the contagion, but these will pass. The positive action decided on was, first, the making of representations to the Peace Conference now sitting in Paris for the safeguarding of human rights and fundamental freedoms, for it was recognised that the cause of the Jews was the cause of humanity and that, on a lower plane, attacks on Jewry were attacks not only on Judaism but also on Christianity. Secondly, the creation of an international council for the promotion of good relations between Christians and Jews was advocated. Such a council would no doubt be able to co-operate with an existing organisation in France known as the L.I.C.A. Finally, it was decided to set up machinery to "combat the growing wave of anti-Semitism." The Conference represented fifteen countries and all branches of Christendom as well as Jewry. It was the first international conference of such a character, and it gives a promise of the turning of a fresh and brighter page in the relations between Christians and Jews.

EDUCATION IN PALESTINE

THE Report of the Government Committee on Jewish Education in Palestine—the McNair Committee—which has just been published, is, in spite of the new policy for a constitution for Palestine which was explained in Parliament last week, still a document of some importance. If that new policy is translated into reality, education will be one of the subjects left entirely to the control of the separate communities or provincial administrations, and the authorities concerned will still be free to act on the Report so far as its recommendations remain practicable, or to modify it as they feel inclined or even to reject it altogether. They will do well, however, to give it very careful consideration. The signatures appended to it fully entitle it to that. If, however, the British Government's proposed new policy fails to mature, on account of the declared opposition to the plan, the Education Report remains a highly relevant document in any consideration of the Palestine scene. One of the recommendations will be found to be very controversial, so controversial as to have failed to secure support from Sir Leon Simon, the only Jewish member of the Committee. Here it may be mentioned that the Colonial Office was anxious to appoint a second Jewish member, but no one suitable was available. This recommendation is to the effect that the Jewish and Arab systems of education in Palestine—which in the lower stages are necessarily limited to children of one or the other community, if only for linguistic reasons—should lead up to a joint system in which Jewish and Arab children and adolescents shall sit side by side. And as neither Hebrew nor Arabic would in these circumstances be accepted as the language of instruction, the Committee recommended the use of English as a neutral tongue. From the point of view of bringing Arab and Jew together, of teaching them from childhood to understand one another, there may be something to say for this proposal, but, as Sir Leon Simon pointed out in his note of reservation, from the Jewish national and cultural point of view the case against it is very strong. A Jewish National Home must be based on Jewish culture, and Jewish culture is dependent for its support on the Jewish language. An education based on English would inevitably tend to substitute English culture for Jewish.

POLISH JEWISH SOLDIERS

A POLISH Jewish correspondent in another column appeals for an organisation to be set up to give advice and guidance to the Jewish members of the Polish Army, until recently serving as a part of the British Forces, who, in common with comrades who also have no immediate desire to return to Poland, intend to accept the British Government's invitation to settle in Great Britain or other parts of the British Dominions and Empire. Our correspondent puts the number of those affected at about 500, but there is reason to believe that when the overseas groups, as well as those stationed in these islands, come to be dealt with, the number will be increased by a few hundred more. The writer suggests the institution of an advisory council. This body need not be a large one, nor should its cost be appreciable. Representatives of the men concerned should certainly be members of it, and, according to our correspondent, the Polish Military Authorities would be willing to delegate a couple of them to represent their comrades on the council. Such a council should prove extremely valuable and would almost certainly be welcomed by both the British and Polish Military Authorities and also by the civil organisation that will have the task of arranging for the settlement or emigration of these men. It is satisfactory to learn, too—and the knowledge should be of some comfort to our correspondent and his comrades—that the matter has been under active consideration by the Board of Deputies, where the appropriate department has been making its own approaches to the authorities concerned with the subject.

"TIES WITH DOMINIONS MUST BE STRONGER"

Rabbi Porush on Continent's Needs

"I think that the ties between the mother country and the Dominion Congregations need strengthening and that such co-operation would be for the benefit of all."

This was said by Rabbi Dr. Israel Porush, Chief Minister of the Great Synagogue, Sydney, Australia, visiting this country as a delegate to the International Conference of Christians and Jews, in an interview with a JEWISH CHRONICLE representative.

Dr. Porush has been on a tour of France, Holland, and Belgium. He was impressed with the efforts being made for religious reconstruction.

"Holland," he told me, "seems to have suffered most, because four-fifths of its Jewish population was deported. The Chief Rabbis of all countries complained of the lack of Ministers, teachers, and leaders.

"In Brussels, for example, efforts are being made to conduct all the children's homes on an orthodox basis. But suitable leaders are not always available," he said.

He had visited a number of children's homes. In some he found the Jewish atmosphere uplifting; in others, there was a spiritual emptiness.

"The restoration to Jewish care of children in non-Jewish homes and institutions was meeting at times, he said, with great difficulty. In Holland it seemed to present a serious problem.

The Australian Government had granted 300 permits for children from Europe some two years ago, he went on. While on the Continent he had made inquiries about the prospects of using these permits in those three countries.

He found that very few would be available, because those ready to emigrate were either going to Palestine or to the U.S.A.

Awakening Jewish Consciousness

During the six years of his ministry in Sydney he had noted a marked awakening of Jewish consciousness in all its spheres in Australia.

From the religious point of view, he stated, the problem of Jewish education was most prominent. The lack of suitable teachers made it difficult to implement the extensive plans prepared in the larger communities.

"Interchange of personnel or the visit of prominent leaders to Australia would not only help to stimulate co-operation but would also give an impetus to Jewish life," he said.

He recommended this idea to organisations such as the United Synagogue, the Chief Rabbinate, and Jews' College.

In his own Synagogue, there was a youth membership scheme inaugurated in 1943. This enabled young people from the age of ten to become junior members of the Synagogue. There were now over 400 of them.

Dr. Porush left Finchley for Australia early in 1940.

YISHUV'S EDUCATIONAL SYSTEM

Colonial Office Commission's Report

The establishment by the Vaad Leumi of a Board of Jewish Education is recommended in the report, published by H.M. Stationery Office last week, of the Commission of Inquiry into the System of Education of the Jewish Community in Palestine, headed by Sir Arnold McNair.

The Commission was appointed by the Secretary of State for the Colonies in 1945, and, in addition to the Chairman, the members were Miss Lucy S. Dancer, Mr. W. Elliott, C.B.E., Mr. A. M. Morley, O.B.E., and Sir Leon Simon, C.B.

The report describes in detail the Jewish educational system, its supervision, administration, and financial basis, as well as the training and recognition of teachers.

Regret is expressed in the report at the dualism of education in Palestine. It is stated that education, which in most countries is a unifying force, has a separatist effect in Palestine. The report suggests that while Hebrew ought to be retained as the language of tuition in elementary and secondary schools, there might be a possibility of uniting Jewish and Arab students, with English as the medium of instruction, on a higher educational level, particularly in professional subjects, such as medicine, technology, engineering, and architecture.

In a note making reservations on this point, Sir Leon Simon stated that for him, as a Zionist, the duality of the Arab and Jewish educational systems was not something to be deplored, but was a natural and proper result of the fact that there were in Palestine two national groups, each with its own language and culture. There was no reason to believe that the existing cleavage, which was political in character, could be abolished or lessened by the use of a common medium of instruction, foreign to both groups, at the higher educational levels. It was the task of statesmanship to remove the obstacles to full harmony between Jews and Arabs without infringing the cultural independence of either.

The report recommends, among other things, that school accommodation should be improved and increased, and that both the kindergarten and post-elementary schools should be brought into closer relationship with the public system. Increased financial provision should be made in the Government budget both for Jewish and Arab education.

The co-operation of the Hebrew University should be sought to establish a Joint Training Board for the purpose of assisting training colleges for teachers; to provide further training courses for teachers already in service; and to train youth leaders. The establishment of a Board of Conciliation to deal with disputes arising out of the service of teachers, revised salary scales, and the establishment of a teachers' pension fund are also recommended.

CANADIAN JEWRY

"Boom" in Hebrew Education

Among the several distinguished Rabbanim from the British Dominions who have been visiting England this summer is Rabbi Charles Bender, Chief Minister of the Adath Israel Synagogue, Montreal, one of the largest Jewish congregations in that city. Rabbi Bender, who was born in Liverpool, went as a young man to the U.S.A., where he became Minister to a large synagogue in Rochester, New York State, and then succeeded the late Rabbi Meldola de Sola as Minister to the oldest-established Jewish Congregation in Montreal—the Spanish and Portuguese.

A few years ago, he received a "call" to the new Adath Israel Congregation in that city. At his present synagogue, he is also Dean of the Hebrew Day School, while in the wider Communal sphere he holds the position of Chairman of the Jewish National Fund of Canada. For some years he was Editor of the CANADIAN JEWISH CHRONICLE. During the war he served as a Chaplain, with the honorary rank of Flight-Lieutenant, in the R.C.A.F.

The opportunity of his first "revisit" for seven years to this country has been taken to interview him by a JEWISH CHRONICLE representative, in order to gain some impressions of Canadian Jewry.

"The average person is prone to think of Canadian Jewry as part of American Jewry," said Rabbi Bender, "but nothing is more fallacious. While it is true that our Communal character is coloured to some degree by the large Jewry across the border, we have nevertheless our own individuality, influenced both by our proximity to the United States and our place as members of the British Commonwealth.

"Considering our vast stretches of land, the 175,000 Jews comprising Canadian Jewry are splendidly organised. Both the Zionist Organisation and the Canadian Jewish Congress have developed a chain across the Dominion, which links up our Communities almost to the North-West Territory."

Zionism Dominant Jewish Activity

"As in most countries," he continued, "Zionism is to-day the dominant Jewish activity in Canada. We are fortunate never to have had any anti-Zionist bloc. Every Jew is 'Palestine-conscious' in the belief that Eretz Yisrael offers the only haven for rehabilitation.

"What about our own country, with its huge unsettled tracts? The Government of Canada has on several occasions evinced its sympathy, but owing to local political considerations it has maintained a policy of 'closed-doors.' A mere trickle of refugees has come into the country since 1933."

On the question of Canadian Jewry's reaction to terrorism in Palestine, Rabbi Bender said that terrorism has been deeply deplored and denounced by the Zionist Organisation of Canada. "Of course," he went on, "one may view the situation objectively and consider the psychological results of bitter disillusionments and cynical promises, but Jews throughout the Dominion in general have looked with abhorrence upon this un-Jewish manifestation of despair."

Canadian Jewry was now experiencing a "boom" in Hebrew education, the Rabbi remarked. "Our schools have reached a high pedagogical standard, but we have the same problem which has afflicted other countries—a perilous shortage of Hebrew teachers. The 'day-school' system, which combines the secular and religious education under our curriculum, has developed very well throughout the country. We get no subsidy at all from the local or provincial authorities. These schools are supported entirely by the Jewish people. We are now trying to ease the problem of teachers by establishing a Hebrew Teachers' Institute, with headquarters in Montreal. We have an elaborate scheme for giving liberal subsidies to students, to enable them to meet the costs of the three-year course.

"Anti-Semitism? Of course there is! Where there is Semitism, there will be anti-Semitism. As to its character and effect, we must remember that this loathsome movement takes on different characteristics in different countries. The virus may be the same, but the reaction is different. In one part of the country, it may have a social character, in another part it may be religious. With it all," he concluded, "we Jews in Canada are neither dismayed nor distressed by anti-Semitism. We try to meet it intelligently, to combat it wherever possible, but Jewish life goes on in a healthy spirit."

FUTURE OF THE FEDERATION IN THE EAST END

A meeting attended by more than 30 representatives of East London Synagogues was held at the office of the Principal Rabbi of the Federation of Synagogues, Rabbi Kopul Rosen, at 19a, Leman Street, E., recently, for the purpose of discussing the future of the religious life of the Federation in the East End.

In a discussion it was pointed out that the future of the Federation in East London depended upon the immediate amalgamation of as many synagogues as possible, and that only after amalgamation would the synagogues be able to act as live forces in the Community. The importance of Jewish day schools was stressed by some speakers, who said that that was the first task which should be undertaken.

Rabbi Rosen, in replying to the discussion, spoke of the need for the amalgamation of synagogues, but stressed that this was largely dependent upon the co-operation of the Synagogue Presidents themselves. He also pointed out some of the obstacles which existed in East London for the establishment of Jewish day schools. He asked that opportunities be afforded him to participate in East London Jewish life.

CLAIMS FOR PROPERTY ABROAD

British subjects in the United Kingdom who own property in Bulgaria, Finland, Hungary, or Rumania are invited to furnish particulars of any claim for restoration of the property or for loss or damage not later than December 31, 1946.

Application for the appropriate registration forms D.P., stating the country in which the property is situated, should be made to Trading with the Enemy Department, 24, Kingsway, London, W.C.2.

REUNION OF CHAPLAINS

Presentations to Senior Chaplain's Staff

A reunion of Jewish Chaplains and ex-Chaplains was held at Woburn House recently. Rabbi I. Brodie, Senior Jewish Chaplain to H.M. Forces, presided.

Rabbi Brodie said that the Chaplains themselves had asked that the opportunity should be taken, at this reunion, of marking their appreciation of the services rendered by the staff of the Senior Jewish Chaplain's Office throughout the period of the war. He himself paid a warm tribute to the way in which, he said, the staff had devoted themselves wholeheartedly to their tasks, far beyond the requirements of their ordinary duties.

The Rev. A. S. Super, who, with the Rev. Dr. I. K. Cosgrove, had convened the reunion and arranged the presentations to the staff, said that he had worked with them from the outset. They had dealt with a tremendous volume of work day by day in a remarkably efficient manner. In particular, Chaplains overseas had always known that they had only to make a request once about any matter to be certain that it was followed through and dealt with thoroughly by the London office. This was most important when one realised how impossible it was to keep records, files, etc., while on active service. He thought it ought to be known that they had stuck to their posts throughout all the bombing and blitzing which had taken place, even when Woburn House itself was hit. It was, therefore, a great pleasure to him to make the presentations, on behalf of the Chaplains, to Mr. E. Coffer (Chief Clerk), Miss N. Hurstbourne (Records Clerk), and Stanley Ginsberg (Junior Clerk).

Esteem of all Chaplains

The Rev. Dr. I. K. Cosgrove said it had been easy to arrange the presentations, as the response from almost every Chaplain who had been approached was immediate and wholehearted. This showed the esteem in which the staff of the Senior Jewish Chaplain's Office was held by all who had come into contact with them.

Tributes were also paid by the Rev. M. Berman (formerly Senior Jewish Chaplain, C.M.F.) and the Rev. Arthur Barnett.

Mr. E. Coffer responded on behalf of the staff.

A reception followed, during which the Rev. I. Levy expressed the thanks of the Chaplains to the Jewish War-Services Committee and to the Ladies' Auxiliary Committee of Jews' College (under the direction of Mrs. A. Marmorstein) for helping in the arrangements for the reunion.

CARDINAL HLOND'S STATEMENT

Polish Primate and the Jews

A correspondent writes:

In THE JEWISH CHRONICLE of July 19, a message from your Warsaw correspondent quoted from an address given to foreign journalists by Cardinal Hlond immediately after the terrible Kielce pogrom. The quotation of the Cardinal's words was as follows:

"The course of the highly regrettable events at Kielce shows that they did not happen because of racial reasons, but developed from an entirely different and tragic basic cause. During the German occupation Poles, although themselves persecuted, helped to save Jews at the risk of their own lives. Many Jews in Poland to-day owe their lives to the help of Poles and Polish priests. The fact that this condition is deteriorating is largely because Jews to-day occupy leading positions in Poland's Government and are endeavouring to introduce a governmental structure which the majority of Poles do not desire. This is harmful, as it creates a dangerous tension. In fatal battle on the political front in Poland, it is to be regretted that some Jews have lost their lives. But a disproportionately larger number of Poles have lost theirs."

I feel that THE JEWISH CHRONICLE should not simply have quoted a number of disconnected sentences from the speech, and I therefore give below the parts which were omitted:

"The Catholic Church always and everywhere condemns murders of all kinds. They are to be condemned in Poland regardless of who commits them, and regardless of whether they are committed against Poles or Jews, in Kielce or in any other parts of the Republic. . .

"These events are a tragedy which fills me with sadness and regret. The Catholic clergy in Kielce carried out their duty as soon as news of the events reached them. Father Roman Zelek, Parish priest of the Cathedral, hurried to the scene, but was stopped at Plantuy Street by soldiers. When the military columns were withdrawn, five priests went to the scene of the incident, and found that by that time there were no crowds, but only smaller groups. A representative of the Bishop, in conjunction with the authorities and the city administration, prepared a statement to calm the population, which was accepted by the local Government. However, the authorities did not publish a statement.

"On July 6, the Bishop issued his own statement, which was read from the pulpit in all Catholic Churches of the city the following Sunday. If there has been order and quiet in Kielce during the past week, despite the violence of the previous excitement, this is primarily due to the calming effects of the clergy.

"My personal attitude towards the Jews is known from pre-war statements. During my banishment from Poland, while in France from 1940 to 1944, I saved numerous Polish Jews, and also German and French Jews, from being deported to death camps. I facilitated their departure to the United States, hid them in secure hiding places, and endeavoured to secure for them documents, thanks to which their lives were saved.

"I deeply desire that the Jewish problem of the post-war world shall at last find its proper solution."

The Catholic press in England has taken up the attitude that the Kielce pogrom (in the words of the TABLET) has been used to attack the Church in Poland and it has insinuated that the pogrom was engineered by the Polish Government in order to discredit the Church and Mr. Mikolajczyk's Peasant Party, in effect inaugurating an anti-Church campaign in Russian-controlled countries.

AWARD OF B.E.M.

Sgt. S. E. Reed, R.A.F.V.R., has been awarded the B.E.M. He served overseas in the Indian Command. His wife and child live at 93, Cowbridge Road, Cardiff. Sgt. Reed's father was formerly Chairman of the Cathedral Road Hebrew Classes and Education Board.

LANGUAGE OF GEMARA-TEACHING

Precision of Expression

From Dayan H. M. LAZARUS

To the Editor of THE JEWISH CHRONICLE

SIR,—I am deeply indebted to Mr. C. Domb for his letter in your last issue which gives me an opportunity of correcting the wrong impression conveyed by the brief report published on my observations on teaching Gemara to beginners only in Yiddish. My criticism was not derogatory to Yiddish or to the Yeshiboth, but a pedagogical, constructive criticism.

Gemara is highly technical in subject matter, in its terminology, and the language of the Talmud, which is a mixture of Hebrew and the Aramaic dialect spoken in Babylon. Thus, for a beginner, Talmud is a rather advanced subject of exposition. It is therefore necessary to give the beginner the initial advantage of using his own language in the rendering, the language with which he is familiar, whether it be Yiddish, German, English, or French. But if he is not familiar with Yiddish as his daily tongue, one imposes on the beginner an additional strain. This equally applies if Hebrew were chosen as the medium of instruction, if the learner does not speak Hebrew as his mother-tongue.

My main objection was to the insistent claim made for Yiddish as the sole medium *par excellence* for teaching Gemara. It is so for the teacher and pupil who both use Yiddish in daily life; but, if either is not familiar with it, the instruction is neither precise nor favourably impressive, whether the subject be Bible, Mishna, or Talmud. To reproduce the full import of a text in translation, one must know both languages and appreciate their individual idioms of expression. This obviously requires a cultivated taste for literary and grammatical precision of expression, and this precision is notably neglected in Yiddish and Hebrew alike, and often even scorned by the older school.

This lack of precision in pronunciation and diction is criticised in the Talmud by Rab (Erubin 53a), who praises the Judeans and blames the Galileans. Aramaic was the Jewish vernacular both in Babylon and in Palestine. The Babylonian Targum Onkelos on the Pentateuch, like the Babylonian Talmud, shows us that precision, while the Palestinian Targums on the Pentateuch and the Palestinian Talmud show us the lack of precision in the tongue of the Galileans. Just as the vernacular Aramaic was used in the Talmudic age, Arabic was used later in the Gaonic age, like Saadya's Biblical translation and Commentaries and Responsa by later Gaonim of the whole "Middle East"—Babylon, Palestine, Egypt, Cairawan, Morocco, and Spain; so were German, French, and Spanish used in the Medieval European Schools, and later still the more modern languages for instruction. The principle is the same, namely, to give the beginner the advantage of his mother-tongue in mastering the Torah, Mishna, and Talmud. By imposing Yiddish, which is unfamiliar to the learner, one imposes a strain, with a subconscious dislike for the subject, and this we cannot afford in these days when the time for our sacred studies is largely reduced by attendance at the day schools.

In conclusion, the Golders Green Yeshiva is not a theological college for communal officials, but purely a school for training our youth as Baalei-battim, to impart to them the essential standard of knowledge necessary to a cultured Ben-Torah, and to continue their studies as laymen with pleasure.

Yours, &c.,
HARRIS M. LAZARUS

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Provincial News

DAYAN ABRAMSKY IN LEEDS

Problems of the London Beth Din

Dayan I. Abramsky spoke about the work of the London Beth Din when he addressed a gathering representing the Executives of the Leeds Synagogues, Board of Shechita, Jewish Representative Council, and other organisations.

Mr. A. M. Hurwitz, who presided, said that Dayan Abramsky, by his world-wide authority and wisdom, had made the London Beth Din not just a tribunal for the British Empire, but a spiritual centre of authority to which all countries in the world addressed their inquiries on Jewish law.

The problems confronting the London Beth Din, said the Dayan, were the problems of a people in the process of religious disintegration. They were doing their utmost to insist upon the application of the eternal laws of Judaism, so as to prevent further decay, and restore what had been lost.

One of the main problems was divorce. Men and women whose unions had been dissolved in the civil courts were marrying again without a *Get*. The result was a generation of children who were, from the point of view of the Torah, "illegitimate." Even those seeking *Get* had now to wait for months owing to the rush of applications.

Marriages That Don't Last

His experience had shown, said Dayan Abramsky, that where the laws of Sabbath and Jewish family life were strictly observed, marriage seldom failed. "When a woman marries for a fur coat and luxury, and has no sense of the idealism of a human partnership, for good times and bad times as well, one cannot expect a marriage to endure. When one marries to carry out the moral and ethical side of life that marriage continues until death."

Another side of the Beth Din's work was the application of the Jewish law of property. They arbitrated on the basis of Talmudic law, which in certain aspects was more idealistic, although as intensely practical, as any secular code of law. In the English courts, the type of court and the type of judge was largely determined by the amount of money involved in the case, and the cost of litigation was high. In the Beth Din the law was the same for the claimant with £5 or £5,000, and justice was full, quick and accessible to all.

On the question of Kashrut, the speaker said there was a great dearth of Shochetim. If Shechita went by the board the rapid disintegration of the Community would follow.

All in all, our disintegration as a Community could only be arrested by a renewed loyalty to our ancient faith, and by a remoulding of Jewish education in the primary stage.

Dayan Abramsky attended a meeting of the Executive of the Leeds Board of Shechita, where he discussed the Rabbinical position, and gave advice on the reconstitution of the Beth Din.

He preached in the New Synagogue, Chapeltown, at the Sabbath morning service, and was the guest at a reception given by the Hon. Officers of the Great and New Synagogues.

HERZL-BIALIK MEETING

A Herzl-Bialik Memorial meeting was held recently at the New Synagogue, Chapeltown Road, under the auspices of the Leeds Zionist Council. The Rev. J. Apfel officiated.

The Rev. B. M. Casper, ex-Chaplain to the Jewish Brigade, gave the address, in the course of which he appealed to Anglo-Jewry not to allow themselves to be regarded by world Jewry as tenth cousins, but as brothers, pulling their full weight in the struggle to establish a real home for the Jewish people in Palestine.

At the annual meeting of the Ladies' Aid Society at Tower House, Harehills Avenue, with Mrs. B. Waldenberg presiding, the following were elected: Mesdames D. Waldenberg, President; J. Bressloff and H. Sandler, Vice-Presidents; A. Rappaport, Treasurer; I. Zermansky and Miss E. Silverman, Joint Secretaries; Mesdames I. Goldberg and I. Brill, Hon. Investigators; and S. Markman and Leader, Trustees.

A farewell reception to the Rev. P. Faigenblum was given at the Continental Hotel on his leaving Leeds to take up his appointment as First Reader to the Old Hebrew Congregation, Newcastle. Mr. I. Fass, Chairman of the Leeds Mizrachi, presided. Presentations to the Rev. Mr Faigenblum were made on behalf of the Leeds Mizrachi and the Ministers' Visitation Committee.

"PALESTINE NOT A LODGING HOUSE"

"We have promised a home in Palestine to the Jews, not a lodging house. The Arabs have done well out of Jewish labour in Palestine and they have grown rich," declared Ft.-Lieut. W. Teeling, M.P., when he addressed the pupils of Whittinghame College, Brighton, and their parents on Speech Day.

The Jews in Palestine helped the Allies a great deal during the war, he went on, but the Arabs' contribution to the war effort was a revolt against them in Iraq and in Palestine, and a Mufti who joined Hitler and was a dangerous enemy.

Mr. J. Halévy, the Headmaster, referred to the contribution to the war effort of the old boys, many of whom were killed in action. During the war, he said, the boys of the school helped in several war efforts.

Two plays were performed by the boys.

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LEAVING MANCHESTER FOR PALESTINE

Presentations to Mr. David Freeman

Speaking at a reception given in honour of Mr. David Freeman, Secretary of the T.A.C. in Manchester, who is going to Palestine to take up a commercial appointment, Councillor A. Moss, J.P., said that it was important that more and more Anglo-Jews should go out to Palestine, for they would form a closer link between the administration and the civil population.

Councillor Moss spoke of the work which Mr. Freeman has done for youth in founding the Drama Festival; Dr. P. I. Wigoder, who presided, said "He has gone into the highways and byways of Lancashire and spoken to Jewish and non-Jewish bodies and he has always given of his best"; and Mr. S. H. Steinart paid a tribute to Mr. Freeman for his work during fifteen years as Secretary of the Talmud Torah. Mr. Alec Abrahams, National Chairman of the T.A.C., and Mr. H. Weinberg, M.B.E., dealt with his services to the T.A.C.

Mr. Freeman was presented with a purse and with a certificate of inscription in the J.N.F. Golden Book.

HIGHTOWN CENTRAL

At the annual meeting of the Hightown Central Synagogue the following were elected: Messrs. H. Reubens, President; I. Cohen, Vice-President; S. Taylor, Treasurer; A. Plagerson, Warden; and L. Levein, Warden, Beth Hamidrash.

Mr. I. Apfelbaum, of 24, Richmond Avenue, Prestwich, who is a founder member of the Council of Manchester and Salford Jews and has been a member of the Jewish Board of Guardians for 30 years, attained his seventieth birthday recently. Between 1933 and 1938 Mr. Apfelbaum was responsible for bringing hundreds of refugee families from Germany and Austria. During the war he recruited hundreds of young men for the Pioneer Corps.

The Manchester Jewish Lads' Brigade, 2nd Lancs. Fusiliers, and the Glasgow Jewish Lads' Brigade are in camp at St. Annes Road, Blackpool, S.S., this week. The camp is under the command of Major V. Steinart.

GLASGOW BOY COMPOSER

Only 16 years of age, Martin Fogell, a Glasgow Jewish boy, has already several musical compositions to his credit. These include a suite in two movements for orchestra, and various arrangements for clarinet, violin, and 'cello; a new piano part for David Stephen's Quintet in D Minor; Andante, in the style of Cotelli for recorder and piano; Introduction and Rondo for violin and piano; and a violin concerto.

Mrs. Coleridge-Taylor, widow of Samuel Coleridge-Taylor, takes a great interest in Martin's career. The two became friendly when Mrs. Coleridge-Taylor published a book of reminiscences, and his letter of appreciation impressed her by the musical knowledge it showed.

Recently Mrs. Coleridge-Taylor visited Martin at the home of his parents, Mr. and Mrs. P. Fogell, 11, Wellfield Avenue, Giffnock, and was delighted by his playing of a Beethoven sonata to her.

Martin started playing the piano when he was five. He was educated at the Eastwood School and at the Queen's Park School, where he gained his Higher Certificate in Music. He received his Hebrew education at the Pollokshields and the Giffnock and Newlands Classes, and was a member of the Habonim. His mother is an active member of the Glasgow Women's Zionist Organisation.

The boy's ambition is to become a conductor. He is leaving Glasgow shortly to study at the London Royal College of Music.

Miss Irene D. Seigle, a pianoforte student at the Royal Scottish Academy of Music, has been awarded the Mary Jane Murray Scholarship of £100 per annum for two years, and also a Caird Scholarship of £120 per annum. During the past 12 months she took her diploma of A.R.C.M. (performer), being then 17 years of age. Miss Seigle is the daughter of Mr. and Mrs. R. Seigle, of Giffnock.

NEW MINISTER FOR NETHERLEE

The Rev. G. Wulwik, First Reader of the Middlesbrough Hebrew Congregation, has been appointed Minister of the Netherlee, Stamperland, and Clarkston Hebrew Congregation, Glasgow. He succeeds the Rev. A. L. Rubenstein, now Minister of the Giffnock and Newlands Synagogue.

The Netherlee Congregation is the youngest in Glasgow. It was formed just over six years ago. The number of Jewish families in the district has been steadily increasing and now amounts to about 400.

An increase in membership was reported at the annual meeting of the Crosshill Congregation. The following were elected: Messrs. H. Sarna, Hon. Life-President; M. Groundland, Chairman; R. Finniston, Vice-Chairman; J. Barnett, Treasurer; and I. Finestein, Secretary.

At the annual meeting of the Garnethill Synagogue Women's Guild the following were elected: Mesdames I. K. Cosgrove, Hon. President; I. Hirshow, Hon. Vice-President; S. Harrison, President; L. Shaffer and Miss E. Phillips, Vice-Presidents; Mrs. S. Friend, Treasurer; and Mrs. R. Samuel, Secretary.

JEWISH G.I.s REMEMBER

A recent article in the New York Yiddish daily, FORWARD, shows how Jewish members of the U.S. Forces remember gratefully the hospitality given them while in this country.

The short article has a characteristically long headline, which reads: "Jewish soldiers from America send greetings to Jewish woman in England for all the good things which she did for them."

The lady in question is Mrs. S. Green, of Llanelly, whose motherly attention to many hundreds of Jewish G.I.s is acknowledged by them in the FORWARD article.

LIVERPOOL J.N.F.

Reception for Rabbi Bender

The Chairman of the Liverpool Jewish National Fund Commission, Mr. I. Karp, and Mrs. Karp, were hosts at a reception held at Zion House in honour of Rabbi Charles Bender, of the Adath Israel Congregation, Montreal, Chairman of the J.N.F. of Canada.

Replying to a speech of welcome, Rabbi Bender said that as a native son of Liverpool he was proud to have this opportunity of meeting leading Liverpool Zionists, many of whom were old schoolfellows of the Liverpool Beth Hasepher LeUnith, at that time the first and only Hebrew higher grade school in England.

Rabbi Bender described the Canadian Zionist scene. The Zionist movement, he said, was built on firm and true foundations and, dark though the present days were, they would still achieve the Divine promise if they held fast to the hopes and beliefs which were the inspiration of Zionism.

BREAD AND FLOUR SOCIETY

The 46th annual meeting of the Liverpool Hebrew Bread and Flour Distributing Society was held last week. The accounts, presented by the Treasurer, Mr. M. Strovitch, showed a total income of £625, of which £525 had been handed over to the Jewish Board of Guardians for general and Passover relief. He thanked the Moes Chitim collectors for their efforts in obtaining £410 for Passover relief. The following were elected: Messrs. J. Olswang, President; H. Cohen and M. Davidson, Vice-Presidents; M. Strovitch, Treasurer; and E. Felton, Hon. Secretary. Messrs. M. Davidson and M. J. Glassman were elected Trustees, B. Nagley, Auditor, and representatives were appointed to the Council of Liverpool and District Jews, the Associated Charities' Fund, and the Jewish Board of Guardians.

It was reported at a general meeting of the Liverpool Ladies' Zionist Association, held at 8, Princes Road, that £400 had been raised for the Palestine Women's Welfare Fund. The following were elected: Mesdames S. I. Levy, Hon. Life President; H. Abrahams, President; B. Ross, D. Freedman, P. Lipsidge, and Miss J. Syder, Vice-Presidents; Mrs. S. Spannin, Treasurer; Miss S. Ostrin, Hon. Secretary; and Mrs. S. Henkewich, Hon. Publicity Secretary.

The Chairman, Mr. H. Cohen, at the annual meeting of the Chevrah Kadisha, held at 5, Oxford Street, reported that considerable improvements had been effected in the cemetery grounds and buildings. The accounts, submitted by the Treasurer, Mr. Max Davidson, were adopted together with the report. The following were elected: Messrs. H. Cohen, President; N. Halter and J. Davidson, Vice-Presidents; and M. Davidson, Treasurer.

CONCERTS

PIONEER HALL, Clarendon Road, Margate
MONDAY, AUGUST 12, at 7.30
In aid of the Refugee Children's Welfare Fund
VIOLIN RECITAL by
ALFREDO CAMPOLI
Programme includes
Kreutzer Sonata (Beethoven), Chaconne from unaccompanied Partita No. 2 (Bach), and Andante and Finale, Violin Concerto (Mendelssohn).
Organiser: M. S. EISEMANN
Tickets: £2 2s., £1 1s., 10/6, 5/-.

ST. PETER'S HALL BOURNEMOUTH
TUESDAY, AUGUST 13, at 7.30
In aid of the Refugee Children's Welfare Fund
JOINT RECITAL by
SOPHIE CALJI
(Soprano)
and
ALFREDO CAMPOLI
(Violin)
Programme includes
Kreutzer Sonata (Beethoven), Introduction and Rondo Capriccioso (Saint Saens), Arias by Ponchelli, Massenet, and songs by Grieg
Organiser: M. S. EISEMANN
Tickets: £3 3s., £2 2s., £1 1s., 10/6, 5/-.

THE DOME BRIGHTON
WEDNESDAY, AUGUST 14, at 7.45
FISTOULARI
with the
LONDON INTERNATIONAL ORCHESTRA
Solo Violinist
ALFREDO CAMPOLI
Overture, Coriolanus, Beethoven; Eine Kleine Nachtmusik, Mozart; Violin Concerto in E minor, Mendelssohn; Pavane, Fauré; Unfinished Symphony, Schubert; Overture, Barber of Seville, Rossini
Organiser: M. S. Eisemann
In aid of the Refugee Children's Welfare Fund
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BOURNEMOUTH TOWN HALL
MON. NEXT, AUG. 12, at 7.30
Programme will include Works by Bach, Beethoven, Chopin, Mendelssohn, Schumann, Liszt
21/-, 10/6, 7/6, 5/-, from Price & Sons, Ltd., Gervis Place; Godfrey Ltd., Old Christchurch Road; Beale's Ticket Agency, Grosvenor Court Hotel, Bournemouth.

BIRMINGHAM—The following executive of the Ex-Servicemen's Association has been elected: Messrs. S. Addleman, Chairman; John Levi, Vice-Chairman; Arthur Rose, Hon. Secretary and Treasurer; and Max Einstein, Assistant Secretary.

Mr. Julius Brooks, who for 25 years has been a member of the Council of the Birmingham Hebrew Congregation, has been elected a Life Member.

Miss José Rose, daughter of Mrs. W. Rose, of Wellington Road, Edgbaston, has been awarded the Mary Talbot Muirhead Prize in Philosophy at Birmingham University.

BLACKPOOL—A garden party, given on behalf of the Women's Zionist Society, by Mrs. H. Davies at 163, Whitegate Drive, in aid of the U.P.A. was opened by Mrs. J. King. Nearly £70 was raised.

At the Leamington Road Synagogue a Dr. Theodor Herzl memorial service was held. The Rev. D. Garb gave the address.

CAMBRIDGE—Speakers who addressed the University Jewish Society during the Easter Term included Messrs. Gershon Ellenbogen, Israel Cohen, Basil L. Q. Henriques, J.P., Rabbi Dr. A. Altmann, and the Rev. A. Baum. Mr. Ernest Rabinowicz (Emmanuel) presided.

CARDIFF—Dr. I. Fishman, of the Central Council for Jewish Education, addressed the pupils of the Cardiff United Synagogue Hebrew Classes at the annual prize-giving. Mrs. G. Gray distributed the prizes. Messrs. H. H. Roskin and Moses Samuel have been elected representatives on the Central Council.

Bella, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Sam Samuel, of Roath Park, has been awarded an open exhibition in Modern Languages by St. Annes Society, University of Oxford.

DERBY—The Jewish Ladies' Society held a jumble sale recently and raised £29 for the Central British Fund.

HUYTON—At a recent meeting held in the Council Chamber, Huyton-cum-Roby, Dr. A. Clein was appointed Chairman of the Aid-to-China Fund. Dr. Clein has also been appointed a member of a number of important Committees of the Lancashire County Council.

NEWCASTLE-ON TYNE—The annual meeting of the United Hebrew Congregation, Ravensworth Terrace, Newcastle-on-Tyne, was presided over by Mr. G. D. Guttentag. A report on the Hebrew Classes was given by the Rev. I. Waller; on the financial position by Mr. N. Ernstone; and on the Joint Talmud Torah Scheme (which was unanimously approved) by Mr. N. Muscat. Mr. A. Wiener was appointed a Life Member. The following were elected: Messrs. G. D. Guttentag, President; N. Ernstone, Treasurer; M. L. Rothfield, Hon. Secretary; W. Silver, Warden; G. D. Guttentag, Representative at the Deputies; and N. Muscat, Hon. Solicitor. Thanks were expressed to the retiring Hon. Secretary, Mr. L. Kossick.

NOTTINGHAM—At a meeting of the Zionist Association at the Elite Theatre, the Chairman, Mr. L. Davis, expressed satisfaction at the progress made in the first year of the Association's existence. The balance-sheet was presented by Mr. H. H. Levene. The following were elected: Dr. S. Goldman, President; Messrs. L. Davis, Chairman; H. H. Levene and M. Leaf, Joint Treasurers; and B. Levinson, Hon. Secretary.

A public meeting dealing with the Palestine emergency was held at the Elite Theatre under the auspices of the Zionist Association. The speakers were Lt.-Col. H. Morris, M.P., and Mr. Nachman Englesberg. Mr. L. Davis presided.

SHEFFIELD—At the annual meeting of the Ghevra Kadisha, held at the Wilson Road Synagogue, and presided over by Mr. B. Blaskey, President, the balance-sheet, submitted by Mr. A. D. Cantor, Treasurer, showed an income of £1,117 and a balance in hand of £198, and £363 in the hearse account. Messrs. Blaskey, Cantor, and M. Norden (Secretary) were re-elected. The sum of £50 was voted to the Hebrew Education Board.

SOUTHPORT—The young Jewish Guildworkers, membership of which is open to ladies between the ages of 20 and 30, has been making progress under the Chairmanship of Miss I. Beilin. The Guildworkers recently held their first dance, which realised £100, £50 of which is being sent to the U.P.A. and the other £50 to the Home for Aged and Needy Jews, Manchester.

SUNDERLAND—At a meeting of the Sunderland Beth Hamedrash it was decided to send a unanimous call to Rabbi A. Babad, of the Edgware Adath Yisroel, to occupy the position of Rav, left vacant by the death of Rabbi M. L. Rabinovitz. Rabbi Babad, who was born in 1908, came to England 10 years ago. He served as Rabbi at the Chayei Emeth Synagogue, East London (which was destroyed by enemy action in 1941), and in 1942 was elected Rabbi at Edgware. He comes of a family which had provided a great many Rabbanim for important towns in Poland.

SWANSEA—The Swansea Jewish Ladies' Guild, at a bring-and-buy sale in aid of the U.P.A., raised £24.

The Jewish Youth Club has four members on the Swansea Youth Council, two of whom are members of the Executive Committee of six.

TORQUAY—At the annual meeting of the Torquay and Paignton Congregation the following were elected: Councillor I. Joseph, President; and Messrs. N. Cowen, Treasurer; B. W. Cohen and F. Nagel, Wardens; and E. Freed, Jnr. (Robin Hill Hotel, Torquay), Hon. Secretary.

EIRE

DUBLIN—At a recent meeting of the Dublin Talmud Torah, the following were elected: Messrs. A. Newman, P.C., President; B. Shillman, Vice-President; M. Green, Treasurer; and E. M. Isaacson, Hon. Secretary.

Mr. Arthur Newman, P.C., and Mr. Edwin M. Solomons have been elected the representatives of the Dublin Hebrew Congregation at the Deputies.

SERMON FOR THE WEEK

Surely The People Is Grass

THE arresting phrase, "surely the people is grass," occurs in the Haftara which gives to this Sabbath its special designation—*Shabbat Nachamu*. The fortieth chapter of Isaiah records the moving message of comfort which the prophet addressed to the people in captivity. The pride of Israel had been humbled. The Temple was in ruins, the king blinded and in a Babylonian prison, the land almost denuded of its population. What hope was there that the national existence of Israel would be resumed? How could they ever be freed from the fetters which enchained them? Who would open the prison-gates so that freedom was their lot once more? Such must have been the thoughts which burdened the hearts of the exiles, and they accurately summarised the situation as it appeared then to human eyes.

Like a flash of lightning which illumines the darkest night, a call in most cheerful tones suddenly came to the despairing captives: "Comfort ye, comfort ye, My people, saith your God." The time of servitude was nearing its end. The prophet even pictures the return from Babylon homeward as though it were already taking place. A pathway was being prepared through the desert, the valleys and hills deprived of their depth and height, that all obstacles be removed and a level road ease the hardships of the journey. It is an amazing illustration of the optimism which faith has the power to create.

DOUBTLESS it proved too optimistic for many of his listeners; so the prophet sets forth the reason why what he foretells is capable of achievement. He preaches a homily on the text, "Surely the people is grass." National power and eminence were not enduring. They were comparable to the herbage in the field and the flowers that charm with their fresh beauty. "All flesh is grass," he comments; all human institutions are like the grass that withers and the flower that fades. There is no permanence in them; what alone has eternity is the word of God—that stands for ever. If, then, it is the word of God on the one side promising Israel's restoration and on the other side the might of Babylon impeding the realisation of that hope, there can be no doubt which would prevail. Events proved Isaiah to be right. The Babylonian Empire crashed and Israel was set free.

In their original setting, the words "Surely the people is grass" teach the frailty of national glory and dominion. They are, however, familiar to readers of modern Hebrew as the title of one of Bialik's poems in which he gives to them a meaning of his own. He applies them to the Jewish people of his day, as descriptive of its character—its weakness of resolve, lack of determination and spirit, indifference to the degradation in which it has sunk, its contentment to be the butt of the world. The opening lines reveal Jewry as insensible to the call which is made to it as a people. In Nina Salaman's translation they read:

"Surely the people is grass, now do they fade like a blossom;
Surely the people is slain—it is slain with a slaughter unending.
Lo! when the voice of their God thunders about them for ever,
This is a people that moves not, stirs not nor trembles."

Deadened is the appreciation of the true purposes for which the Jew should exist. Most serious, in his view, was the lack of vision concerning a future. Like a corpse which does not feel the cut of the knife, so Jewry has lost its sensibility:

"Ages of endless wandering, exile too vast for endurance,
Turned all the heart of them backward; counsel has died from the people.
Taught of the rod and lash, can they perceive now their anguish—
Shame and pain of the spirit—aught but the thrall of the body?
Have they the heart to care for other than care of the moment—
Men that are lost in the darkness, deep in the pit of the exile?
Can they now lift up their soul to the day or be prophets of morning,
Draw out their hope to the end, send on the word to the future?"

THE poem ends on a question note, and it remains the urgent question of the moment. When one studies the condition of Jewry, perhaps the most disquieting symptom to be detected is the same mentality which stirred Bialik to indite his poem. In former ages the Jew kept his eyes fixed on a future. He was buoyed up by a Messianic hope which strengthened his will to endure. He believed there was a purpose for the accomplishment of which his people had to live on and overcome the attempts to destroy the Jewish identity. That heroic steadfastness is now weakening for the reason that too many live only in the present and are thoughtless about a Jewish future. From this cause spring assimilation in its bad sense and apostasy. If this decadence is not checked, Jewry as a people will indeed be like grass; it will fade and disappear. But inspired by prophetic idealism, invigorated by the belief in a glorious destiny, it will verify its description as "the eternal people."

THE WAYSIDE PULPIT

THOU shalt not bear false witness against thy neighbour.—(Exodus xx, 13.)

Text selected by the Committee for Proclaiming Jewish Ethics for the fortnight beginning Monday, August 12, 1946.

PROFESSOR SIR IAN MORRIS HEILBRON, D.S.O., F.R.S., and Mr. Henry S. L. Polak are among those who have recently been elected Fellows of the Royal Society of Arts.

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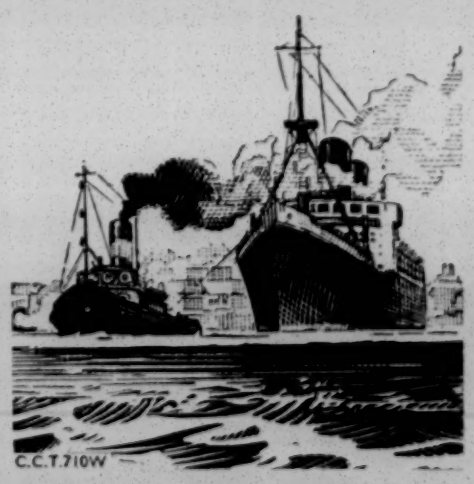

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Parliament *Continued from page 5*

weakened our moral position in Palestine by stripping us of our disinterestedness in that country. I pointed out in the debate on Egyptian policy a few weeks ago that the moment we were dependent upon Palestine for a base from which to defend the Suez Canal, we should greatly hamper all possibility of obtaining American co-operation. Well, look at the position to which we have now been brought.

We declare ourselves ready to abandon the mighty Empire and Continent of India with all the work we have done in the last 200 years, territory over which we possess unimpeachable sovereignty. We scuttle from Egypt which we twice successfully defended from foreign massacre and pillage. We abandon the Canal zone about which our treaty rights were and still are indefeasible. But now, apparently, the one place where we are at all costs and at all inconveniences to hold on and fight it out to the death is Palestine, and we are to be at war with the Jews of Palestine, and, if necessary, with the Arabs of Palestine.

For what reason? Not, all the world will say, for the faithful discharge of our long mission but because we have need, having been driven out of Egypt, to secure a satisfactory strategic base from which to pursue our Imperial aims.

Returning the Mandate

I think the Government should say that if the United States will not come and share the burden of the Zionist cause, as defined or as agreed, we should now give notice that we will return our Mandate to Uno and that we will evacuate Palestine within a specified period. At the same time, we should inform Egypt that we stand by our Treaty rights and will, by all means, maintain our position in the Canal zone.

Mr. Sydney Silverman said it would not be a very great service to the cause of the Jewish National Home, which Mr. Churchill had done so much to help in the past 25 years, to have its fortunes linked up with merely reactionary Imperial courses all over the world.

Mr. L. Wilkes (Lab., Central Newcastle) who worked "for some considerable months during 1943" in the offices of the Palestine administration, intervened in the debate with, he said, "a great deal of reluctance" to ask questions about the military operations. He reinforced a plea that we should send a Cabinet Minister, or some political adviser of real Cabinet calibre, to advise the generals and the brigadiers in Palestine who were bearing such a heavy burden. During the next few days he was most anxious that no further mistakes should be made.

Mr. Barnett Janner asked the Government to take into consideration the fact that in the main the Arab working population, in Palestine itself, had been quite agreeable to the development of the Jewish National Home there; and that it was a question of preventing those who were outside from fomenting agitations, and by such prevention, bringing peace and harmony within the boundaries of that country. Referring to the Negev, Mr. Janner said it could be made fruitful.

Mr. J. Henderson Stewart (Lib. National, East Fife) confessed that he stood on the side of the Zionists. He had not a drop of Jewish blood and he had no particular love for the Jewish people. But Zionism to him was something which was irrevocably linked with the Christian faith

Tracing the succession of delays, subterfuges, and crass and unforgivable blunders, such, for example, as the most unfortunate speech of Mr. Bevin at the Bournemouth conference of the Labour Party, Mr. Stewart added that "even to-night" the tale of delay, procrastination and misunderstanding was not finished.

Before the Labour Government took office they had a plan. They said so. When they took office they could have carried out that plan, or the plan of the White Paper which the Coalition Government had been endeavouring to carry through, or the Anglo-American Committee's plan. They did none of those things.

Mr. Stewart went on to say that the tension would be increased if special emergency measures were not taken. He told the House that his brother a week or two ago sailed from Marseilles to Haifa on a ship on which there was a considerable number of Jewish refugees going to Palestine. He said that when they came out into the sunshine their bare backs were covered with weals and cuts imposed upon them by the Nazi persecution. It was a sickening sight, and a demoralising thing to feel that the British Government were the Government which were preventing these wretched people from getting to Palestine.

Mr. D. L. Lipson (Ind., Cheltenham) said he would like the House to know that there were many Jews in this country and in other lands who were and would ever remain grateful to Great Britain for what she had done. He heartily welcomed the plan the Government had brought forward.

Colonial Secretary Replies

Mr. George Hall, the Colonial Secretary, replying to the debate, said "it would encourage His Majesty's Government to go forward, we trust with the full co-operation of the Government of the United States, to get the conference going as quickly as possible, to reach a settlement of a matter which has baffled Governments over the last quarter of a century"

Defending the Government against those who blamed them for delay and vacillation, Mr. Hall said the whole of the time that was taken up from August of last year until last Friday was spent in seeking Anglo-American unity or co-operation in dealing with this very grave problem. Mr. Churchill talked of giving up the Mandate; he said that unless we obtained that co-operation we should name a date and put the Palestinian problem at the feet of the United Nations. Mr. Morrison said yesterday that it was the Government's intention, if the scheme was found acceptable, that it should be embodied in a trusteeship agreement for Palestine.

Mr. Churchill has spoken of strategic interests. Why, our greatest strategic safeguard in the Middle East (said Mr. Hall) is the friendship of its Governments and its peoples. We do not intend to lose sight of this principle in Palestine, any more than in Egypt. If a solution is found that is just and right and acceptable to both peoples, we shall not allow military considerations to prevent us from adopting that principle.

Referring to Mr. Silverman's pressure for the admission of 100,000 into Palestine, Mr. Hall said: "His Majesty's Government have made the position quite clear. They wanted the recommendations of the Anglo-American Committee accepted as a whole. It was felt, and indeed rightly so, that, with all that is involved in the admission of 100,000 Jews into Palestine, it was a burden greater than His Majesty's Government could carry. The cost involved is very heavy, and as soon as this plan comes into operation, a plan already exists for the intake of the 100,000 Jews into Palestine. If not, then it will be for His Majesty's Government to consider the whole position. That is the agreement between His Majesty's Government and, we hope, the agreement with America."

"Who Is Hayyim?"

Referring to questions about the recent White Paper, Mr. Hall said: The hon. Member for Cambridge University put a straight question to me as to who is "Hayyim." We are of the opinion that "Hayyim" is Dr. Weizmann. But, at the same time, I would like to say that Dr. Weizmann, in accordance with the information given in the telegrams, was not in any way, and has not in any way been, involved in anything which is illegal or, indeed, in adopting anything which would lead us to think that he was anything other than a great Zionist and a very great friend of this country.

Later Mr. Stokes asked what was meant by "to London" in the four telegrams. To whom were they addressed?

Mr. Hall: No, I cannot answer that. There can be no doubt at all that the telegrams were sent, and the telegrams were received by certain persons. We cannot say who has received them. That is the difficulty.

Mr. Silverman: Will my right hon. friend make it perfectly clear that the Jewish Agency have declared publicly that none of these telegrams ever reached them?

A Member: Any of them?

Mr. Silverman: Any of them.

Mr. Hall: It is not suggested here that the Jewish Agency has received them.

LORD SAMUEL'S SPEECH

In the debate in the House of Lords, Viscount Samuel and Lord Rothschild spoke.

Viscount Samuel, stressing that he spoke for himself alone, said that the proposed plan appeared to him a very valuable initiative that might open up a new and more hopeful prospect.

The change from the closest cordiality and goodwill between the Jews of Palestine and the British Administration to the recent tension embittered into antagonism, Viscount Samuel attributed solely to the 1939 White Paper.

After referring to the splendid war record of the Jews of Palestine, Viscount Samuel went on to speak of the plight of the ruined and broken survivors of the Hitler regime, whose only hope was in Palestine, but who found, when they came near the coast, British aeroplanes spotting their ships and British destroyers waiting to take them into custody.

"Is it surprising," declared Viscount Samuel, "that the whole Jewish population was alined against the Government terms?"

Viscount Samuel quoted tributes to Jewish effort in Palestine and referred to the sense of insecurity the Jews felt. He then criticised the Government handling of the situation, and especially Mr. Bevin's remark about putting another British division into Palestine.

A warning against extremism was given to Zionists by the speaker. Any more outrages like the recent one, he said, would destroy the National Home because its "moral and spiritual foundations will be blown to pieces, and without them it cannot stand"

Viscount Samuel effectively demolished the Indian Moslem argument that majorities must prevail in Palestine, where there are 70 per cent of Arabs and 30 per cent of Jews. In India, he pointed out, there were 25 per cent of Moslems to 75 per cent of Hindus, but there the Moslems claimed equality because they were two separate peoples.

In conclusion, Viscount Samuel said that the Arabs must abandon their uncompromising resistance to any development of any kind of the Jewish National Home, while Jews must abandon their plea or demand for a Jewish Commonwealth.

COLONEL LIPTON, M.P., ON THE DEBATE

Lt.-Col. Marcus Lipton, M.P., (Lab., Brixton), who sat through the two-days' Palestine debate last week, gave his impressions to a JEWISH CHRONICLE representative who talked with him on Tuesday. He considered the whole debate was abortive because it depended on conditions which most impartial observers knew would never be fulfilled. The assumptions on which it was based had no foundation in fact. The Government having taken twelve months to put up a scheme were too sanguine in hoping that President Truman would say "Yes" or "No" to it in five or six days. The final blow had since been given by the Jewish Agency. "The Federal scheme does not seem to have a friend in the world," said Colonel Lipton.

In many respects Churchill's speech was the best in the debate; but he differed from him in the suggestion that we should hold on to Egypt and pack up in Palestine. "On the contrary I should say we have to pack up in Egypt but we must hold on in Palestine," Colonel Lipton affirmed. He was surprised that Government spokesmen paid so little attention to the strategic aspect, so far as Palestine was concerned. The Government was not being frank. Just as the Americans would not allow any other Power to encroach on the Panama Canal zone, and the Russians would not allow a Fascist State to establish itself on the western frontiers of the Soviet Union, so, from the point of view of the British Empire, we should be frank in regard to Gibraltar, Singapore, and Palestine. He hoped to see a Jewish State in Palestine which should be encouraged to come into the British Commonwealth of Nations.

Sports and Clubs

F.J.Y.—Two Societies in the Southern Region of the Federation of Jewish Youth Societies, Portsmouth and Southsea, visited Central London Y.I.S. recently. The meeting took place at 15, Grange Road, Ealing, by permission of Ealing Y.I.S. About 35 members travelled by coach from Portsmouth and after lunch the Kane Players presented a new play, "The Big Show," by Jack Sherman, which was enthusiastically received.

The F.J.Y. Midland Region Tennis Finals held in Birmingham were won by Sydney Jacobs, Birmingham Literary-Arts (men's singles); Mrs. B. Kornhauser, Refugee Club (women's singles); and Dr. Deutschkron and Mrs. Kornhauser, Refugee Club (mixed doubles).

The Midland Regional Council are planning a second Jewish Youth Week-end in Birmingham, from September 20 to 23.

"MERRIE ENGLAND"—Though handicapped by the illness of the musical director, Mrs. D. A. Larkin, the Operatic Class of the Stepney Jewish Girls' Club gave a pleasant rendering of an abridged version of "Merrie England." Mrs. Larkin's place was taken by Miss Wilby, and the cast included Ricky Conway, Alma Neville, Gladys Lotery, Stella Blitz, Maurice Stuart, Lily Cravitz, Gladys Lotery, Joyce Sivyer, Rene Mitchell, Minnie Rubitch, Jenny Mitchell, Lily Saunders, Gail Levene, and Lucy Mitchell.

ROYAL FUSILIERS CADETS—Major L. M. Dale, D.S.O., has assumed command of the 2nd Cadet Battalion, the Royal Fusiliers. . . . The following are headquarters and company locations: B.H.Q., Camperdown House, Half-Moon Passage, E.1; "A" Coy., N.W. London Area; "B" Coy., Camperdown House, E.1; "C" Coy., Sussex Road School, S.W.9; and "D" Coy., North London Club, Amhurst Road, N.16. . . . Offers of assistance from ex-officers and others will be welcomed and should be made in the first place to the Commanding Officer at Battalion Headquarters. . . . The annual summer camp has been held this week at Walmer, Kent.

SWIMMING FEATS—An unusual swimming feat was accomplished by 14-year-old Stanley Brudney when he won all five individual events at the annual swimming gala of the High Wycombe Boys Scouts' Association. Brudney, who was the only Jewish entrant, also assisted his troop, the 10th Wycombe, in winning the relay cup. He is the second son of Mr. and Mrs. H. Brudney, both of whom are communal workers. His elder brother Norman, recently became leader of the Jewish Youth Club.

Sixteen-year-old David Dickinson, son of Mr. and Mrs. George Dickinson, Birmingham, recently won the Warwickshire Junior Men's 100 yards Back Stroke Swimming Championship. He has been selected by the Birmingham Society for Allied Sporting Friendship to represent the Society in a swimming contest at the Hague.

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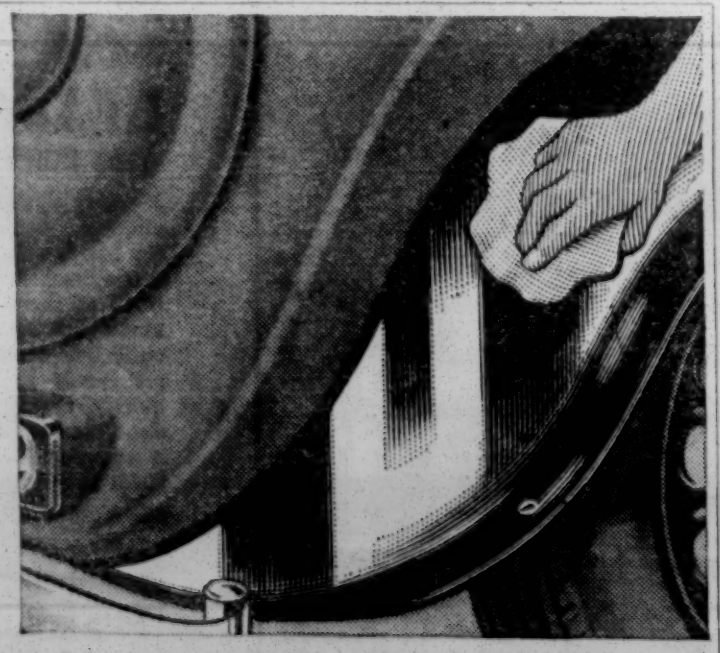
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Points from Letters

"A UNITED JEWISH DELEGATION?"

The report under the above caption in your last issue certainly gives a gleam of hope to the whole of Jewry, who have felt grave anxiety lest the eagerness and over-zealousness of the different parties to present the Jewish case at the Peace Conference might create a wrong impression and perhaps cause confusion in the minds of the Peace delegates. A United Jewish Delegation would certainly enhance our position, but not to the full extent. I maintain that the only means to a successful "single-voice" delegation is for that delegation to be headed by our spiritual leaders. I suggest that even at this hour it is not too late to ask Chief Rabbi Dr. Herzog, together with one or two other world-renowned Rabbanim, to lead a united delegation. We must not forget that whereas a non-Jew will find it difficult to grasp the meaning of "World Jewish Congress, Board of Deputies, American Jewish Conference, A.J.A., American Jewish Committee, or Agudat Israel," he will always appreciate and look with respect on a religious leader of the type of Dr. Herzog. Let us unite by all means, but we must have the exponents of the Torah to act as our spokesmen.—MR. I. FASS, 5, Savile Road, Leeds, 7.

POLISH JEWISH SOLDIERS' NEED

May I appeal through your paper to some of your readers who might be willing to help the many hundreds of Polish Jews who are still in the Polish Army. There is a multiplicity of problems cropping up for the Jewish soldier in the Polish Army. They are of a legal character, connected with, for example, the scheme for resettlement and emigration when the army is disbanded. An advisory council needs to be established with a permanent address whence all matters could be directed. The Army authorities, I believe, will delegate a couple of capable men for attachment to that advisory council. There are no politics involved in it. It is certain that the British as well as the Polish authorities will favour the idea that the Jews should try to handle their own problems of resettlement. If the need arises to call a meeting of representatives of Jewish soldiers in one of the towns in Britain, the Polish military authorities will enable them to travel and attend the meeting. The matter is very urgent. There are over 500 Polish Jews who are anxious that their problems should be dealt with by a responsible committee. —I. SILBIGER, Polish Forces, Lochranza, Isle of Arran.

GEORGE BERNARD SHAW

In Mr. Stanley Itkin's letter last week about George Bernard Shaw, the quotation referring to Jews was from "Saint Joan," not "Back to Methuselah." The exact words are: "THE CHAPLAIN: Monstrous! It is all these scoundrels of Jews: they get in every time money changes hands. I would not leave a Jew alive in Christendom if I had my way. THE NOBLEMAN: Why not? The Jews generally give value. They make you pay; but they deliver the goods. In my experience the men who want something for nothing are invariably Christians."—S. LEVITON, 8, Windsor Terrace, South Gosforth, Newcastle-on-Tyne.

The quotation used by Mr. Stanley Itkin comes not from "Back to Methuselah" but from "Saint Joan." It occurs in the scene where the Bishop of Beauvais, the Duke of Warwick, and the chaplain, John de Stogumber, are discussing their treatment of Joan in the event of her being captured.—MISS PAMELA MELNIKOFF, 12, Windsor Avenue, Edgware, Middlesex.

"THE JEWS KILLED JESUS" STORY

I was amazed and hurt to have listened-in to the B.B.C. Children's Hour on Sunday when a story was told about a "White Lamb" which was distressed during the night when it heard *the Jews killed Jesus*. What more dangerous stuff is required to provoke anti-Semitism than such stories told to innocent little souls, who cannot distinguish between the true and the false? After all, it is a fact which the whole world realises now that stories like these were faked by unfriendly authorities who were out to create anti-Semitism and hatred between the two religions Christians and Jews, for history tells us definitely that the Romans and not the Jews killed Jesus. What is the use of having international conferences of Jews and Christians, such as the one we had last week, while the root of the whole trouble is still preached and taught to Gentile children, especially on the wireless, when millions of them listen-in and take such statements for granted.—MR. B. B. LICHTENSTEIN, 32, London Road, Buxton, Derbyshire.

JEWS AND CHRISTIANS CONFER

In his opening address to the International Conference of Jews and Christians—which, by the way, received hardly any attention in the general press—the Archbishop of Canterbury referred to the fact that "they had fresh in their minds a horrible deed perpetrated by Jews only the other day in Jerusalem." It is a thousand pities that His Grace did not also refer to the most horrible deed perpetrated by Christian Poles at Kielce only a few weeks ago, where 46 Jews were murdered by ordinary Polish citizens in cold blood, in broad daylight, and in the most brutal manner; a murder of 46 Jews openly condoned by a Polish Catholic Archbishop and by many of the lesser fry of the Church. Did the

Continued in next column

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BEAUTY'S MOTTO

An interesting feature of the International Conference of Christian and Jews at Oxford (reported in this issue) was, I am told, the activity of the Youth Group. This group was very largely composed of young people from America. A special full session of the conference was devoted to the expression of the viewpoint of youth. One of the speakers was Miss Florence Davis, an American schoolteacher, and she told of a novel approach to anti-Semitism. The winner of the "Miss America" beauty contest last year, recalled Miss Davis, was a Jewish girl from New York. (Readers of this column will remember my paragraphs on this subject, some time ago, when I also printed a picture of "Miss America" in the person of Miss Bess Meyerson.) Turning down offers of film contracts, Miss Meyerson made a tour of American high schools talking against racial and religious prejudice. Her motto was, "You can't hate and be beautiful."

* * *

THE "STEINS"

The death last week of Gertrude Stein, the famous novelist, reminds one that in her earlier years she was, because of the unusual style of her writing, the centre of much controversy. Equally warm controversy, as is well known, has surrounded two other distinguished Jews—Einstein, of "relativity" fame, and Epstein, the great sculptor, and I am reminded of the one-time popular limerick concerning all three, which I think I may quote without irreverence:

A wonderful family is "stein";
There's Gert and there's Ep and there's Ein.
Gert's verses are bunk,
Ep's statues are junk,
And nobody understands Ein!

* * * *

POOR SIR ROBERT!

At a Shabbos afternoon tea-party, the talk, as is inevitable on these occasions, came round to communal matters and the United Synagogue was put under the microscope. The last meeting of the United Synagogue Council was discussed, and a guest mentioned Mr. Fred Landau's attempt to move a vote of censure on Sir Robert Waley Cohen. "Oh," spiritedly said the host (who is also a member of the Council), "I would certainly have seconded that, *although I didn't know what it was about!*"

* * * *

LEADING OPERATIC BASS

Look into any "poor boy makes good" story in real life, and you will find behind it a tale of hard work and devotion to a single purpose. Not so very long ago, Martin Lawrence was an elementary schoolboy running about the streets of Whitechapel; to-day he is playing the title rôle in the opera "Don Pasquale" at the Cambridge Theatre, and when it opened on Wednesday night he achieved a brilliant success. There must be many in the East End who remember Charles Schloss, as he then was, and others who will recall his splendid voice in pre-war days are the members of the Chazanim Club, organised by Samuel Alman for the singing of Jewish music some years before 1939. Samuel Alman and Julius Guttman both helped Schloss towards the career he has built up, but for years

Continued in next column

"POINTS" (Continued from previous column)

Prophets of Israel teach that a crime is one when committed by Edom, and ceases to be a crime when committed by Israel?—MR. JACOB SARNA, 9, Lauderdale Mansions, Maida Vale, W.9.

TRAVEL HARDSHIPS TO PALESTINE

I have just received from my mother in Jerusalem a detailed description of her journey from Brussels to Haifa last April. This "transport" had been arranged by the Jewish Agency, and I was given by their office in Brussels a number of assurances without which her doctor would not have advised her to undertake this journey at her age and in her state of health. In fact, almost all those assurances were not kept, and the conditions under which she and many other old and ill people had to travel were highly unsatisfactory. Worst of all was a transit camp in Marseilles, where conditions can only be described as inhuman. The same applies more or less to the arrangements on arrival in Haifa. To-day, when commercial agencies are once more in a position to organise luxury trips across Europe, it should not be beyond the organising ability of the Jewish Agency to see that those few who are happy enough to be admitted to the National Home, and in particular the old and infirm, should travel and be received in reasonable comfort.—THE REV. A. CARLEBACH, 59, Golders Gardens, N.W.11.

CHARGES OF MOHELIM

Is there any standard of fees that are charged by Mohelim? My experience recently, and that of some of my friends, is not very happy. A Mohel informed me that he performed operations for Harley Street specialists for which he received a fee of 15 guineas, but in my case he would take a little less. I feel that these charges must constitute a hardship for many people, and that the public has a right to know where they stand.—MR. L. ROSS, 48, Clapton Common, E.5.

DOLL'S HOUSE FOR CHILD CLINIC

A doll's house is urgently needed for the playroom of the Child Guidance Clinic, which was re-established at the London Jewish Hospital last autumn. This clinic, which retains its original title of the East London Child Guidance Clinic, did important pioneer work under the auspices of the Jewish Health Organisation before the war, and has the distinction of being the first clinic of its kind to be set up in this country. A large number of children have already been treated, and fresh applications are being received daily. If any of your readers has such a toy for which there is no further need in the home, and would send it to the Hospital, it would be gratefully received and would prove of great value in the playroom, attendance in which often forms an essential part of the patient's treatment.—MR. G. E. PITT, Secretary, London Jewish Hospital, Stepney Green, E.1.

he was undergoing that hardest of all training, touring round Britain in musical comedy and with the Carl Rosa Opera Company, his first big part being Mephistopheles, in "Faust." So the provinces, including an enthusiastic admirer at Bristol, know him far better than does London. He got his big opportunity at the beginning of this year, while playing in a London pantomime, and signed up for the part of Colline in "La Bohème." Now, in the same New London Opera Company, he is co-starring with such famous international singers as Alda Noni and Mariano Stabile. Those who know think he has a very big future, not only as Britain's leading operatic bass, but in the international music world. CHRONICLER.

24,000 APPLICATIONS FOR NATURALISATION

In the House of Commons recently the Home Secretary, Mr. Chuter Ede, replying to Sir H. Morris-Jones (Lib. Nat., Denbigh) and Mr. P. Freeman (Lab., Newport) said he had granted 1,123 certificates of naturalisation this year up to June 30. The total number of outstanding applications of all categories was over 24,000, of which over 6,000 were in priority categories, and over 2,000 submited before the war. Pre-war applications were being considered, concurrently with priority applications, as rapidly as the staff position allowed, but it was too early to say when they would all be dealt with.

Details of applications for naturalisation each year circulated by Mr. Ede, showed that in the year 1940 there were 2,345, in 1942 only 479, in 1945 5,225; while the number in 1946 was already (up to June 30) 10,658.

He was asked by Mr. Godfrey Nicholson (Con., Farnham) if he was aware that there were a few applications referring to elderly people very distinguished in their walk of life whose naturalisation would do credit to this country. Would he put them in a special category?

Mr. Ede replied that he did try to have regard to the individual claims, but with so large a number as 24,000 he had to be very careful lest by granting a whole number of priorities he really cancelled all the priorities out.

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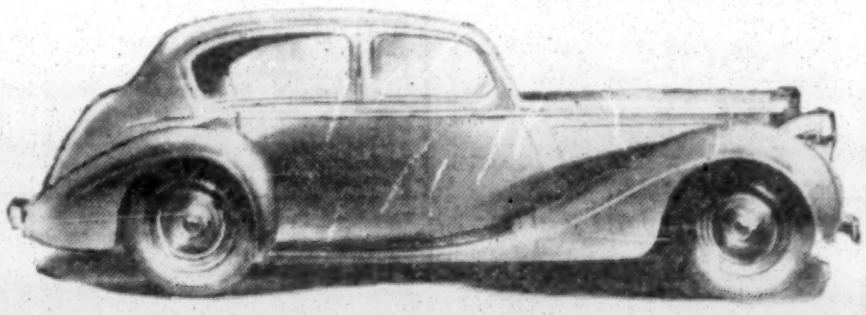
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HOME SECTION

Worth-while Help

TO help those who have been the victims of the world tragedy is a sacred obligation, laid above all upon every member of the Jewish Communities throughout the world. But to help those same victims—especially the young who have survived the holocaust—to help themselves is an even greater necessity. The Ort, which is one of the bodies engaged in the process of inculcating self-help in rehabilitation, is no new institution. Its three-letter name is derived from its purpose—Organisation for Rehabilitation through Training.

Mrs. E. B. Gresser, Chairman of the World Ort and Past-President of the American Women's Ort, is at present in this country, and she explained to a representative of this paper some of the present-day aims and enterprises of the Organisation. Operating in all in twenty countries, she said, Ort has six centres now in South America—in Bolivia, Guatemala, Argentina, Brazil, Chile, and Uruguay—two centres in New York City, one in Montreal, and two in England (where it co-operates with the newly-formed Jewish Marine League), as well as 103 training projects in Sweden, Holland, Belgium, and Hungary. In all their centres refugees from Europe receive training, in company with students from among the resident population.

Trades Taught

The subjects taught at the Ort centres include all the latest branches of electrical and radio engineering, and such trades as carpentry, furniture-making, tailoring, and so on. "Our principal aim," said Mrs. Gresser, "is to make the younger generation of Jews self-supporting and fully-equipped citizens, whose contribution to the general community will be both valuable and considerable. By teaching boys and girls born in the country in which the centre operates together with those who have been brought in as refugees from Europe, we hope to make the absorption of the latter into the local community much more smooth.

Mrs. Gresser outlined the scheme for Guardianship-Vocational Training which the American Women's Ort are busy planning. For £45, or $180, any suitable Jewish man or woman in England or America can become the guardian of a refugee child for one year. During that time the child will receive his training under Ort auspices, but he will be the adopted child of his "mother" or "father" who has volunteered for that service.

In England, it is proposed that volunteer "parents" should exercise what may be termed spiritual trusteeship over Jewish children now being trained, for whom funds will have been collected in America. As Mrs. Gresser pointed out, most of the children who have been brought to this country from camps and barracks in Europe are necessarily housed in hostels, where, with the best will in the world, a real home atmosphere cannot be entirely created. If a child is taken into a Jewish family as one of its members, its whole attitude towards its new work and the new world in which it finds itself will be different and it will be stimulated into more speedy adaptation.

Most of the students at Ort centres are between the ages of 16 and 19, and although normally boys and girls of these ages find facilities for technical instruction in already existing schools and colleges, these refugee children are debarred from joining such classes in many instances by their lack of knowledge of English. They need the special conditions provided by Ort and the companionship of other local Jewish boys and girls.

An important part of the work concerns the training of youth for Palestine, and in this connection the Jewish Marine League plays a significant rôle, as has been stressed on many occasions in these columns.

Mrs. Gresser, energetic, full of understanding, and with an infinite desire to further the claims of the young, is herself the mother of a grown-up son who is just entering on a technical training. She recognises the danger of allowing any considerable number of young Jews or Jewesses to grow up without some practical means of gaining a livelihood. She believes, too, that the "luftmensch" of former days is a potential danger in an industrialised and mechanised age.

There is no intention, nor any suggestion, in Ort undertakings of imposing upon any people a set plan to which they should conform. On the contrary, the greatest possible flexibility exists, and the leaders of the Organisation are conversant with the psychological as well as the practical needs of the students. By co-operating in their Vocational-Guardianship Plan, Jews in England will have the means of infusing into their own Jewish life a welcome and stimulating strain from that section of world Jewry which, if it has been the most tragic victim of the Jewish world position for so many years, has at the same time an inheritance of spiritual greatness and strength that surpasses that of other Jewish Communities situated politically more securely and happily.

Finally, Ort helps in the work of discovering relations and friends of children who have been rescued, and there is no part of the world where some pathetic reunion brought about by its workers has not taken place.

EDGWARE LADIES' GUILD

At the annual meeting of the Edgware Synagogue Ladies' Guild, held recently, the following were elected: Mesdames Lewis, President; Fagan, Vice-President; and Bannet, Treasurer. It was announced that during the past year nearly £400 had been distributed amongst various charities, and the Guild had collected, packed, and dispatched many parcels of clothing to the Continent. Activities will be resumed on Monday, September 9, at the Synagogue. The Hon. Secretary is Mrs. A. Lam, 11, Oakmead Gardens, Edgware.

UNIVERSITY NEWS

In the Final Honour School of Modern Languages, Miss Ennis K. Freedenberg, St. Hilda's College, Oxford, has obtained the B.A. degree with Honours.

SIR HENRY D'AVIGDOR GOLDSMID and MR. HAROLD SOREF left London on Monday for Paris to represent the A.J.A. at the Peace Conference.

PROFESSOR HAROLD LASKI has been chosen Chairman of the Fabian Society for 1946-47. Among those appointed to the Executive Committee is Mr. Leonard Woolf.

Jewish Cookery

FOR STORE

To Salt Runner Beans

The best way to preserve beans for winter use is to salt them. The beans must be young, fresh, and tender, and see that they are clean and dry.

Use stoneware or glass jars, *glazed earthenware is not suitable*. The salt affects the glaze and makes the vessel porous.

For 3 lb. beans, 1 lb. salt will be required. One of the chief causes of failure is using too little salt.

STRING and slice the beans. Put a good layer of salt in the bottom of a large jar, then a layer of beans, and fill the jar with alternate layers of salt and beans, pressing the beans down well so that there is no danger of air pockets. Finish with a good layer of salt, and tie down with 2 or 3 layers of thick paper.

The beans will sink a little, so after a few days more can be added, always taking care to finish off with a good layer of salt. Retie the cover and store in a cool dark place. Moisture will be released from the beans, but that does not matter as long as they have been well covered with salt.

To use. Wash beans in several waters till free of salt, then soak for ½ hour. Put into boiling unsalted water, bring to the boil, and boil for 5 minutes, then drain. Return to saucepan, cover with fresh unsalted boiling water, and cook till tender.

Bottled Mint Sauce

Take enough mint leaves to fill a breakfastcup when well pressed down, 4 oz. sugar, and ½ pt. vinegar.

PUT vinegar and 3 oz. sugar in a small saucepan, bring slowly to the boil and simmer gently for 2 or 3 minutes. Wash and dry the mint leaves, sprinkle with remaining sugar and chop finely. Put the mint into wide-necked bottles (salad cream bottles are suitable), pour over the boiling vinegar and seal. When required dilute with vinegar and water.

Mint Jelly

Sour green apples 2 lb. (windfalls are quite all right), water 1 qt., a bunch of mint, citric acid 1 teaspoonful, sugar.

WASH and cut up the apples, remove stalks and any blemishes but do not peel or core. Put into saucepan with the water, citric acid, and a few sprigs of mint and cook gently to a soft pulp. Drain through a jelly bag or cloth overnight.

Measure the extract and allow 1 lb. sugar to each pint. Put together in a saucepan, stir till sugar has dissolved, then boil quickly till it sets when tested. Skim if necessary and add 2 tablespoonfuls finely chopped mint before potting into small jars.

Marmalade to Replace Candied Peel

This preserve is excellent in place of candied peel in fruit cakes and puddings.

To 6 oz. sweet orange skins allow 1 lb. sugar, 3 pts. water, and 1 teaspoonful citric acid.

CUT the skins into quarters and put in a saucepan with the water and acid, and if there are any orange pips add these tied in muslin. Boil *very gently* with the saucepan uncovered until the peel is quite soft—at least 1½ hours. Then remove the pips, squeezing the bag well, strain off the liquid and slice the peel finely. Return to the pan with the liquid, bring to the boil, add the sugar, stir till dissolved, then boil quickly till it sets when tested.

This should yield about 2 lb.

J.C. CHILDREN'S SECTION

Young Israel

AUGUST 9, 1946—AV 12, 5706

THE MEZUZAH

BY AUNTIE

IT is related in the Talmud that Artabanus, the King of Parthia, once sent to Abba Arecа, a well-known Rabbi, with whom he was on very friendly terms, a jewel of great value. The Rabbi, knowing a return gift was expected, sent back a Mezuzah.

The king was surprised and not overpleased, and on meeting the Rabbi said, "I sent you a priceless jewel, and in return you send me something that has scarcely any value, a small strip of parchment, inscribed with Hebrew characters."

"Sire," replied the Rabbi, "believe me that all your and my possessions together do not equal in value what I have sent you. The present which you sent me has to be carefully locked away and guarded, but that which I have given you watches over, keeps, and guards you."

You have all seen the Mezuzah on the door of your house. Jews place it there in obedience to the command written in this week's Sidra, "And ye shall write them on the doorposts of your houses and upon the gates."

Two important passages are written on a piece of parchment. There is the one we know by the word שמע and והיה אם שמוע, both of which are repeated daily and form the first two portions of the prayer called the שמע. The writing is carried out with scrupulous care. The parchment is then folded up and the word שדי (Almighty) is written on the outer side. Then it is rolled into a small case or tube.

The second portion written on the Mezuzah teaches us that the prosperity or misfortune of the nation depends on each individual. It warns us, "to take heed to yourselves, that your heart be not deceived and ye turn aside and serve other gods and worship them."

On this Sabbath of Comfort שבת נחמו we must sorrowfully remember that our ancestors "perished from off the good land, which the Lord had given them, because they turned aside from Him and worshipped other gods." But the Mezuzah is our reminder that God will watch over and keep us. Every time we go in or out of our home we are reminded of the Unity of God; we cannot forget His love for us. The Mezuzah raises every Jewish home, even though it be poor and small or grand and costly, into a temple for the worship and praise of the Lord.

But the Mezuzah is only an outward sign, and must never be looked upon as a talisman or amulet. We must not think of it with superstition, it is only a reminder of the love of God who leads us and guides us at all times. We cannot help but remember the Almighty when we see the Mezuzah firmly fixed not only on the doorposts of our homes but in the depths of our heart.

As we pass out of our home and see the word of God upon the doorpost we know that His promise, "Blessed shalt thou be when thou comest in and blessed shalt thou be when thou goest out," will be fulfilled.

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AUGUST 9, 1946.

YOUNG ISRAEL LETTER BOX

"AUNTIE'S" CORRESPONDENCE

A hearty welcome is extended to Miriam Z. Gee (Acton), and Audrey Simons (Sheffield).

ANONYMOUS, Cardiff.—Your gift in memoriam is greatly appreciated.

ERIC FINE, Merthyr Tydfil.—I congratulate both you and Cecil, and trust that you will continue to do well. I was interested to learn that you had met Isabel and Helen. It was a pleasure to have your holiday contribution, and hope that others will follow your good example.

HAROLD HARE, Cricklewood.—Why was the reception so long before the event? I trust that you will enjoy the real event.

"R.I."—You must remember that you were a very faithful correspondent and I admired the handwriting, which accounts for a great deal. I hope that you will have a sunny and happy holiday and let me have another letter when time permits.

JOEL W. INTRACT, Newcastle-on-Tyne.—Thank you very much for your going-away present and for letting me know how thrilled you were to have the certificate. You are such a busy bee all the year round that you deserve a long vacation.

MIRIAM JOSEPH, Maidenhead.—My hearty congratulations. It was good of you to remember the orphans. I do hope that you will enjoy camp life. Is my big nephew going away?

CIVIA NEUFELD, Stoke Newington.—I really expected a much longer letter after such a wonderful holiday, but perhaps you are writing again soon. My best thanks for your kind thought for the old folks.

CORRESPONDENCE EXCHANGE

Correspondents are wanted by

Jeanette Cohen, 25, West Bank, Stamford Hill, London, N.16, senior members living in the U.S.A., interested in films.

Benita Fieldman, 35, Northbrook Gardens, Belfast, senior members living in any part of the world, chief interests drama and books.

Norma Gold, 58, Linthorpe Road, Stamford Hill, London, N.16, senior cousins living in Canada, Australia, or the U.S.A.

Delphine F. Hardy, 141, Boothferry Road, Hull, living in Great Britain or the U.S.A., aged 10 to 12, interested in music, drawing, and books of adventure.

Haim Adler, 27, Ramban Street, Rehavia, Jerusalem, senior English cousins, general interests.

Mildred Baigel, 32, Longwood Avenue, S.C. Road, Dublin, living in Canada or U.S.A., aged 10 or 11, interested in Hebrew, music, books, and Brownies.

Gerald Barnett, 52, Glade Road, Marlow, Bucks, aged 10 to 12, chief interests the Scout movement, music, and stamp collecting.

Cecil D. Isaacs, Glenoe, The Walk, Merthyr Tydfil, junior boy cousins interested in conjuring, films, or stamps.

Renee Rose, 33, Richmond Place, Grand Parade, Brighton, cousins aged 10 or 11, living in Holland, the Colonies, or America, fond of books, music and dancing.

GIFTS TO FUNDS

Children and Youth Aliyah

The League is endeavouring to collect £75 for this movement. All readers are asked to co-operate.

Eric Fine, 5s.; "In memory of loved ones," 5s.; Joel Walter Intract, 5s. **Total to date: £48 14s.**

Jewish Orphanage: Miriam Joseph, 2s. 6d. Home for Aged Jews: Civia Neufeld, 2s. 6d.

GO-AS-YOU-PLEASE COMPETITION

Here is our regular, ever-popular summer competition. All of you should send entries, as you can make your own choice. The youngest members will have an equal chance of gaining prizes, which will be awarded according to age.

RULES

(1) Competitors must be members of the Young Israel League, juniors under 13.

(2) All entries must be the unaided work of the competitors.

(3) Each entry *must* bear the *full* name, age, and address of the entrant and be received by September 3, 1946.

N.B.—Special prizes and extra time will be given to Colonial competitors.

NOTICE.—*All communications in connection with "Young Israel" must be addressed to "Auntie,"* THE JEWISH CHRONICLE, 88, *Chancery Lane, London W.C.2.*

Jews and Christians

Continued from page 1

Germany. In all there were 120 delegates from 15 countries. The Chairman of the Conference was Dr. Henry Noble MacCracken, who was for 30 years head of Vassar College, U.S.A.

The main work was done in the six commissions. These met separately and, working largely on documents that had been prepared for them, issued two reports. The short reports embodying the main principles and recommendations were submitted to Plenary Sessions, where criticisms were voiced by the Conference.

The reports and the criticisms were then referred back to the commissions, who redrafted their proposals and resubmitted them for adoption. At the same time, the commissions worked on a full report embodying the practical application of the general recommendations. A Continuation Committee is to be set up to carry out the recommendations adopted.

The six commissions were: group tensions, which dealt largely with the problem of anti-Semitism; fundamental postulates of Judaism and Christianity; religious liberty; justice and its claims; mutual responsibility in a free society; and training for responsible citizenship.

Speakers at the various sessions, which began on Tuesday of last week at Lady Margaret Hall, included:

DR. I. FELDMAN (Vice-President of the Board of Deputies), who said that anti-Semitism could not arise spontaneously in this freedom-loving country. Wherever it had arisen it had been artificially nurtured for reasons which had nothing to do with the term anti-Semitism or Jew.

Mr. J. FOGARTY (Cardiff) appealed to Jews to remember that just as Christians had raised their voices on behalf of the Jews in their suffering, so it was necessary for Jews to show the same spirit when Christians were persecuted.

Mr. ALAN PATON (S. Africa) said there was no active anti-Semitism in South Africa in the early days. It was not until the beginning of Nazism that it began to show its ugly head. The Allied victory had resulted in a large part of this activity being driven underground.

Rabbi Dr. I. PORUSH (Australia) spoke of that country as characterised by freedom and fair play. There were, however, sporadic signs of intolerance which were the result of its being a young and impatient country.

Religious Freedom the Most Important

Rabbi ISRAEL ABRAHAMS (Capetown), said that freedom was the leitmotiv of Jewish life and quoted the saying of Pope Pius XI that "spiritually we are all Semites." Religious freedom was the most important to which a person could lay claim. Hateful as anti-Semitic opinions were, they must be prepared for freedom's sake to give them due rein. To suppress them would be a form of inverted Fascism. But they must be opinions and not misstatements of fact or advocacy of hurtful opinion. Against the latter, they must be prepared to take action. He favoured a law of libel when a whole group was maligned.

Dr. ERICH BICKEL (President of the recently-formed Swiss Council of Christians and Jews) said that although the Swiss people as a whole rejected anti-Semitism, some poison remained. Anti-Semitism was relatively widespread among students and the Council were taking steps to combat it. Stimulation of hate against religion or race was now a crime by Federal Law.

Father M. AHERN (America) commented that a law had been passed in the States of New York and Massachusetts making it illegal to refuse employment on the grounds of religion, race, or colour.

The Rev. J. M. GROLLE (Utrecht), a pastor of the Dutch Reformed Church who had spent nineteen months in a camp because of opposition to the Nazis, said that the feeling in Holland was "when the Jews were threatened, they were threatened too."

Oberrabbiner Dr. M. FRIEDIGER, Chief Rabbi of Denmark, paid a warm tribute to the Danish people. Thanks to them only 500 Jews out of 6,000 were taken to the concentration camps. Even in Theresienstadt camp he had received many gifts from the Danish people. On his release he had been received by the King who had said, "We cannot understand the German action against Jews. In Denmark there is no difference between Jews and Christians. The Jew is a human being. The Christian is a human being."

M. MAURICE BIROLLEAU (France) gave a description of the part played by the Christian Churches in denouncing the measures taken against Jews by the Nazis and Vichy Government and of the active steps taken by the entire population to rescue Jews, especially children.

Pastor MAAS (Germany) said: "Each encounter with a Jew is an occasion for us to confess. Even those of us who fought anti-Semitism from the start must share the guilt with the German people. We did not fight hard enough. We did not pray faithfully enough. We did not love ardently enough. From this distress we may rise to a new and reverent love. We should fast with the Jews on Tisha b'Av and remember with tears those who never came back from Belsen or Auschwitz."

Professor BICKEL (Switzerland) recommended the adoption of the principle proposed by one of the commissions of a World Day of Prayer in memory of the martyrs of Europe. This was agreed to.

Pastor GRUBER (Germany) told of how he had himself seen a sealed train of Jews from Danzig left for days in a siding; no one was allowed to approach. When the compartments were unsealed they had first to take out the dead and there were found three bodies that were only bones. The flesh had been eaten by the crazed occupants.

Pastor FRICKE (Germany) told of Pastor Schneider who had been sent to Buchenwald camp in 1938 and how he used to strengthen the morale of the Jews by reading to them from the Psalms and the Bible. For this he was beaten every day by the Gestapo, but he refused to stop and eventually he was beaten to death. "We were not all silent in Germany," he said. "But we were too weak to change the course of events."

A separate meeting of the Jewish delegates was held on Sunday morning, with the Rev. Dr. Abraham Cohen in the chair. He pointed out that when the Council in England was inaugurated it was laid down in a correspondence between the late Chief Rabbi and the late Dr. Temple that the differences between the two religious groups should not be interfered with in any way by the programme of the proposed Council. That principle had been faithfully maintained.

Some of the delegates quoted instances of members of Societies of Jews and Christians in various countries who seemingly had the desire to use the Council as a missionary agency. Rabbi M. Rosenblum said that the same difficulties had been experienced when the National Conference was first formed in the United States, where not only the Jewish members but also the Christians agreed that there should not be co-operation of the Conference with individuals who should attempt to use it for ulterior purposes.

The meeting agreed to recommend that in the charter of the International Organisation to be set up by the Conference, it should be clearly stated that co-operation should be on the basis of mutual respect for religious beliefs and practices.

No Explicit Reference to Palestine

There was a lengthy discussion as to whether there should be an explicit reference to Palestine in the decisions of the Conference. Although there was a large measure of support for the suggestion, indications were that it would cause considerable differences among the Christian delegates, and that it would be unwise if the matter should have to come to a vote.

It was agreed that the work of the Conference in Anglo-Jewry should be continued through the Jewish members of the Executive Council of Christians and Jews.

A reception was given by Canon L. W. Grensted (Chairman of the Oxford branch of the Society for Christians and Jews) in Oriel College. An official welcome on behalf of the Vice-Chancellor of Oxford University was conveyed by the President of Trinity College (Professor J. R. H. Weaver).

An evening session was presided over by Sir Richard Livingstone, Vice-Chancellor of Oxford University. A panel of speakers from the United States was introduced by Dr. Everett R. Clinchy, President of the National Conference of Christians and Jews (U.S.A.).

At a morning session, at which Mr. Leonard Stein took the chair, Mr. Richard O'Sullivan, K.C., read a paper on "Justice."

On Friday evening, a service was held at the Oxford Synagogue at which Rabbi Dr. I. Porush gave the address. The delegates were welcomed by Mr. Geoffrey Wigoder. The sermon on Saturday morning was given by Rabbi I. Abrahams.

The main practical outcome is the formation of the International Council of Christians and Jews. It is interesting to record that the least controversial document was the report on the Fundamental Postulates of Christianity and Judaism in relation to World Order, which can speak for Protestants, Catholics, Orthodox Jews, and Liberal Jews.

Before the public meeting in London (reported in last week's JEWISH CHRONICLE) the delegates were entertained to tea by the United Nations Educational, Scientific, and Cultural Organisation (Unesco). Dr. Howard Wilson, Deputy Director of the Cultural Body, spoke of the possibility of co-operation between Unesco and any permanent world body that might be set up by the Conference.

Home . . . . .

Keep your bread in a bin with the lid tilted. Or wrap it in a clean, dry cloth and put it on an airy shelf. It will keep fresher. Don't leave it about after a meal. Put it away again as soon as you can. Bread goes stale quickly when it's exposed to the air.

. . . . . and away

See that you have enough BU coupons. Manage with those you have kept if you can and only get back some of those you have deposited if you really need them.

And Two Ideas for Picnics

MAKING SANDWICHES?

Then don't forget that sandwiches keep fresh and soft if you wrap them in a damp cloth. Easier still, take the whole loaf. You can then make "open" sandwiches — one piece of bread heaped with a savoury mixture. Here's one —

Beef Mixture. Mix together 2 oz. pressed beef, a dessertspoon of chutney, ½ teaspoon of Worcester sauce and a teaspoon of chopped parsley.

Quick Salad Dressing. 2 oz. flour; 1 oz. margarine or cooking fat; ¼ pint of milk; ¼ pint of water; 1 teaspoon dry mustard; salt, pepper, vinegar to taste. Melt fat in pan, stir in flour and mustard; boil 5 minutes. Add liquid gradually, stirring well. Add salt and pepper and vinegar to taste.

SHORT OF BREAD?

Then boil a pound or two of new potatoes, all about the same size, smallish if possible. Don't overcook. Make quick salad dressing (recipe on left) and beat in some finely chopped mint or coarsely chopped parsley — mint's the most refreshing.

Take the potatoes and salad dressing separately. Dip the potatoes in the dressing or pour it on to them just before eating.

Delicious and very easy. Carrots taste good this way, too.

Whole tomatoes and a whole lettuce are also easy to carry. Wrap the lettuce in a damp cloth after you have washed it.

BREAD-SHOPPING REMINDER

BREAD: 1 small loaf .. .. 2 BU's | FLOUR: 3-lb. bag 9 BU's; 1-lb. 3 BU's
1 large loaf .. .. 4 „ | CAKES, BUNS, SCONES: ½ lb. 1 BU

COUPON VALUES: L=1; M=2; G=6; J=6; F=2; BUX=4; BUY=2.

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Company Meetings

SOUTH AFRICAN BREWERIES

DEMAND EXCEEDS SUPPLY

CAPT. STROYAN ON HIS VISIT

The Fifty-first Ordinary General Meeting of the South African Breweries Limited was held in London on August 7.

Capt. J. R. A. Stroyan, the Chairman, in the course of his speech, said:

It is with deep regret that I have to announce that since our last General Meeting our late Chairman, the Rt. Hon. Sir Arthur Griffith-Boscawen, has passed away. By his death our Company has suffered a great loss.

In the early part of this year, I visited the Union of South Africa and Northern and Southern Rhodesia for the purpose of inspecting our properties, going into the business of your Company on the spot, and studying conditions in South Africa generally. During my visit I had the opportunity of observing the working of our Local Management Committee consisting of Messrs. MacKenzie, Adnams and Webster, and am pleased to report that I found it to be working well and with great efficiency.

ENORMOUS DEMAND

I inspected a great number of the Company's properties and found them to be in as good a state of repair as war-time and post-war conditions permit. It is, and always has been, your Company's policy to keep all our breweries and properties in as good a state of repair as possible. Wherever I went, I found our products in great demand, and the only complaint was that we could not supply all the requirements of our customers.

Owing to the enormous demand for our products, all our Breweries have been working to the limit of their capacity for the past few years. It is, therefore, necessary for us to continue to ration supplies to our customers who have loyally accepted the position.

The Board have decided to increase our brewing capacity and with this end in view we have already got out plans for a new Brewery at Durban on the most modern and up-to-date lines possible. We have also plans in hand for enlarging and extending our Brewery at Johannesburg, and other minor plans for improving our Breweries at other centres. Our present output has greatly increased, as compared with pre-war days and the justifiable popularity of our products is creating a demand that, at the moment, it is impossible to satisfy.

I would mention here that, so far as I could judge, South Africa has become more beer-minded than ever. Beer has now become the popular beverage of both sexes, and, of course, our Lager is most attractive and refreshing.

PROLONGED PROSPERITY

There is no doubt in my mind that South Africa is in for a period of prolonged prosperity. Her people are full of vigour, vitality, and determination. New factories and businesses are springing up everywhere. There is ample local capital available for investment and it is significant to note that many business men from overseas, who have visited South Africa in the last few years, have decided to establish branches of their industries in the Union, and, furthermore, they are doing so without applying to the Government for protection.

During my trip I visited the Glassworks of our subsidiary company, Union Glass Limited at Talana, and am pleased to be able to inform you that this Company is in a very flourishing condition. Its products are of the highest quality and can more than hold their own with the imported article. The factory has expanded very considerably since the commencement of the war, and is making provision for still greater expansion.

I also visited the hop gardens which we run in conjunction with our friends and competitors, Messrs. Ohlsson's Cape Breweries Ltd., and I was exceedingly pleased and impressed with the progress that has been made. These hop gardens, although not supplying Messrs. Ohlsson's and ourselves with all our requirements, have enabled us to carry on without the English and Czechoslovakian hops that we used to import before the war.

BALANCE-SHEET

The Directors' Report and Statement of Accounts have been in your hands for some days, and I therefore propose, subject to your consent, that we take them as read. The main variation in the Balance-sheet is the small decrease in the liquid assets, which is more than accounted for by the reduction in the liability to taxation, due to substantially greater amounts being paid on account of current and arrear liabilities during the year. Reserves have been increased by the proposed transfer of £200,000 from Appropriation Account to Rebuilding and Deferred Maintenance Reserve Account, with which I shall be dealing later.

You will observe in the Balance-sheet that no account has been taken of any post-war refund of Excess Profits Tax that may be recoverable. I would mention that it is exceedingly difficult for us to estimate the rebate to which we may be entitled, as the United Kingdom and South African Inland Revenue Departments have not yet agreed as to the relief that will be granted in their respective countries regarding Excess Profits Duties and Taxes paid in each country.

From the Profit and Loss Account it will be seen that our trading and other profits have increased by £40,280, and I would mention that this increase is in spite of an increase in the cost of raw materials and labour.

MALT COMPARISONS

During the year under review, South African barley was in very short supply, and we had to rely, to a greater extent, upon imports of malt from America and Canada. During the current year we must again look to substantial importations to ease the position, and unfortunately, the cost of imported malt is much higher than that of malt produced in our own maltings from South African barley.

The taxation charged despite the increase in the profits has been reduced by £20,000, and this was due to reductions in Union, Rhodesian, and United Kingdom Taxation during the year. The net profit after charging taxation amounted to £446,811, as compared with £386,530, for the year ended March 31, 1945, showing an increase of £60,281.

The charge for taxation shown in the accounts is £1,020,000; but I would here mention that in addition to this figure the Company contributed during the year no less than the sum of £1,191,661 in Excise.

Adding to the profits for the year the amount brought forward from last year, viz. £202,734, a total of £649,545 was provided from which must be deducted the Interim Dividends on the Preference and Ordinary Stock absorbing £103,383, leaving a balance available for distribution of £546,162.

REBUILDING RESERVE

Last year, your late Chairman referred to the very considerable capital expenditure that will be required. I have already referred to this capital expenditure, and I may say that it is still impossible for us to estimate the total involved, but I can tell you that the indications are at present that our original approximate estimates are likely to be increased rather than reduced. Your Directors therefore, recommend that out of the balance on Appropriation Account we transfer to Rebuilding and Deferred Maintenance Reserve the sum of £200,000 to form the nucleus of a fund to meet this capital expenditure.

This building programme would be spread over a number of years, but it may be that at a later date we shall be requiring fresh capital, in which event, we shall, no doubt, give our stockholders first opportunity of taking up such fresh capital.

DIVIDEND OF 16½ PER CENT

Your Directors have recommended final dividends of 2½ per cent on the Preference Stock payable less Income Tax and 11½ per cent on the Ordinary Stock payable free of Income Tax, making, with the interim dividend already paid, 16½ per cent free of Income Tax for the year.

These dividends and the transfer to Rebuilding and Deferred Maintenance Reserve will absorb £422,781 of the balance of profit available for distribution and the Directors recommend that the balance of £123,381 be carried forward.

The Report and Accounts were adopted.

PALESTINE ELECTRIC CORPORATION

Steady Development and Progress

The 23rd ordinary general meeting of the Palestine Electric Corporation, Ltd., was held on July 31 at 2, Grosvenor Gardens, London, S.W., The Rt. Hon. Viscount Samuel, P.C., G.C.B., G.B.E. (Chairman of the Company), presiding.

The Secretary (Mr. G. Bradlaw, F.C.I.S.) read the notice convening the meeting and the report of the auditors.

The following is the statement by the Chairman which had been circulated with the report and accounts for the year ended December 31, 1945, and was taken as read:

The report and accounts presented continue to show steady development and progress. We connected during the year 6,223 new consumers, making a total of 94,910 consumers, which is an increase of 7 per cent on the number of consumers at the end of the previous year. The gross revenue for the year has increased by 18.8 per cent. From the usual table appearing in the Directors' report and showing a comparison of sales and revenue over six years you will observe that the number of units sold in 1945 is more than double that sold in 1940.

TRANSMISSION SYSTEM EXTENDED

The transmission and distribution system has been extended by 39 km., making the total length of high tension transmission lines on December 31, 1945, 1,400 km. and of the low tension distribution lines 1,288 km., as compared with 1,389 and 1,260 km. respectively at the end of 1944.

The expenditure on capital account during the year amounted to £P.154,585. Of this £P.54,000 was expended in connection with the boiler of 42 tons per hour evaporating capacity in course of erection at the Reading Power Station in Tel-Aviv. An equal amount was spent on the extension of the transmission and distribution lines referred to above, £P.15,000 on the "Sharon" Transformer Station and £P.13,000 on meters.

The year was again marked by a progressive increase in the costs of operation. The upward trend in the cost of living has continued and salaries and wages have again risen to new levels. The total amount of cost-of-living allowances paid to the employees of the corporation in 1945 was over 30 per cent more than in 1944, and in the present year the rise in the cost of labour has been continuing. The effect of the increased costs on the operating expenditure in 1945 was to some extent mitigated, however, by the saving of fuel brought about by an increased output of the Jordan Hydro-Electric Power Station, due to the exceptionally heavy rainfall in the winter season of 1944-45.

APPROPRIATION OF PROFITS

After providing for taxation and the other items set out in the profit and loss account and setting aside £P.50,000 to provision for deferred maintenance and £P.75,000 to general reserve, a balance of £P.131,383 is carried to the profit appropriation statement. Together with the amount of £P.30,000 set aside last year, we have now a reserve of £P.80,000 for deferred maintenance purposes. Deducting dividends already paid on the preference and second preference shares, and adding the carry-forward from last year of £P.113,809, there is an amount of £P.223,480 available for distribution. The Directors recommend the payment of a dividend of 6 per cent, free of income tax, on the ordinary and "A" ordinary shares, which will absorb £P.104,258, leaving a balance of £P.119,222 to be carried forward. The Directors are pleased to be able to recommend this increase on the previous year's dividend. Since it has been the practice of the corporation to distribute dividends on the ordinary and "A" ordinary shares free of income tax, the recent reduction of the standard rate of tax from 10s to 9s. in the £ has contributed to make possible the present increase of tax-free dividend from 5 per cent to 6 per cent.

The policy adopted by the corporation of providing an adequate reserve of generating plant has been more than justified, and although the large increase in the maximum demand during the war years has placed a great strain on our plant and on our transmission and distribution system, I am glad to say that all demands have been fully satisfied. To meet the continually increasing load, orders have been placed for two turbo-alternator sets with boilers and ancillary plant for the extension of the Reading and Haifa power stations. Owing to the prevailing difficulties with regard to labour and materials, deliveries are uncertain, but it is hoped that the extension of the Reading power station will be completed by next summer and of the Haifa power station by the summer of 1948. These extensions, when completed, will increase the total installed generating capacity of the undertaking by 42,000 kw. to 117,500 kw.

REMUNERATION OF DIRECTORS

At the annual meeting of 1927 an amount of £3,500 per annum was provided for the remuneration of the Board of Directors. This was in the early days of the corporation; the total gross revenue for the year 1927 was only in the neighbourhood of £70,000. After nearly 20 years, its operations have become so extensive that the gross revenue is approaching £2,000,000; but that item in the accounts has remained unchanged. The Board propose to submit to the forthcoming annual meeting a resolution to authorise the allocation in respect of Directors' fees of an amount not exceeding £7,000 a year. While, having in view future possibilities, the Directors think it desirable to have this authority, they intend, if the resolution is passed, to limit the fees for the current year to £5,000.

I feel sure you would desire once again to join with your Directors in recording our appreciation of the zealous and efficient services rendered during the past year by the Managing Director and by the whole of the corporation's staff.

The report and accounts were unanimously adopted.

The retiring Directors, the Rt. Hon. Lord Melchett of Landford, Sir Edward Baron, and the Rt. Hon. Viscount Samuel, were re-elected; the auditors, Messrs. Russell and Co., were reappointed; and a resolution was passed increasing the Directors' remuneration.

The proceedings then terminated.

Investments & Securities

Political factors, such as the Paris Conference and the summer holiday season, have a restricting effect upon the volume of Stock Exchange business. Members, however, are impressed with the strong undertone of markets.

It is true that values have reacted here and there. That can be attributed to a little forced liquidation and the absence of support. Taking conditions generally, values are holding up remarkably well.

The award decided for the colliery trade comes up to general expectations. Colliery shares are showing to advantage and the better feeling has extended to the Home Railway market. General belief is that conditions will become satisfactory when the holiday season is over.

SOUTH AFRICAN BREWERIES

A most satisfactory report for the year to March 31 last has been issued by the South African Breweries. Income from all sources, after providing for depreciation, totalled £1,489,597, against £1,449,587.

Total taxation in U.K. and the Union, as well as Rhodesia, required £1,020,000, against £1,040,000. Dividend on the ordinary capital is raised from 15 to 16½ per cent, both free of tax, with £200,000, against nil, transferred to rebuilding account.

The carry-forward is reduced from £202,734 to £123,381. The company has a decidedly good dividend record and the accounts just published prove that the company is fully maintaining its prosperity. The £1 ordinary stand around 154/6 each.

PALESTINE ELECTRIC

Trading profits of Palestine Electric Corporation for 1945 totalled £P.751,786. From this must be deducted directors' fees, depreciation, deferred maintenance, and taxation. The latter required £P.320,000.

The directors placed £P.75,000 to general reserve and distributed a 6 per cent ordinary dividend for the year against 5 per cent for the previous three years. It may be recalled that before the war, 7½ per cent was paid on the ordinary, and it must be noted that all dividends are paid free of tax.

During the year, 6,223 new consumers were connected, making 94,710 consumers in all. On the other hand, operating costs are rapidly rising. Orders have been placed for new plant to meet continually increasing load. The extensions when completed will increase the total installed generating capacity of the undertaking to 117,500 kw.

DIVIDEND TREND RISING

As most investors are aware, Trust of Insurance shares was created in June, 1934, to provide investors with a freely marketable investment spread over selected shares of British insurance companies. The Trust has met with success.

A half-yearly distribution of 2.8696d. net, per unit, became payable on July 31 last. That payment brought the total for the year up to 4.8480d. per unit. It compared with 4.2622d. net for the previous year.

The substantial increase reflected payment of higher dividends by insurance companies. The trend of payments has been upwards for the past few years. The price of the units has been rising in consequence. The managers are of the opinion that the trend of moderate increases in distributions should continue.

CITY EDITOR.

CENTRAL FUND ALLOCATIONS

At a meeting of the Council of the Central British Fund held recently, the following allocations were made:

Towards the maintenance of children in Poland awaiting emigration to Palestine, £500; towards the transport costs in England of distressed persons from the Continent, £1,400; for religious reconstruction in Poland, £2,500; to the Refugee Children's Movement for arranging short reunion holidays of persons from the Continent with their children in England, £500; for the maintenance of immigrant pensioners from Germany in Palestine, £5,000; towards the maintenance of students of Talmudical Colleges in Palestine, £1,000; and to the United Kingdom Search Bureau for tracing missing relatives in Europe, £3,000.

Many applications for assistance, particularly in Poland and in Eastern and Central Europe have not been dealt with owing to the lack of funds.

★

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INVESTED FUNDS EXCEED £17,000,000

CAREERS ADVICE

From November onwards, until March, 1947, there is to be a course of lectures on Principles and Methods of Youth Work, at Jews' College, which promises to be of great service to students who propose to give more attention than has usually been devoted to the youth and club movements by ministers. The course, in addition to lectures on the theory of youth work, provides for practical work by students in selected clubs, and for the supervision of their work, visits of observation to various types of clubs and other institutions relevant to the work, and discussions of specific problems in tutorials which will be arranged where necessary. The syllabus prepared at the College shows very wide scope indeed, and this new departure in the training of the minister is a good beginning to the new movement for more Synagogal contact with the youth clubs. The lecturers are being chosen from among experts in the various branches dealt with. In March and April next year, too, there will be three special comprehensive lectures on Vocational Guidance.

Inquiries from readers who require advice relating to careers and education, in whatever branch, are invited. Letters should be addressed to:

CAREERS ADVICE, THE JEWISH CHRONICLE,
20, High Street, High Wycombe, Bucks.

Do not forget to enclose a stamped addressed envelope for reply.

LIBERAL MINISTER'S VISIT TO DUBLIN

Dr. R. Brasch, Minister of the North London Liberal Synagogue, is leaving his congregation for three months in order to visit Dublin to organise the Liberal Jewish Community there.

The last fortnightly meeting of the congregation's "Junior Membership" gave Dr. Brasch its good wishes on his mission and arranged for a committee of young people to continue the debates and discussions, as well as the work of supporting charitable causes. Every week clothing and comforts are sent to the displaced persons' camps.

Recently a Marrainage scheme to help war-orphaned children in France was started.

YIDDISH LIVES ON

Mr. J. Wittriol gave many examples of the Hebrew element in Yiddish when he delivered a lecture on this subject at the Anglo-Palestinian Club last week. Mr. Z. Stalbow presided.

The lecturer showed how Yiddish was not, as was sometimes supposed, simply a debased form of German, spoken by people who were incapable of speaking German correctly, but an essentially Jewish language, the soul of which resided in its Hebrew and Aramaic element. Hebrew, he said, is the salt in the Yiddish stew.

For many years now, said Mr. Wittriol, Yiddish had been proclaimed as a dying language, but the language itself took an unconscionable time a-dying. In the struggle between Hebrew and Yiddish as the Jewish national tongue, Hebrew, he stated, must eventually emerge triumphant.

It had been well observed, he concluded, that when the time came to say *kaddish* for Yiddish, it would have merited a *kaddish de Rabbanan*.

DANCES, ETC.

HAMMERSMITH PALAIS

DANCING TWICE DAILY

3 and 7.30

GEORGE EVANS and His Band — JACK AMLOT and His Band

Join the Sunday Club
Full Particulars from Secretary

HALLS FOR HIRE

"LA BOHEME"

72, NEW BOND STREET, W.1

The Perfect West End Rendezvous for

ALL FUNCTIONS

Catering at its Best — Fully Licensed
Seating over 300

'Phone: MAY. 5802 for Reservations

FINE HALL AVAILABLE

OCTOBER 27

Seating capacity 200-300 persons

Apply:

LEW SEMUS & SON, LTD.

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BRENT BRIDGE HOTEL

Hendon, N.W.4

NOW OPEN FOR ALL HIGH-CLASS FUNCTIONS WEEKDAYS & SUNDAYS

Best Reception and Ballrooms in N.W. London

Your own caterers if desired. Write, or 'phone, HENdon 8171 for terms

UNDER NEW MANAGEMENT

CONCERTS

ROYAL ALBERT HALL
B.B.C. announces 52nd Season Henry Wood
PROMENADE CONCERTS
Nightly at 7 (Sundays excepted)
LONDON SYMPHONY ORCHESTRA
Conductors:
Basil Cameron **Sir Adrian Boult**
Associate Conductor: **Constant Lambert**
2,000 PROMENADE (including seating for 440), 2/-, available nightly at doors only

WIGMORE HALL
WEDNESDAY, SEPTEMBER 4, at 7 p.m.
PIANO RECITAL
by
SHULAMITH SHAFIR
(In aid of the J.N.F. Charitable Trust)
Works by Mendelssohn, Mozart, Schumann, Chopin, Liszt, Shostakovitch, Rosowsky
All seats bookable, £2 2s., £1 1s., 10/6, and 5/-, from 65, Southampton Row, W.C.1 (MUS. 6111/19)

M. C. S.
Preliminary Announcement
Season 1946-1947
Royal Albert Hall
VICTOR HOCHHAUSER announces
SUNDAY EVENING CONCERTS
GRAND OPENING CONCERT
Sunday, October 13, at 7
LONDON SYMPHONY ORCHESTRA
Conductor (announced shortly)
Soloists
SZIGETI
Only public orchestral appearance this season of the World-Famous Violinist
and
MOISEIWITSCH
Programme will include
Violin Concert in D ..... Brahms
Piano Concerto No. 1 in B flat .. Tchaikovsky

Sunday, November 24, at 7
Farewell appearance of
IDA HAENDEL
Prior to her departure for America, with the
LONDON SYMPHONY ORCHESTRA
Conductor:
ENRIQUE JORDA
Programme will include
Violin Concerto in D ..... Beethoven
Violin Concerto in D .....Khatchaturian

Sunday, December 22, at 7
(Details will be announced shortly)

Particulars of the above Sunday Evening Concerts (by post only) from Victor Hochhauser, 126, Green Lanes, N.16.

M. SUSMAN
announces the arrival shortly of
MOZES KUSEWICKI
(from Warsaw)
DIRECT FROM THE STATE OPERA OF MOSCOW
Concerts throughout Great Britain
FIRST APPEARANCE IN LONDON EARLY SEPTEMBER
In aid of the Refugee Children's Welfare Fund
MOZES KUSEWICKI
Organiser: M. S. Eisemann
(Details will be announced shortly)

OPERAS AND BALLET

la boheme
" MOST VIVACIOUS PERFORMANCE LONDON HAS SEEN FOR MANY YEARS . . . ARRESTING AND REVEALING FRESHNESS." —*The Observer.*
Tues., Thurs., Sat., at 7 p.m.
STABILE *in*
DON PASQUALE
Mon., Wed., Fri., at 7 p.m.
CAMBRIDGE THEATRE TEM. 6056-3143

Entertainments

Theatre

GRIM FAIRY TALE

Thanks to perfect casting and Walter Rilla's inspired production, "Grim Fairy Tale," a drama of a Thames barge, draws the onlooker down below the melodramatic surface into the heart of human lives destined to tragedy by their very character. Gwennie, the bargemaster's wife, vacillates between devotion to her middle-aged husband and infatuation for his unscrupulous assistant. Passion and murder end in unrelieved horror. The husband, who has his own secret life as the Public Hangman, lives to officiate on his would-be murderer. The production at the Embassy Theatre was a triumph for Edward Chapman in the double role of husband and hangman, and for Leueen MacGrath as Gwennie. Skilful performances came from James Harcourt, Babs Valerie, and Arthur Lawrence.
C.L.

FOUR WEDDINGS

The farcical tangling of the plot of "Four Weddings" and the hilarious unravelling show Mr. A. Lilien to be a skilful writer of comedy. But what raises this above the average Yiddish musical comedy is the unusually apt dovetailing of the music and comedy. The company at Adler Street make the most of the situations, the songs and dances, and do it with an effective speed. The scene is an American seaside resort and the story concerns an hotel proprietor, his relatives, and his staff. Miss Anna Tzelniker is back again and gives a performance of great charm. She has a sure and engaging comedy touch. Meier Tzelniker's many grimaces raise as many laughs.
A.B.L.

WITH OPEN EYES

For those who like strong melodrama set in the otherwise humdrum surroundings of middle-class Jewish life, the London Yiddish Folk Theatre, at the Grand Palais, Commercial Road, offers splendid fare. Dina Halpern, from New York as guest artist for a month, deservedly takes the honours. Hers is a powerful emotional part, that of a young wife betrayed by an erring husband, the discovery of whose infidelity means a shock to her that costs her the sight of both eyes. The title of the play by Malich, "With Open Eyes," has reference to this tragic circumstance. It is not surprising that well-deserved tributes to the star's ability were paid at the opening performance by various Jewish cultural organisations. Dina Halpern undoubtedly is a highly-talented performer, and watching her must be classified as an emotional experience of considerable value. The cast, including producer Mark Markov in the ungrateful rôle of a weak and almost villainous hus-

Entertainments continued on next page

COVENT GARDEN
ROYAL OPERA HOUSE
BALLET THEATRE
(New York)
Evenings 6.45 Mats. Wed Sat. 2.30
Final extension to August 31
"No Ballet lover can afford to miss this repertoire"
Programme Box Office TEM. 7961

CAMBRIDGE (Tem. 6056) STABILE in **"DON PASQUALE"**
Monday, Wednesday, Friday, at 7.0
"LA BOHEME"
"Most vivacious performance London has seen for many years . . . arresting and revealing freshness."—*Observer.* Tues., Thurs., Sat., at 7.0

THEATRES

COLISEUM CHARING CROSS TEM. 3161
Evgs. 6.45. Mats., Mon., Wed., Thurs., Sat., 2.30
Emile Littler presents
A ROBERT NESBITT PRODUCTION
"THE NIGHT AND THE MUSIC"
VIC OLIVER, Jill Manners and 150 Artists

PHOENIX CHARING X ROAD TEM. 8611
Evgs. 7.0 Mats. Wed. Sat. 2.15.
FLORENCE DESMOND in
"UNDER THE COUNTER"
Cyril Raymond Thorley Walters
Glen Alyn
HARTLEY POWER

STOLL Kingsway Holborn 3703
Evgs. 6.30. Mats., Wed., Thurs., 2.30. Saturday 5.45 and 8.30
TOM ARNOLD presents
RALPH READER with his GANG SHOW

ADELPHI (Tem. 7611) Evenings 7. Mats. Tues. and Sat. 2.30 CHARLES B. COCHRAN'S Production, **"BIG BEN"** A light opera by A. P. Herbert Music by Vivian Ellis.

ALDWYCH (Tem. 6404) At 7. Wed. and Sat. 2.30 **"DEAR MURDERER."** "First-rate thriller, tensely gripping."—*Evening News.*

COMEDY (Whi. 2578) Evenings 7 **"THE OTHER SIDE"** By Ronald Millar from Storm Jameson's Novel

DUCHESS (Tem. 8243) Evgs. 7. Wed. Sat. 2.30. RALPH MICHAEL, JOYCE HERON, IRENE WORTH, in **"LOVE GOES TO PRESS"**

EMBASSY (Pri. 2211) 7. Th. 2.30. Sat., 4.45 & 7.45 Sun. Club 7. **"GRIM FAIRY TALE"** Last week Thurs next 7. **"SENSE AND SENSIBILITY"**

GARRICK (Tem. 4601) Ev. 7. Thurs. and Sat. 5.30 and 8.30. BEATRICE LILLIE in a New Revue. **"BETTER LATE"** WALTER CRISHAM

GRAND PALAIS, London Yiddish Folks' Theatre 'Phone: Bis. 2646. Sun. (J.D.S.L.), Mon., Tues., Wed., and Thurs., at 7.30. The American Jewish Star, Dina Halpern (who caused such a sensation in "With Open Eyes") in **"THE FORGOTTEN WOMAN"**

HIPPODROME (Ger. 3272) 6.15. Mats., Wed., Sat., 2.15. Tom Arnold presents IVOR NOVELLO in **"PERCHANCE TO DREAM"**

LYRIC (Ger 3686) Evgs. 7. Wed & Sat. 2.30 Angela Baddeley, Frank Cellier, Emlyn Williams in **"THE WINSLOW BOY,"** by Terence Rattigan

PALLADIUM, Argyll Street (Gerrard 7373) Twice Nightly 6 and 8.30. Mat., Wed., 2.30 Val Parnell's **"HIGH TIME!"**

PLAYHOUSE (Whi. 4788) Commencing Aug. 20 Subs. at 7 p.m. Tues. and Thurs. 2.30 Claude Soman presents **"BALLETS NEGRES"**

PRINCE OF WALES (Whi. 8681) The most discussed play in years. **"PICK-UP GIRL"** Mon., Tues., Fri., 7.30. Wed., Th., Sat., 5.45, 8.20

PRINCES (Tem. 6596) Evgs. 7.0. Wed., Sat., 2.30 **"GAY ROSALINDA"** Tara Barry, Irene Ambrus, Bernard Clifton, Peter Graves

SAVILLE (Tem. 4011) Evgs. 7.0. Thurs. Sat. 2.30 BOBBY HOWES JACK HULBERT in **"HERE COME THE BOYS"**

SAVOY (Tem. 8888) Evgs. 6.30 Mats., Wed & Sat. 2.30 **"THE FIRST GENTLEMAN"** ROBERT MORLEY, Joan Hopkins. 2nd year.

STRAND (Tem. 2660) Evgs. 7. Thurs. 2.30 Sat., 5 and 8. Firth Shephard's **"FIFTY-FIFTY"** HARRY GREEN, Frank Pettingell. "The biggest laugh of the year"—*Daily Herald*

ST. JAMES' (Whi. 3903) Mon., Tu., 6.45. Tu., 3.20 **"MARRIAGE A LA MODE."** Wed., Th., Fri., Sat., 6.45. Th., 2.30. **"THE KINGMAKER"**

ST. MARTIN'S (Tem. 1443) Evgs. 6.45. Sat. 7.45. Tues. Fri. 2.45. HENRY OSCAR in Edward Percy's thriller **"THE SHOP AT SLY CORNER"**

VICTORIA PALACE (Vic. 1317) Evenings 6.30. Saturday 5.15 and 8. Wed. and Thurs., 2.30 LUPINO LANE in **"SWEETHEART MINE"**

WESTMINSTER (Vic 0283) Evgs 6.45 Thurs and Sat., 2.45 **"FRIEDA"** Valerie White "A big emotional experience."—*Sunday Graphic*

WHITEHALL (Whi. 6692) Evgs. 6.30 Th. Sat. 2.30 **"WORM'S EYE VIEW"** Ronald Shiner, Jack Hobbs "Made my ribs ache"—*S. Chron*

CINEMAS

ACADEMY, Oxford St. (Ger. 2981) **"FRENZY"**(A) Swedish psychological drama of adolescence, and John Steinbeck's **"THE FORGOTTEN VILLAGE"**(U. London). Academy Cinema Notes will be sent free for each change of prog. Write, Dept. H, Academy Cinema, 167, Oxford St., W.1

CARLTON, Haymarket Barbara Stanwyck, Van Heflin, Lizabeth Scott in Hal Wallis' **"THE STRANGE LOVE OF MARTHA IVERS"**(A) Weekdays continuous 10 a.m. Sunday open 3 p.m.

CURZON (Gro. 3737) Marcel Carne's **"LES VISITEURS DU SOIR"** 12.50, 3.35, 6.15, 9.5 **"TOSCANINI"** 11.50, 2.30, 5.15, 8.0 Reduced prices, 11.45-1

DOMINION, Tottenham Court Rd. Com. Aug. 11 **"DO YOU LOVE ME"** (Technicolor) (U). Also (wkdys. only) **"JESSE JAMES"** (Technicolor) (U)

EMPIRE, Leic. Sq. (Ger. 1234) Daily from 10 a.m. Sun. from 3.30. Robert Walker, June Allyson, **"THE SAILOR TAKES A WIFE"**(A)

EMPIRE, Mile End Aug. 12. Esther Williams, Van Johnson, **"EASY TO WED"**(A) **"OLD FATHER THAMES"**(U)

GAUMONT, Haymarket Calvert, Portman **"MEN OF TWO WORLDS"** (Technicolor) (A) Com. Aug. 12, **"CONCERTO"** (Technicolor) (U).

GAUMONT STATE, Kilburn Com. Aug. 12 Jennifer Jones, Charles Boyer, **"CLUNY BROWN"**(A) **"JUST BEFORE DAWN"**(A)

GOLDERS GREEN LIDO Aug. 12, 7 days. Barbara Stanwyck, George Brent, **"MY REPUTATION"**(A). Gale Storm, **"Swing Parade of 1946"**(U)

GOLDERS GREEN REGAL August 12, 6 days Charles Boyer in **"CLUNY BROWN"**(A) Warner Baxter in **"JUST BEFORE DAWN"**(A)

LEICESTER SQUARE THEATRE (Whi. 5252) FRED MACMURRAY, ANNE BAXTER **"SMOKY"**(U) in Technicolor 12.05, 2.55, 5.45, 8.35

LONDON PAVILION Cont. daily from 10 a.m. Sundays from 3. THE MARX BROS. in **"A NIGHT IN CASABLANCA"**(U)

MARBLE ARCH PAVILION (Mayfair 5112) PHYLLIS CALVERT, ERIC PORTMAN **"MEN OF TWO WORLDS"** (Technicolor) (A)

NEW GALLERY, Regent Street Com. Aug. 11 Irene Dunne, Rex Harrison, Linda Darnell **"ANNA AND THE KING OF SIAM"**(A)

NEW VICTORIA (opp. Vic. Stn.) Com. Aug. 11 **"Meet the Navy"**(U) Also (wkdys. only) **"Sherlock Holmes and the Secret Code"**(U)

ODEON, Hendon Monday, August 12. Jennifer Jones, Charles Boyer, **"CLUNY BROWN"**(A) Warner Baxter, **"JUST BEFORE DAWN"**(A)

ODEON, Swiss Cottage Monday, Aug. 12. Jennifer Jones, Charles Boyer, **"CLUNY BROWN"**(A) Warner Baxter, **"JUST BEFORE DAWN"**(A)

ODEON, Marble Arch (Pad. 8011). **"CLUNY BROWN"**(A). Last day Sat. Sunday next **"THE STRANGE LOVE OF MARTHA IVERS"**(A) Cont. from 11.45. Suns. 3.30. Restnt. dly. fr. 12

PLAZA, Piccadilly Circus Olivia De Havilland in **"TO EACH HIS OWN"**(A) with Roland Culver, John Lund Weekdays continuous 10 a.m. Sunday open 3 p.m.

RIALTO, Coventry St. RITA HAYWORTH in **"GILDA"** with Glenn Ford, Geo. MacReady At 12.50, 2.15, 5.40, 8.0. Sunday 4.10 and 6.50

SAVOY, Stoke Newington Monday Aug. 12. Esther Williams, **"Easy To Wed"**(A) (Tech.). **"Old Father Thames"**(U). Also **"Buyer Beware"**

STAMFORD HILL REGENT Aug. 12. Michael Redgrave, John Mills, **"WAY TO THE STARS"**(U) James Mason, **"THE SEVENTH VEIL"**(A)

STOKE NEWINGTON VOGUE Sun., Aug. 11 4 days, Barbara Stanwyck, Geraldine Fitzgerald, **"THE GAY SISTERS"**(A). Thurs., Aug. 15, 3 days, Bette Davis, George Brent, **"DARK VICTORY"**(A). Latest screen news in every programme. Prices 1/- and 1/9

STUDIO ONE (12.45-10) Last 9 days Yvette Chauvire **"LA MORT DU CYGNE"**(U) (French) & Gordon Harker, **"29 ACACIA AVENUE"**(A).

SUPER, Stamford Hill Aug. 12, Debora Kerr, **"I SEE A DARK STRANGER"**(A) Frances Langford in **"Bamboo Blonde"**(U)

TIVOLI, Strand (Tem. 5625) Com. Aug. 11 Irene Dunne, Rex Harrison, Linda Darnell **"ANNA AND THE KING OF SIAM"**(A)

TROXY, Stepney (G.-B.) Commencing Aug. 12 INGRID BERGMAN, GREGORY PECK in **"SPELLBOUND"**(A), etc.

WARNER, Leicester Square (Ger. 3423) Ida Lupino, Paul Henreid, Olivia de Havilland, Sydney Greenstreet, **"DEVOTION"**(U). For times of showing see daily press. Sun. open 3.30

SOUND FILM shows on your own premises. Mickey Mouse, etc., for children, all types for adults. Ideal for parties, clubs institutions, etc. Guaranteed fireproof.—Mobile Film Co., 12, Duke Street, S.W.1. (Whitehall 6988, 6640.)

Daily from 1 p.m. **ENVOY** Sunday from 3 p.m.
KILBURN HIGH ROAD, N.W.6 (MAI. 6767)
SUNDAY, AUGUST 11 **FOR SEVEN DAYS**
MICKEY ROONEY ELIZABETH TAYLOR
"NATIONAL VELVET"(U) (Technicolor)
2.10, 5.20, and 8.25. Sunday, 3.35 and 6.50.
JENNY LAIRD
"PAINTED BOATS"(U)
1.10, 4.15, and 7.20. Sunday, 5.40.

Golders Green—ODEON
TEMPLE FORTUNE 'PHONE: SPE. 9741
MON., AUG. 12, FOR 6 DAYS. Last com. prog. 7.20
CHAS. BOYER and JENNIFER JONES in
"CLUNY BROWN"(A)
Showing at 2.35, 5.40, 8.50
ALSO
WARNER BAXTER AND ADELE ROBERTS in
"JUST BEFORE DAWN"(A)
Showing at 1.30, 4.35, 7.40. News, 1.15, 4.20, 7.25

VIVIEN LEIGH
By arrangement with David O. Selznick
CLAUDE RAINS
in BERNARD SHAW'S
CAESAR & CLEOPATRA(U)
in TECHNICOLOR with
STEWART GRANGER
Distribution through Eagle-Lion
Begins at 12.20, 3 5.45, 8.30 **TATLER** Charing Cross Road

Leicester Square Theatre
(WHI. 5252)
FRED MACMURRAY, ANNE BAXTER
"SMOKY" (U)
(in Technicolor)
Continuous from 10.0 a.m.

IF YOU LIKE TO LAUGH: you simply can't miss the brightest, wittiest, "daringest" comedy of the year, gloriously acted by a cast of new and established stars . . .

Robert WALKER
June ALLYSON
The SAILOR TAKES a WIFE
with Hume Cronyn, Audrey Totter, Reginald Owen, "Rochester" Etc.
At 10.0, 12.5, 2.20, 4.40, 7.5, 9.25 (A)
GER 1234 EMPIRE LEIC SQ

BRITISH LION presents
FRANK BORZAGE'S
Concerto (U)
in TECHNICOLOR
PHILIP DORN CATHERINE McLEOD
WILLIAM CARTER. MARIA OUSPENSKAYA
Piano recordings by ARTUR RUBINSTEIN
A REPUBLIC PICTURE

GAUMONT HAYMARKET MONDAY NEXT

STILL RUNNING!
MARX BROTHERS
"A NIGHT IN CASABLANCA"
DAVID L. LOEW PRODUCTION
Directed by ARCHIE MAYO
LONDON PAVILION
At 11.20, 1.50, 4.15, 6.45, 9.10

The fascinating story of Anna who invaded a world more exciting than a dream!
Darryl F. Zanuck presents
20 CENTURY FOX
IRENE DUNNE REX HARRISON
LINDA DARNELL in
ANNA and the KING of SIAM (A)
SUNDAY NEXT
NEW GALLERY Regent Street
TIVOLI in the Strand

ENTERTAINMENTS, continued from p. 19

band are to be congratulated on their first-class support, and in view of the tiny dimensions of the stage, Mr. Markov deserves further praise, for perfect artistic pictures were achieved. A little more restfulness here and there, however, would have been profoundly effective in the excitable kaleidoscope of overcharged emotion. How much more brilliant the light were a little extra allowance given for shade!

F.B.S.

Cinema

FILMS OF THE WEEK

Anna and the King of Siam (New Gallery, Lower Regent Street and the Tivoli, Strand) is a memorable picture. Its intriguing theme has some basis in actual fact: a gentlewoman of the Victorian era really did go out to teach English to the children of the King of Siam and did much more than her mere job—she became a marked influence for ordered progress and enlightened government in a very backward land. Irene Dunne is really fascinating as a young widow faced with all the bewildering perplexities of life in a land of paradoxical stubbornness of outlook. The artistry of Rex Harrison as the king is magnificent. He combines a naive clinging to outworn ideas with a passionate desire to improve upon the ideas of his teachers. And he asks some very awkward questions, too. Supporting rôles are grandly sustained by Linda Darnell, Lee J. Cobb, and by Gail Sondergaard.

The Sailor Takes A Wife (Empire, Leicester Square) tells: often in exceedingly funny fashion, of the pitfalls of a hasty marriage. June Allyson meets and marries Robert Walker all within a few hours. The hero is suddenly discharged from the navy and his troubles begin. June's former employer, Hume Cronyn, was in love with her and has not given up hope, which gives rise to jealousy. But June is also given cause for alarm. In the same apartment house lives a seductive foreign lady, Audrey Totter, who steals most of the acting honours. Then, as is inevitable when a young married couple do not know the first thing about each other, the fun begins. This is an airy trifle but I enjoyed it immensely.

F.H.S.

MRS. NEVILLE LASKI gave an address to the Wembley District Synagogue Ladies' Guild on the aims and work of the Union of Jewish Women. Mrs. Benson presided.

EX-SERVICEMEN AND JEWISH DEFENCE

[COMMUNICATED]

The part that Jewish ex-Service men and women can play in combating anti-Semitism was the subject of a meeting organised by the Association of Jewish Ex-Servicemen at the Adolph Tuck Hall, Woburn House, W.C.

W/Cdr. M. M. Kaye, O.B.E., presided and introduced Major S. Weiser, who, he said, had done fine work by addressing meetings in Hyde Park. Major Weiser appealed to all Jewish ex-Service men and women to unite in the common struggle against anti-Semitism.

Mr. F. A. Renton gave an account of the rise of Fascism and anti-Semitism before the war, and the means taken by the Board of Deputies in organising a defence machine and launching a counter-campaign.

The Chairman, appealing for helpers in the campaign, declared that the Association of Jewish Ex-Servicemen was working in the closest liaison with the Jewish Defence Committee.

HOSPITAL SUNDAY FUND

The following donations from London Synagogues have so far been received by Dayan H. M. Lazarus, the Deputy for the Chief Rabbi, for the Metropolitan Hospital Sunday Fund:—

New West End, £246; St. John's Wood, £196; Hampstead, £163; Central, £103; Golders Green, £60; Finchley District, £57; Hendon, £57; Cricklewood, £50; Willesden, £50; New, £40; Bayswater, £37; Hampstead Garden Suburb, £33; Stoke Newington, £29.

Dalston, £26; Dollis Hill and Gladstone Park, £25; Brixton, £22; Hammersmith and West Kensington, £19; West Ham District, £16; East London, £16; Highgate, £14; South-East London, £10; Upton Park District, £5; Highams Park and Chingford, £5; Catford, £3; Kingsbury, £3; and Poplar Associate, £1.

TO-DAY at 10.45, 1.5, 3.30, 5.50, 8.15 ODEON LEICESTER SQUARE WHI. 6111

JENNIFER JONES · CHARLES BOYER
ERNST LUBITSCH'S
Cluny Brown (A)
with PETER LAWFORD
Produced and Directed by ERNST LUBITSCH
20th CENTURY FOX

PLAZA Weekdays 10 a.m. Sun. open 3 p.m.
PROG. CIRC. WHI. 1574

Gaumont presents
Olivia DeHavilland
"To Each His Own" (A)
with ROLAND CULVER · INTRODUCING JOHN LUND

HAL WALLIS'
"The Searching Wind"
CUTS LIKE A KNIFE AT THE TRUTH!

WARNER
LEICESTER SQUARE
Celebrates the Twentieth Anniversary of Talking Pictures with a Screen Classic—the Story of the Bronte Sisters.
"DEVOTION"
IDA LUPINO PAUL HENREID
OLIVIA DE HAVILLAND SYDNEY GREENSTREET
For Times of Showing see Daily Press

Merle OBERON · Turhan BEY
Night in paradise (A)
in Technicolor
IN THE WEST END SOON

Daily from 1.15 p.m. REX Sunday from 3 p.m.
High Rd., East Finchley (opp. E. Finchley Stn.) TUD. 2233
SUNDAY, AUGUST 11 FOR 7 DAYS
LILLI PALMER, ALBERT LIEVEN, GLADYS COOPER
Stefan Zweig's
"BEWARE OF PITY" (A)
2.40, 5.40, 8.40. Sunday, 4.30, 7.15
EAST SIDE KIDS
"DOCKS OF NEW YORK" (A)
1.30, 4.30, 7.30. Sunday, 3.30, 6.15

"What a Performance!"
WESLEY RUGGLES' presents
SID FIELD
IN HIS FIRST FILM
LONDON TOWN
in Technicolor
COMING SOON

DAVID O. SELZNICK presents
INGRID BERGMAN
GREGORY PECK
ALFRED HITCHCOCK'S
SPELLBOUND.
A SELZNICK INTERNATIONAL PICTURE

MONDAY NEXT AND WEEK
N AND E LONDON
SOUTH LONDON AUG. 19TH & WEEK

2 Great Films on one Gigantic Bill!
MICHAEL REDGRAVE · JOHN MILLS
ROSAMUND JOHN · DOUGLASS MONTGOMERY
in THE WAY TO THE STARS (U)
JAMES MASON
ANN TODD
in SEVENTH VEIL (A)
GFD
at GAUMONT BRITISH THEATRES
MONDAY NEXT AND WEEK N AND W LONDON

All Next Week
N&W LONDON
ABC THEATRES

Barbara STANWYCK
in MY REPUTATION (A)
with GEORGE BRENT
GALE STORM · PHIL REGAN in
SWING PARADE of 1946 (U)
CONNEE BOSWELL · THREE STOOGES

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